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An independent Arab political daily published by the Jordan Press Foundation جوردان تليمز يومية مساسية تصعر بالانجليزية عن المؤسسة الصحفية الاردنية والرايء

### · London contacts Ankara over Nadir's escape

LONDON (AFP) — The British government said Wednesday it had contacted Ankara to try to arrange the return to Britain of disgraced businessman Asil Nadir, who fied Britain Tuesday to Turkish-controlled businessman Asil Nadir, who fled Brithin Tuesday to Turkish-controlled northern Cyprus. According to a Foreign Office spokesman, London contacted Ankara at the same time as British Ambassador to Cyprus David Dain met Turkish Cypriot leader Raouf Denktash. According to Turkish Cypriot radio, Mr. Denktash said after the meeting with Mr. Dain Wednesday that it was "out of the question" to return Mr. Nadir to Britain. Mr. Nadir, 52, a Turkish Cypriot and former head of the bankrupted British conglomerate Polly Peck, arrived in northern Cyprus Tuesday evening aboard a private plane which had taken off from a small airfield near London. The Foreign Office said enquiries were still continuing through the Serious Fraud Office (SFO), part of the Home Office, which is conducting an investigation into Mr. Nadir's activities at the collapsed company. In a statement, the office said it was considering issuing a warrant for Mr. Nadir's arrest. The SFO said that Mr. Nadir, who has duel British-Turkish nationality, had both his passports confiscated as a condition of his release on bail in 1990.

Volume 17 Number 5300

AMMAN THURSDAY-FRIDAY, MAY 6-7, 1993 THU EL QU'DEH 14-15, 1413

Price: Jordan 100 fils; Saudi Arabia 1.50 riyals; UAE 1.50 dirbams

#### **Assad** meets Kinkel

DAMASCUS (AP) — German Foreign Minister Klaus Kinkel Said Wednesday the U.S.pronsored Middle East peace Secies should be based on Palestithan right to self-determination and Israel's right to secure existence. At a news conference after 21/2 hours meeting with President Hafez Al Assad, Mr. Kinkel said wanted peace. "I asked Assad Mankly as to whether I can tell journalists that Syria wants peace. The Syrian president contimed by saying: Syria does not want peace alone but it pins great hopes on peace." Syria's official news agency (SANA) quoted Assad as saying that Syria had always and was still working for a just and comprehensive peace. For this purpose," Mr. Assad continued, "Syria has agreed to the setting out of the peace proand cooperated with its in-

### 

'GENEVA (R) — Japan's Hiroshi
'Nakajima was reelected for a further five years as head of the World Health Organisation (WHO) on Wednesday, foiling an attempt by Western nations to perseat him, diplomats said. They suid member states voted 93 to 58 to confirm Mr. Nakajima's nomination by the U.N. agency's executive board. "He has been reclected," one delegate said.

#### **Sudan defends its** numan rights record

EHARTOUM (AP) — The government refuted charges of human rights violations Wednesday and told a parliamentary German delegation that it protects the rights of all Sudanese. The Gersun delegation, led by Friedrich Vogel, chairman of the human rights and humanitarian affairs committee in the German parliament, met with senior Sudanese officials to discuss the issue of human rights. Bishop Gabriel Roric, minister of state of the Sedanese Foreign Ministry, told the delegation that Sudan protects human rights and guarantees freedom of religious belief. Major General Dominique Kasiano, a member of the ruling Revolutionary Command Council, and other officials, expressed ómilar sentiments.

#### Algiers airport bomb **trial** opens

ALGIERS (AFP) — The trial deened here Wednesday of 55 people accused of involvement in bomb attack which killed nine cople and left 123 injured last August at Algiers airport, court officials said. The government blamed the attack on Islamic fundamentalists. The defendants, except for 25 who are still being sought, appeared before a special court set up in Algiers to handle cases of subversion and terrorbin. Most of the defendants face the death penalty if convicted.

#### **Beirut** may reinstate case against bombers

HEIRUT (AFP) — Lebanese authorities under pressure from Washington have called for reinstating the case against the bombers of the U.S. embassy in Beirut, political and dicial sources said Wednesday. 3. government representative, Nasti Lahood, Tuesday appealed a military court ruling last month that dropped proceedings against 15 suspects in the April 18, 1983 carbombing which killed 63 peonie judicial sources said. Washington was angry when the was dropped and said the move might harm efforts to restore full Lebanese-U.S. ties, according to Lebanese political

#### sources. Mariri winds up **Gulf tour**

DOHA (AP) - Lebanese Prime Minister Rafik Hariri Wednesday wound up a visit to Qatar, where a was agreed to form a joint committee that would concentrate on restructuring housing and infrastructure devastated in Lebenon's 15 years of civil war. Cletar also announced that it was n widing an ambassador to Beirut to effirm the return of normalcy to Lebanon. Bahrain and Oman. which Mr. Hariri earlier visited, also agreed to reopen their carbassies in Beirut, Mr. Hariri visited the United Arab Emirates our his swing. . Shas demand because he needs

# Sharif Zeid's government staying on—for now

### Reshuffle or change put on hold after King's decision against immediate move

By Ayman Al Safadi Jordan Times Staff Reporter

AMMAN — A change of government that was widely expected to take place any time this week has been put off for at least another few weeks after His Majesty King Hussein asked the cabinet of Prime Minister Sharif Zeid Ben Shaker to remain in office for an unspecified period, a senior government official told the Jordan Times Wednesday.

The official, who asked not to be named, said that King Hussein Tuesday asked Sharif Zeid to stay on as prime minister and Sharif Zeid conveyed the King's will to his ministers in a cabinet meeting Tuesday evening, urging them to continue with their work and revitalise it wherever

on hold," another senior offi-

cial said.

Zeid's cabinet was expected in order to allow for the formation of a transitional government to oversee elections for the 12th Parliament, which are to be held later this year.

The Constitution, however, stipulates that a caretaker government should be formed within 45 days before parliamentary elections are held. No date for the elections has been announced yet but King Hussein last week said they will take place "around November."

Even though the King never committed himself to the change of cabinet, cabinet members and other officials expected it to take place due to mostly local pressures pushing for it.

These included Sharif Zeid's reported willingness not to remain as head of government as well as press-"Every thing has been put ure from the 10 members of the cabinet who are deputies and wanted time to campaign The resignation of Sharif for their reelections. Other



members of the Lower House who are not members of cabinet also wanted to see the government changed so that their colleagues would not have the advantage of incumbents as the date for elections

While the peace process and -regional relations are issues which the present government



will have to deal with, the most pressing matters awaiting a decision are a draft law imposing a new sales tax and the elections.

If this government remains in office till the end of May, it would most probably have to implement the proposed sales tax to secure International Monetary Fund (IMF) certification that it is adhering to the economic readjustment programme.

By P.V. Vivekanand

However, the most affected

Jordan needs the certification to succeed in rescheduling foreign debts due for repayment between mid-1993 and 1995.

But while the government has been non-commital on whether a change in the elections law is in the making, cabinet members confirmed that this government will not take any action on any

issues pertaining to the elections. A senior government official said the presence of deputies in the government will create a conflict of interest should this government address the elections

"There is a large interest group in this government," he said. In an interview with Reuter last week, King Hussein said a change in the election law was still under consideration.

Informed sources, however, said any decision on changing the elections law will have to be taken with the consensus of all parties concerned. "Changing the elections law will not be a government decision," he said.

The mechanism for endorsing a change in the elections law, if such a change is to be made, is expected to be taken through a mechanism similar to the one

through which the National Charter was approved in 1991. The King would form a committee representing all political trends and would entrust with the pro-

But while officials confirmed the delay in the change of government, no one would speculate on who would form the one to suc-

"The choice of the prime minister is the prerogative of the King," said one senior official. "I don't think the King has yet made a decision on who will head the next government," said another.

In the uncertainty of who will be the King's choice for a prime minister, speculations about potential heads of government have centred on Chief of the Royal Court Khaled Al Karaki, Deputy Prime Minister Thouqan Al Hindawi, chief Jordanian delegate to the peace talks Abdul Salam Al Majali and Upper House of Parliament member

Marwan Al Qasem. A political analyst who requested anonymity said the choice of the next prime minister will be mainly tied to the decision on whether to change the elec-

If a change in the elections law is forthcoming, it will be opposed by a majority of deputies and political parties who have publicly said that no amendment to the law should be made unless it is endorsed by the Lower, House.

Accordingly, said the analyst, a strong prime minister would be needed and Mr. Majali would be the most likely candidate due to his "strong credentials and power

He said that neither Dr. Karaki, Mr. Hindawi nor Mr. Qasem would be likely to lead the government through the elections if the law is changed.

Sharif Zeid would be the most unlikely to form the transitional government in the event that the government unilaterally decided to change the law because of the impact that would have on his relations with Parliament and other political forces in the country, said the analyst.

"But all that is mere speculation," said a government source. "Nobody knows what the next step would be except the King." said Mustafa Hamarneh, who heads the Jordan Strategic Studies Centre of the University of

### Peace talks extended amid hopes of tangible progress

From Nermeen Murad in Washington

ARAB DELEGATIONS to the Middle East peace negotiations have agreed to extend their stay here for another week during which they are expected to have a joint meeting with U.S. President Bill Clinton and move ahead in negotiations with Israel.

The decision, taken late Tuesday night, came at the heals of reported progress on the Jordanian-Israeli track identified by sources only as an "arrangement of the items of the draft Jordanian-Israeli agenda into working groups."

Very little information was being made available on the nature of these working groups or their names as delegation mem-

TEL AVIV (Agencies) — Prime

Minister Yitzhak Rabin has

pledged to hold a referendum or

general election before Israel re-

turns any occupied territory to

the Arabs, officials said Wednes-

The commitment has made in a

written agreement which enabled

Mr. Rabin to bring the orthodox

religious party Shas with six seats

in parliament into his government

territorial concessions must be-

fore it is signed receive popular

approval either through a re-

ferendum or general election."

the document states. Elections

Officials at the prime minister's

office explained that the commit-

ment concerned only a peace

treaty and not a framework

accord for peace with Arab coun-

Mr. Rabin repeated his com-

mitment to hold a referendum or

election to Shas party leader

Arych Deri, who serves as in-

terior minister, during a cabinet

During the cabinet meeting,

hawks accused doves of under-

mining Israel's negotiating posi-

tion by offering too much to the

During the session, Mr. Rabin

reprimanded ministers who have

publicly advocated complete

Israeli withdrawal from the

Golan Heights to reach peace

with Syria or a greater role for the

Palestine Liberation Organisa-

tion (PLO) in negotiations with

self on the referendum Wednes-

day, the AP said, but he will

eventually have to address the

Mr. Rabin did not commit him-

meeting Wednesday.

Arabs.

Palestinians.

are not due until 1996.

"Any peace treaty involving

coalition last July.

Rabin to hold plebiscite

or polls on returning land

bers here awaited an approval from the Jordanian government The agenda would continue to - of the preliminary development. serve its purpose as a reference The tight lid placed on these

groups, sources insist, are to maintain the integrity of the Palestinian track and not to announce any movement on the Jordanian side in absence of a marked improvement in the Palestinian-Israeli negotiations. Sources who insisted on anony-

mity described the working groups as "a logical breakdown of the items on the draft agenda into operative and practical working

This measure, however, was not seen as one that would replace the agenda as the reference for the talks on the Jordanian-Israeli track but a measure "that takes its reference from the agen-

the party in the coalition to main-

Mr. Den said that for the time

being, Shas would not bolt the

government over the peace talks,

but he was sharply critical of his

"I came to the cabinet sessions

tain broad-based support.

dovish colleagues.

list for plenary meetings of the Jordanian-Israeli track and the

week the Israeli-Palestinian break down into groupings of working teams, the Jordanian and Palestinian negotiating teams are preparing to discuss creating their own joint coordination teams to deal with issues of dual value on both tracks.

The subjects of the meetings of the proposed teams and the mechanism of the coordination will be decided in a meeting between the two sides to be scheduled sometime this weekend.

### Jordanians lose heavily in Baghdad's withdrawal of 25-dinar 'Swiss' notes

AMMAN — Jordanians may goals of the negotiations. While the two tracks — the Israeli-Jordanian and earlier last banking officials said.

have lost as much as \$100 million in boarded Iraci currency following the decision Wednesday of the Baghdad government to withdraw pre-1990 Iraqi banknotes of 25dinar denomination and close the borders for five days to check smuggling, dealers and

by the abrupt cancellation of the banknotes are speculators in the Gulf states, particularly Kuwait. Saudi Arabia and the United Arab Emirates (UAE) (Continued on page 2)

in Gaza

in an angry mood today because of all these remarks by ministers in the last week," Mr. Deri told reporters. "This causes very serious damage to the negotiations, this hardens the psoitions of the Arabs, this creates an atmosphere of a going-out-of-business

Economics Minister Shimon Shetreet of Mr. Rabins' Labour Party also said israel should never leave all the Golan for "security" reasons and said any discussion of total withdrawal was

But devish cabinet colleagues were unimpressed by criticism. Tourism Minister Uzi Baram of Labour said Wednesday he backed full withdrawal from he Golan if the Syrians are ready for a real peace.

Immigrant Absorption Minister Yair Tzaban of the left-wing Meretz bloc said the PLO should eventually be given a greater role in the negotiations as a reward for supporting the talks and bringing the Palestinian delegation back after a four-month break. Mr. Rabin rejects direct PLO

involvement in the negotiations. saying it would push the Palestinians towards more demands. But Mr. Tzaban said he expected changes in the government position on the PLO, adding that "a number of minis-

ters said the government should reexamine its position on this (Continued on page 2)

Israelis shoot 10 Palestinians

OCCUPIED JERUSALEM (Agencies) — Israeli soldiers Wednesday shot and wounded 10 Palestinians during intermittent clashes in the occupied Gaza Strip, Palestinian sources said. The clashes occurred in the Khan Yunes and Jabalia refugee

On Tuesday, three Palestinians were shot dead in the Gaza Strip and 45 others wounded including a child later pronounced clinically

The latest deaths brought to 1,067 the number of Palestinians killed by Israeli bullets since the start of the uprising in December 1987, according to an AFP toll.

Shops remained closed Wednesday for the second day running in the strip to protest Monday's killing of four Palestinians by Israeli border guards. The Israeli army beefed up its

presence in the Gaza Strip which

has been sealed off since March

29, the sources said. Elsewhere, Israeli army explosives experts detonated a powerful bomb on a road used by a patrol in the village of Taqumiya in the southern West Bank, military sources said, adding that it

caused no damage.

Military sources said two Israelis, aged 19 and 17, wereshot and slightly wounded overnight Tuesday by border guards. when they tried to flee after driving up to a roadlock in the village of Attil in the northern West Bank.

### Jordan Times Staff Reporter | Entry of Iraqi currency banned

CENTRAL BANK OF Jordan (CBJ) Governor Mohammad Saced Al Nabuki issued instructions to Jordanian airports and border crossing points ordering them to ban the entry of Iraqi banknotes regardless of denomination with the aim of assessing the volume of Iraqi banknotes out of circulation, the Jordan News Agency, Petra, said. The agency was also informed that the government will exert. every possible effort with the concerned Iraqi authorities to avoid harming the interest of Jordanians owning Iraqi currency.

year, but the volume of dinars in the Gulf remained large. with speculators poised to move in for the kill as and when the international sanctions against Iraq were lifted or even relaxed a bit.

who were believed to have purchased billions of Iraqi di-To a large extent, the speculators appeared to have been nars in old notes, particularly encouraged by their governin 25-dinar bills. Trading in Iraqi dinars in the ments, which obviously hoped Gulf states slowed down after to hasten the economic col-Kuwait imposed a ban against lapse of Iraq by forcing Baghdealing in the currency late last dad to print new banknotes

without any monetary base to meet its people's demands. Jordanians, whose share in the hoarding business was relatively low, Wednesday thronged money-changers in a

frantic bid to get rid of the banknotes, but there were few takers. Several exchanges pulled down their shutters against the tide of customers clutching huge bags of the Iraqi currency while others totally refused to

accept the embattled dinar.

The Iraqi decision to cancel the 25-dinar notes, varyingly known as "Swiss" and European,' which were in circulation prior to the Gulf crisis sparked by the Iraqi invasion of Kuwait in August 1990, was

announced in Iraqi papers. "The 25-dinar note shall be withdrawn from circulation and those in possession of such banknotes have the right to change them for the legally equivalent national currency within a week of the issuance of this decree," said a statement issued by the Revolutionary Command Council and carried by Baghdad papers.

The statement said the closure of the border, which went into effect early morning Wednesday, was to remain in force until Monday midnight. "Arab and non-Arab official delegations with formal business in Iraq as well as Iraqi

(Continued on page 2)

### Arafat, Brotherhood lock horns over peace process

By Mariam M. Shahin Jordan Times Staff Reporter

AMMAN — A heated debate has erupted between Jordan's Muslim Brotherhood movement and Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) Chairman Yasser Arafat over Arab participation in Arab-Israeli peace talks.

A letter the Brotherhood sent to the Palestinian leader urging him to order a Palestinian withdrawal from the on-going peace process was described by the PLO chairman as interference in Palestinian affairs. "I appreciate your concern to

the contents of your message which we consider an intervention in national Palestinian affairs," said Mr. Arafat in a reply, according to Retuers. The Brotherhood's parliamen-

tary spokesman, Ibrahim Khreisat, said that the Brotherhood had sent letters to heads of all Arab governments which are participating in round nine of the Arab-Israeli peace talks urging them to withdraw their respective delegations from the talks.

inform us about your opinion...

but we express our regrets over

(Continued on page 2)

### U.S., Europe pledge \$20m for West Bank and Gaza

ROME (R) — Multilateral talks on Middle East economic issues ended Wendesday with the United States and Europe pledging nearly \$ 20 million in emergency aid for the occupied West Bank and Gaza Strip.

ing session Tuesday that it estimated the reconstruction of the territories Israel has occupied since 1967 roughly at \$ 1 billion. "We had a very successful two days," said Denmark's Alf Jonsson, who chaired the meeting on

holds the rotating EC presidency.

"All regional parties are going back with something for their constituents," Mr. Jonsson told a news conference. "The occupied territories have a whole bag full of money. Forty-four delegations, includ-

The World Bank told the opening ones representing Israel, the Palestinians and major Arab states, attended the talks. On Wednesday, the EC prom-

ised \$2 million and Spain pledged \$ 400,000 to create jobs in the occupied West Bank and behalf of the European Communited States and Italy which on ity (EC). Denmark currently.

(Continued on page 2)

### Russia to send force; Serbs debate peace plan

MOSCOW (Agencies) — Russia told the United States on Wednesday it would send peacekeeping troops to Bosnia if rebel Serbs accepted a U.N. peace plan and implied it would back the use of force if they

refused. The two countries issued a joint statement after U.S. Secretary of State Warren Christopher held talks with Russian President Boris Yeltsin and Foreign Minister Andrei Kozyrev.

They said they were prepared to commit "appropriate military forces of their own to assist in peacekeeping endeavours" if the Bosnian Serbs' self-styled parliament approved the U.N. plan

dividing the former Yugoslav republic into 10 ethnically based

"If it is not accepted and implemented, Russia and the United States will immediately resume discussion of new, tougher measures. No measures are prejudged or excluded from consideration," the statement said.

At a joint news conference after the talks. Mr. Kozyrev spelt out in more detail than before Russia's willingness to send troops to implement the plan devised by mediators Lord Owen and Cyrus Vance.

He said they would play s special role guarding a land corridor linking Bosnian Serb territory

and Serbia itself. "I am glad to be able to reiter-

ate the commitment of Russia to provide necessary troops and monitors to be sure the corridor is safeguarded," Mr. Kozyrev said. In a statement, Mr. Yeltsin said Russia would give "strong support to those who honestly take the path of peace on the

basis of the Vance-Owen plan." But he added that Russia. would not "indulge anyone who left it." He said Moscow expected the Bosnian Serb parliament to show "a sense of responsibility"

and approve the plan. Mr. Christopher is touring European capitals to enlist the support of allies for military mea-

sures against the Serbs if they reject the peace plan at a crucial session Wednesday.

Mr. Christopher later flew on to Brussels for talks with allies. In Sarajevo, Bosnia's Muslim president warned Serb foes to prove good faith with concrete actions before he negotiated to

end a 13-month civil war. Alija Izetbegovic said he had conveyed this stance to Canadian External Affairs Minister Barbara McDougall at talks soon after she arrived in the besieged

capital of Sarajevo. "... I told her we will not enter any further political negotiations

(Continued on page 5)

last week.

### U.S. freezes \$2.1b of 5 countries said aiding 'terrorists'

WASHINGTON (AP) - The government has frozen \$2.1 billion in assets in the United States belonging to five countries accused of sponsoring international ."terrorism," according to a

Treasury Department report. It is the first time the treasury has detailed the assets of foreign governments blocked over the ·years in U.S. accounts. The listing is part of a congressional effort "to do more than just \*\* mbarrass terrorists with a court judgement. We must be able to go after their money," said Senator Charles Grassley, who sponsored the amendment requiring

the report. The treasury breakdown of the known holdings in the United States of the five countries:

- Cuba, \$111 million. - Iran, \$22 million, primarily real estate, blocked since the hostage crisis at the U.S. embassy in Tehran in 1979-81.

— Iraq, \$1.1 billion.

sponsors of "terrorism."

— Libya, \$903 million. - North Korea, \$2.8 million. - The Treasury Office of Foreign Assets Control administers economic sanctions against the five — which are designated by the Secretary of State as state

Syria also bears the state "terrorism" designation, but its \$249 million in assets here are not

While Syria continues to provide support and safe haven to "terrorist" groups, there is no evidence Syrian officials have been directly involved in planning or executing "terrorist" attacks outside Lebanon since 1986, the State Department said in a report

Mr. Grassley said he was disappointed that the treasury report "ignored the issue of assets held by terrorist organisations" in the United States.

Treasury said it is examining an updated list of 39 international "terrorist" groups issued last week by the State Department to determine whether there's "a basis for further action."

The Federal Bureau of Investigations (FBI) says in a report on "terrorism" that "members of certain international terrorist groups have infrastructures in the United States, and some provide financial support to their counterparts overseas.

"This financial support has been developed by various methods such as fund-raisers. money laundering via front companies, and counterfeiting," the FBI report adds.

The State Department report issued last week declared that Iran was the most dangerous state sponsor of "terrorism" in 1992 with over 20 acts attributable to

the government or its surrogates. Iraqi intelligence has resumed sending agents abroad to track opponents of Saddam Hussein, said the State Department. Libya orchestrated mob attacks on the Venezuelan and Russian embassies in Tripoli in April, it said.

Cuba, meanwhile, has sharply reduced financial assistance to the few Marxist insurgencies remaining in Latin America, while North Korea has issued an ambiguous condemnation of international "terrorism," the State Department said. But North Korea continues to harbour hijackers of a Japanese airliner and Cuba hosts Third World leftist militants for study and political training, the

#### S. Arabia denies report

department added.

Saudi Arabia's Defence Minister Prince Sultan Ben Abdul Aziz has denied Iranian reports that he discussed Western charges of "terrorism" against the Islamic republic when he met Iran's ambassador to the kingdom.

The official Sandi Press Agency (SPA) Tuesday night quoted Prince Sultan as saying that he. "did not have any discussion about terrorism with the ambassa-

The Iranian news agency IRNA Monday quoted Prince Sultan as telling Iran's Ambassador in Riyadh Mohammad Ali Hadi Najafabadi that his country believed in the fact that Iran did not pose any threat to either the region or Saudi Arabia."

IRNA said Prince Sultan, a brother of King Fahd and third in line to the Saudi throne, also described charges of Iranian involvement in "terrorism" as "unfounded fabrications and a propaganda ploy."

Prince Sultan told SPA that he discussed with the ambassador preparations for this year's pilgrimage to Meccca, which takes place later this month.

Iran has said it is sending more than 110,000 pilgrims this year and both countries are keen to keep politics out of the Hai and avoid a possible repetition of 1988 riots in Mecca in which more than 400 pilgrims, mostly Iranians, were killed.

### U.N. begins long haul to rebuild Somalia

MOGADISHU (R) — The United Nations began a long haul · towards reconstruction of Somalia Wednesday, having assumed .command of multinational forces in the turbulent African country

- from the United States. . U.S. special envoy Admiral Jonathan Howe told reporters Tuesday, after Washington handed over command of the troops sent in to ensure food aid reached starving Somalis, that the task was "huge and rough."

The U.N.'s job includes policing the country of six million people divided into fiefdoms, rebuilding political structures, the economy, the police, judiciary and repatriating over 400,000 refugees scattered in neighbouring countries.

Turkish General Cevik Bir, who heads the 30,800-strong U.N. force, said he was ready to take on a peace enforcement role unfamiliar to the U.N. —

"We are ready to provide the same level of security as UN-

the south.

ITAD (the U.S.-led Unified Task Force) did. For those in doubt 1 say we are ready to impose peace

on Somalia," Gen. Bir said. The U.N. force is working in a country shattered by a two-year clan-based war.

After the overthrow of dictator Mohammad Siad Barre in January 1991, the euphoria of ousting the hated leader vanished and 15 clan warlords began a bloody bid for power.

The war killed 30,000 and 10 times more people in a famine that followed. Order was only restored after the Americans stormed ashore in December and opened up roadblocks to bring in relief aid for hundreds of thousands of starving Somalis.

Adm. Howe said the U.N. would begin by setting up district political establishments, then regional ones before setting up a central form of authority.

No details have been given of how long the U.N. will remain in Somalia, but political analysts

Teacher kills 4 colleagues in S. Lebanon

'AIN IBL, Lebanon (R) — A teacher armed with an assault rifle

shot dead four colleagues and wounded three at a school in South

Lebanon Wednesday, security sources said. They said Ali Mrad,

40, burst into the administration office at the intermediate school in

the village of Aitaroun and sprayed colleagues with bullets from an

AK-47 assault rifle. Four teachers were killed and three wounded,

they added. Teachers seized Mrad and his weapon. The sources

said he was mentally disturbed and was handed over to police in

Aitaroun, which is inside Israel's self-declared "security zone" in

Iran, Vietnam sign memo of understanding

TEHRAN (AFP) — Iran and Vietnam Wednesday signed a

multi-faceted memorandum of understanding, Tehran Radio re-

ported. The two countries "agreed to cooperate in the fields of

trade, oil and gas transportation, fisheries and cultural exchanges,"

said the radio following a meeting here between Iranian Foreign

Minister Ali Akbar Velayati and his Vietnamese counterpart

Nguyen Manh Cam. Mr. Cam, accompanied by a high-ranking

delegation, also met with Iran's Parliamentary Speaker Ali Akbar

Nategh-Nuri to discuss improving parliamentary ties between their

two countries. The foreign minister's three-day visit to Tehran,

which began Monday, follows a trip to Hanoi this year by Iran's

Deputy Foreign Minister, Abbas Maleki. On Tuesday, President

Ali Akbar Hashemi Rafsanjani said after talks with Mr. Cam that

Iran and Vietnam should help each other with post-war reconstruc-

tion. Mr. Cam promised his country "would take serious steps" to

expand economic and other ties with Iran, the official Iranian news

agency IRNA said. He is the first Vietnamese foreign minister to

TEHRAN (AFP) — Former world heavy-weight boxing champion

Mohammad Ali arrived here Wednesday to visit Muslim holy sites

visit Iran since the Islamic revolution of 1979.

Mohammad Ali visits Iran

said it could be years before the world body extricated itself from

the country. "Just maintaining security and consolidating on that will take some time," an outgoing American analyst said.

"What about setting up political structures, reviving a non-existent economy, returning refugees home and maybe calling an election? It's a long way to go," he

The U.N.'s force in Somalia will attempt to disarm hundreds of thousands of stubborn militias long used to living by the gun. The U.N. has made clear that,

unlike the U.S.-led force which only stopped looting of food for southern Somalia's hungry, U.N. "Blue Berets" will fan out in the Horn of Africa state to try to disarm all groups.

The U.N. will therefore take the controversial step of deploying in northern Somalia. proclaimed an independent state

late spiritual leader Ayatollah Ruhollah Khomeini in southern

Tehran, the head of Iran's boxing federation, Ahmad Nategh Nuri,

told IRNA. Mashhad is Iran's holiest city, the site of the burial of

one of Shiite Islam's most respected religious figures, Imam Reza.

Iranian newspapers said Mohammad Ali — or Cassius Clay, before

his conversion to Islam — may try to mediate between Iran and its

arch-foe, the United States. "For years, Mohammad Ali has been

used to advancing Washington's political objectives in Islamic and

ABU DHABI (AFP) — The United Arab Emirates (UAE) and

Ethiopia Wednesday set up diplomatic relations at an ambassado-

rial level, the official news agency WAM reported. The announce-

ment came after talks here between Ethiopian Interim Prime

Minister Tamirat Laynie and Deputy Prime Minister Sultan Ben

Zayed Al Nahayan. The prime minister, who left after a three-day

visit, discussed economic cooperation and farming as well as

Denktash wins parliament support for talks

ANKARA (R) — The Turkish-Cypriot parliament endorsed Rauf

Denktash Wednesday as negotiator for the Turkish-Cypriot com-

munity in U.N.-sponsored Cyprus talks. A parliament resolution

said it backed the intercommunal talks and reiterated support for

Mr. Denktash's authority as negotiator for about 160,000 Turkish

Cypriots, the Turkish-Cypriot Tak news agency said. Mr. Denktash

last month accused the ruling National Unity party of Prime

Minister Dervis Eroglu of undermining his position in the talks and

threatened to resign as negotiator if parliament did not confirm its

confidence in him. He is president of the breakaway Turkish-

Cypriot state in the north, recognised by Ankara alone. The

international community recognises Greek-Cypriot leader Glafcos

Clerides as Cyprus president. Mr. Denktash is due to meet Mr.

Clerides and U.N. Secretary-General Boutros Ghali in New York

on May 24 to resume stalled talks on a bi-zonal, bi-communal

federal Cyprus. Mr. Eroglu had opposed land concessions to Greek

Cypriots agreed by Mr. Denktash in the U.N. talks, but said

recently that he and his party did not dispute Mr. Denktash's

industrial and tourism investment in Ethiopia, WAM said.

Third World countries," the daily Salam said.

UAE, Ethiopia set up diplomatic ties

MIDDLE EAST NEWS IN BRIEF

by the Somali National Movement (SNM), but recognised by no government.

An SNM official told Reuters Tuesday: "We are a sovereign state, an independent people. Why should the U.N. interfere in our affairs?"

Relief workers say the U.N. will have to address the political and economic issues. Somalia has been without a functioning economy and government since

to maintain the security, but it is the politics and economy of this country that may let them down," said one relief worker. "What do you do to all these

"They (the U.N.) may manage

gun-toting kids? Once you disarm them you must surely create some form of activity for them otherwise you create a vacuum." another added. On the streets of Mogadishu,

some Somalis expressed regret at the Americans'-departure.

#### Peace talks

#### (Continued from page 1)

The teams will deal with Jordanrelated items on the Palestinian agenda and vice-versa.

The two delegations will also decide whether the coordination meetings will be continuous meetings in Amman and Washington or ones which will be limited to parallel meetings to negotiations in Washington.

· Among the issues to be discussed will be banking systems, currency, education and awqaf. Much of the discussion in these teams will be contingent on the agreements between Palestinians and Israelis on the Israeliproposed early "empowerment" in the West Bank and Gaza.

According to Arab sources, early empowerment with a transfer of authority and legislation to Palestinians is different from the early empowerment and the power to issue legislation by an elected body of Palestinian representatives in the occupied territories. According to the sources, the changes on the Palestinian-Israeli negotiations track is that this difference is now open for negotiations and there is a larger possibility of Palestinians gaining the right to take control of primary legislation which is in line with the terms of the Palestinian interim self government

"The Israelis will be careful not to allow the Palestinians control over legislation which gives the impression of a separate state for Palestinians," one source indi-

arrangement (PISGA).

On Tuesday, the Palestinians met for a short plenary meeting with the Israelis after which they broke up into their three working groups of concept, water and land, and human rights.

According to a press release from the Palestinians, the water and land group meeting dealt mainly with establishing United Nations Resolution 242 as a reference point for these talks. The Palestinians also raised the issue of jurisdiction over land and called on Israel to accept dealing with Palestinian territory as one geographic unit, a step which Palestinians believe would lead to more active engagement in negotiations.

In the "concept" group meeting, Palestinians tried to establish the political framework for negotiations-i.e. a declaration of principles to provide the guidelines for such a frame. The Palestinians also stressed the need to carry immediate and free elections in the territories under international supervision.

The human rights group meeting dealt-mainly with expulsions. prisoners and detainees, family reunification and indiscriminate

Agencies add: Palestinian spokeswoman Hanan Ashrawi said on CNN television late Tuesday: "For the first time there is a real seriousness in terms of approaching the issues without preconditions, in terms of not trying to exclude subjects that are

of a difficult nature." "At the same time I think the whole atmosphere in terms of Israeli practices on the ground has improved because of the beginning of the reversal of the issue of deportation. In addition to a working plan that is perhaps more substantive and pragma-

Palestinian delegates deplored killings of Palestinians by Israeli soldiers in the Gaza Strip, but did not turn the issue into a crisis. "All this has, of course, a negative effect on the negotiations," chief Palestinian nego-

tiator Haidar Abdul Shafi said

Tuesday. "It reduces the credibil-

ity of the negotiations." Colette Avital, Israel's consul general in New York, also sounded positive about the Israeli-

Palestinian talks. "We feel also that after many months of pre-negotiations, we finally got into the stage where the issues are being discussed where you do not touch any more upon ideology, but where there is a new sense of pragmatism," she told CNN.

The United States wants the peace talks to run as nearly continuously as possible.

"We would like to try to keep it going continuously, or eliminate the concept of rounds, because if you call them rounds it requires everyone to make decisions to come or not," a senior administration official said.

He said experience of other negotiations suggested that a rhythm of three weeks of talks followed by one week for delegations to consult their political leaders had proved productive. Israeli sources also said a tenth round of talks was scheduled to

open June 6 in Washington, lasting three weeks. Israeli-Syrian discussions have remained deadlocked over the question of the Golan Heights.

The head of Syria's delegation, Monaffak Allaf, said late Tuesday that Arab delegates felt that despite the seriousness of the talks, "the results up to now are falling well short of what was hoped and the promises that were

Palestine delegation head Faisal Husseini said Wednesday be expected progress next week in the peace talks.

He told the BBC that there had been "serious meetings, some serious discussions" since the ninth round of talks began. Mr. Husseini said if the current

headway continued "next week will be a week of progress." However, if the question of East Jerusalem is not solved, "it can cause a real problem for the

whole peace process."

### U.S., Europe pledge \$20m for Palestinians

#### (Continued from page 1)

Tuesday, pledged \$ 14 million and \$3 million respectively. The aid promises were in response to the Palestinian delegation's request for an emergency fund to ease hardship in the occupied territories, whose bor- multilateral negotiations. ders were closed by Israel more

than a month ago. The EC additionally pledged \$ 6 million to pay for studies and other technical support for the

economic talks. The Rome talks considered proposals for development projects in transportation, tourism, agriculture, finance and trade. Both Israel and the Palestinians said they were satisfied with progress made at the third round of talks of the working group on economic development. It met previously last October in Paris

and a year ago in Brussels. "We think this meeting is a step in the right direction," said Palestinian delegate Mohammad Shtayyeh, who added there was "increased recognition" that the economic problems of the occupied territories were a high prior-

"The general summary from our point of view is positive, said David Kimche, co-chair of

the Israeli delegation. The economic talks are part of the larger Middle East peace process that includes the bilateral Arab-Israeli talks in progress in Washington.

There are four other multilateral working groups on arms control, environment, water re-

sources and refugees. Lebanon and Syria did not attend the Rome talks. They have called for more progress in the bilateral talks before joining the

The World Bank is to present at the next meeting its final report on a study of economic needs in the Middle East, with a special focus on the occupied territories. In a preliminary report on Tuesday, the World Bank said there was "substantial need" as much as \$ 1 billion - to repair

#### occupied territories. Rabin

roads, hospitals, sewer systems

and other infrastructure in the

#### (Continued from page 1)

Tourism Minister Uzi Baram said the PLO was playing a "positive role" in the peace talks. Israel would in the end have to

negotiate with the PLO, Mr. Baram told the cabinet meeting. Mr. Baram also supported a total Israeli withdrawal from the Golan Heights in exchange for total peace with Damascus.

"I would be very pleased if Israel reached the same agreement with Syria as with Egypt. even at the cost of total withdrawal from the Golan, Mr. Baram told Voice of Israel radio after the cabinet meeting.

### Arafat, Brotherhood lock horns

#### (Continued from page 1)

"Chairman Arafat appears to think that the issue of Palestine concerns the PLO alone while in reality it is an Arab and Islamic concern," Mr. Khreisat told the Jordan Times Wednesday.

Amman and Tunis-based PLO officials appeared unaware of the written communications between the Brotherhood and Chairman Arafat. "I will ask him if he has been in touch with the Brotherhood here," said Palestinian official Abbas Zaki. The PLO information office in Tunis also was unaware of the exchange of messages. "We are not aware of a dialogue between the two sides, said the director of the PLO information office in Tunis, Jamil,

The Brotherhood said Wednesday that it would publicise the contents of Mr. Arafat's letter once they had drawn up an official reply and would release the two letters Saturday during a press conference.

The Brotherhood, Jordan's most organised political group, has opposed the peace process reasons, are said to be supporters

its members would agree to join ? the cabinet of any government involved in the peace process.

The Israeli expulsion of 415 Palestinians in December was a cause picked up by the Brotherhood in Jordan. The group argues that as long as the exiles are not returned in accordance with U.N. Security Council resolution 799

> no Arab party should return to the peace talks. The Brotherhood, however, does not support the peace talks veven if the 396 exiles are re-

When the PLO decided to sanction Palestinian participation in round nine of the peace talks the Islamic Resistance Movement Hamas and subsequently the Brotherhood attacked the deci-

Hamas is the Palestinian wing of the Muslim Brotherhood and the two groups are known to have the same political agenda in their respective communities.

Most of the exiles, 19 of whom have been repatriated for health since it began. It has said none of of Hamas.

### Jordanians lose heavily

#### (Continued from page 1)

government officials are exempt from the closure," an official at the Iraqi embassy

Jordanian officials declined comment on the Iraqi move, pointing out that it was a "sovereign decision of a fore-

ign government." "The measure has come within the context of the authority of the Iraqi government, and as such we have no comment," said Mohammad Saeed Al Nabulsi, governor of the Central Bank of Jordan

On the impact on the withdrawal of 25-dinar notes move on Jordanians. Dr. Nabulsi noted that as a policy the CBJ discourages people from speculating in any currency.

"We have issued warnings to exchangers in the past not to speculate in any currency, particularly Iraqi dinars in one instance but it was a different situation," Dr. Nabulsi told the Jordan Times, recalling that the CBJ had to adopt the

action last year when moneychangers were seen indulging in speculating in Iraqi dinars or encouraging people to do so with hopes that the Iraqi currency would sooner or later regain its pre-crisis value.

Dr. Nabulsi said he could not say how much Jordanians might have lost after Wednesday's Iraqi measure, but most money-changers and banking officials estimated the loss to be not less than \$100 million.

"Almost every second person in Jordan seemed to have been holding Iraqi dinars," said Marwan Al Alami of Alami Exchange Company. "I was one of those warning everyone against dealing in Iraqi dinars, but few people paid any potice."

The "Swiss" or "European" notes used to fetch a higher rate of exchange in Jordan than the so-called, crude "askari" (military) notes printed by the Iraqi government to meet local needs in the wake of the Gulf crisis when the British government refused to fulfil an earlier contract to

print Iraqi banknotes. The reasoning for the higher value for the "Swiss notes" was that the Iraqi government could withdraw the "askari" notes when the situation returns to normal but not the European-printed currency. But, as things turned out, Baghdad, long known for its unpredictability, opted for just

the opposite direction.

In theory, those in possession of the "Swiss notes" could get them exchanged for new notes from Iraq's Rafidain and Rashid banks in Baghdad until May 10, but the closure of the border effectively precludes this option for holders of the currency outside the country (in any case, travellers into Iraq were only permitted to carry less than 2,000 Iraqi di-

The withdrawal of the 25dinar notes ("Swiss" notes of 10-dinar and five-dinar notes remain valid) followed a series of Iraqi government measures aimed at shoring up its beleaguered economy.

On Monday, it imposed a fee of 15,000 Iraqi dinars on every Iraqi wishing to travel

10:15 ..... Riyadh (RJ)

11:40 ...... Colombo (RJ 18:30 ..., New York, Amsterdam (RJ

19:30 ..... London, Berlin (R.) 20.00 ...., Bangkok, Calcutta (RJ)

20:00 ..... Timis, Casablanca (RJ)

20:50 ..... Athens, Larnaca (RJ) 21:16 ..... Romc (RJ)

40:59 ..... Abu Dhabi (RJ

Other Flights (Terminal 2)

13:38 ...... Muscat, Abu Dhabi (GF)

14:00 ...... Riyadh (SU)

18:00 ..... Dubai (EM)

21:45 ..... Cairo (MS)

outside the country. Although less than \$200 in the black market, the fee represents a major hurdle for most Iraqis,' who also have to pay black market prices for foreign currency needed for travel.

Iraqi economy has been steadily losing steam after the imposition of the international sanctions, which deprived the country of oil revenues, its mainstay income, of an estimated \$15 billion a year. Food subsidies, a key means

adopted by the government to keep people's frustrations under check, are believed to cost Baghdad upto \$100 million a month. The subsidised food meets upto 40 per cent of an average Iraqi family's need, and the total imported food needs of the country of 18. million people are estimated to cost \$250 million a month,

Recent reports said Iraq was selling its gold reserves — estimated to be worth \$5 billion prior to the Gulf crisis --- to raise foreign currency to pay for food imports and maintain, the subsidies after the government's pre-crisis reserves within the country and outside had

#### and meet Iranian officials, the news agency IRNA said. The U.S. boxer will visit the eastern city of Mashhad and the tomb of Iran's

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PRAYER TIMES

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CHURCHES St. Mary of Nazareth Church Swelfield Tal. X10740 Assemblies of God Church, Tel, St. Joseph Church Tel. 624590. Church of the Annunciation Tel, De la Salle Church Tel. 661757 Terrasancia Church Tel: 622366 Church of the Annunciation Tcl.

Anglican Church Tel. 625383, Tel. Armenian Catholic Church Tcl. Armenian Orthodox Church Tel. St. Ephraios Church Tci. 771751. Amman International Church Tel.

Evangelical Lutheran Church Tel:

· The Church of Jesus Christ of Latter-

Day Saints Tel. R23R24 and 654932.

Church of the Nazarene Tel. 675691.

### WEATHER

Bulletin supplied by the Department of Meteorology.

It will continue to be cold, partly cloudy to cloudy and rainy at times. In the afternoon, a slight rise in temperatures will take place. Winds will be northwesterly gusty. In Aqaba, it will be dusty and partly cloudy, with scattered showers of rain expected at times, and winds will be northerly fresh and seas wavy.

	Min./max.	temp
Amman		6/1
Aqaba	1444	15/2
Descris		211
Jordan Valley		9/2

### Yesterday's high temperatures: Am-

authority to negotiate.

man 14. Agaba 28. Humidity readings: Amman 75 per cent, Aqaba 28 per **USEFUL TELEPHONE** 

NUMBERS

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Or. Bahjat Bader ,,, Or. Ahmad Yousef	., 786
Or, Mohmoud Al Abbadî Or, Mahmoud Al Hindi	778
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Al Asema pharmacy .....

Dr. Ali Al Shuqair'i ..... (-)
Al Quds pharmacy (-)

Najib pharmacy ...... 847632

ZAROA: Dr. Abdul Karim Khashashneh .. (-) Khalifch pharmacy ............ 985417 EMERGENCIES

Civil Defence Department..... 661111

JORDAN TIMES DAILY GUIDE AND CALENDAR

Civil Defence Immediate
Rescue
Civil Defence Emergency 199
Rescue Police 192, 621111, 637777
Fire Brigade 891228
Blood Bank
Highway Police 843402
. Traffic Police 896390
Public Security Department 630321
Hotel Complaints 40000
Hotel Complaints 605800
Price Complaints 661176
Water and Sewerage
Complaints 897467
Amman Municipality
Complaints
Telephone Information
Telephone Information (directory assistance) [2]
Overseas Calls 010230
Cantral Ametric Takahana
Central Amman Telephone
Abdali Telephone Repairs 623101
Abdan Telephone Repairs 661101
Jordan Television

Radio Jordan	774111
Water Authority	680100
Water Authority	815615
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Palestine, Suncisari	664171/4
Shmeisani Hospital	669131
University Hospital	845845
	667227/9
Al-Mussher Hospital	666127/37
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Al-Abli, Abdali	664164/6
Italian, Al-Muhajreen	777101/3
Al-Bashir, J. Ashrafich	775111/26
Army, Marke	891611/15
Queen Alia Hospital	602240/50
Arnal Hospital	674155
ZARQA:	
Zarqa Govt. Hospital	(09)98332
Zarqa Govt. Hospital Zarqa National Hospital	(09)900560
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#### lbn Sina Hospital ..... (09)986732 Al Hikma Modern Hospital ...... (09)990990 Princess Basma Hospital .. (02)275555 Greek Catholic Hospital (02)272275 Ibn Al Nafees Hospital (02)247100 AOABA:

#### FOR THE TRAVELLER QUEEN ALIA INTERNATIONAL AIRPORT

This information is supplied by Royal

Jordanian (RI) information depart-

Princess Haya Hospital .... (03)314111

ment at the Queen Alia International Airport Tel. (08)53200-5, where it should always be verified. ARRIVALS Royal Jordanian (RJ) Flights (Terminal 1) 66:66 Singapore, Knala Lumpur (RJ) 66:15 Sanaa (RJ)

49:45 ..... New Delhi (RJ) 10:15 ..... Cairo, Aqaba (RJ)

DEPARTURES Royal Jordanian (RJ) Flights (Terminal 1) 47:15 ..... Beirut (RJ) 12:15 ...... Rome (RJ) 12-15 ..... Larmaca, Athens (RJ) 12:15 ..... Montreal, Toronto (RJ) 13:00 ..... Paris (RU) 13:15 ..... London (RJ) 18-30 ..... Abu Dhabi (RJ) 21:30 ...... Jeddah (RJ) 21:45 ..... Bahrain Doha (RJ) 22:40 ..... Dubni, Muscat (RJ) 22-45 .... Koala Lumpur, Jakarta (RJ) 23:00 Damascus (RU)

other Flights (Terminal 2) 06:55 ..... Damascus, Paris (AF)

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Cabbage ...... 70 / 40 Canliflower ..... 250/ 180 Cucumbers (large) ...... 120 / 80 Cocumbers (small) ...... 240 / 180 Gartie ...... 260 / 200 Lemon ...... 580 / 500 · Marrow (large) 90 / 50 Marrow (small) 150 / 100 -Pepper (hot) 450 / 350 / 200 / 150 / 210 160

Tomato ..... 520/ 300 Spirach ..... 250 / 200

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of March 1993, the total number of citizens benefiting from the Social Security Corporation (SSC) Law in Jordan reached .700,000,-and JD 519 million of -their premiums collected by the .corporation are now invested in Jordanian projects.

The news was announced by an official SSC spokesman who said part of the collected funds is kept in interest-bearing bank accounts, but a major portion is being invested in agricultural, "Tourist, services, housing and other socio-economic projects in the country to increase SSC's

revenues. · The SSC, which became operational at the start of 1980, is "conducting its work through 13 offices in various governorates. coffering services to beneficiaries and their dependents, the spokes-

man said. All institutions employing five persons or more are required by law to join the SSC, but indior farms, can join the SSC plan, provided they pay the full pre-

The SSC law is designed to injuries, illness and unemployment, he explained.

But provisions such as security To date 25,925 workers or their

monthly pension, which combined, amounted to JD 48.367 million at the end of March 1993, added the spokesman. Also by the end of March, he

compensation to 153,712 work-

### Torrential rains drench the north

By a Jordan Times Staff Reporter

AMMAN — Rain of unexpected intensity drenched the northern and central parts of the country Wednesday as a result of a depression which was centred over southern Syrian and Northern Iordan.

The Department of Meteorology said that Ras Munif, near Ajloun in the North received 18 millimetres of rain by noon Wednesday, and Irbid received

an estimated 14 millimetres. Accompanied by relatively high winds blowing at the average rate of 65 kilometres per hour, the depression caused a drop in temperatures, of about 10°C: the highest temperatures was registered in Amman at 14, said department spokesman Jamal Al immensely from the rain.

He said that the rain will taper off Thursday noon, but temperatures will not rise above 17°C.

Khamasinic conditions which triggered the depression and the subsequent rain Wednesday are expected to dominate the region again starting Friday, when temperature will rise to 23°C, and Saturday when they are expected to reach 30°C, said Mr. Mousa. By the weekend, humidity will diminish, giving way to dusty and hazy weather, which could continue through Sunday, he added.

ducted in June. But, he added, trees, summer vegetables and fruits will benefit

Agriculture Minister Fayez

Khasawneh told the Jordan

Times that rain at this time of the

year could delay the harvesting of

lentils and wheat, normally con-

### 11-fold increase in cars raises road accidents

AMMAN (J.T.) — The rise in the number of road accidents in Jordan is mainly attributable to the 11-fold increase in the number of vehicles in the country in 20 years, says a bulletin released Wednesday by a special committee that prepared the current

Traffic Week celebrations. According to the bulletin, the number of vehicles in Jordan rose from 27,000 in 1971 to 270,000 in

Last year road accidents numbered 20,000 killed 338 citizens and injured 11,000 said the bulle-

The figures were released as Traffic Week celebrations were observed in Irbid Wednesday, where a general ceremony was addressed by Deputy governor Khalaf Mahasneh, who emphasised the need for better road conditions and vehicle mainte-

Mr. Mahasneh also stressed that parents and schools can play a major role in spreading traffic safety awareness among children who, he said were the main vic-

tims of road accidents. Irbid Mayor Sami Irsheidat called on the concerned authorities to re-examine city planning and traffic rules with a view to improving road conditions and enacting new road use rules for different types of vehicles.

According to the mayor, most of the victim of road accidents in Irbid governorate last year were children under 10 years of age.

Between 1985 and 1992, a total of 18,037 people were either killed or injured on Jordan's roads, the mayor said. The first day Traffic Week was

observed Tuesday, in Amman, at ceremony held at the Royal Cultural Centre (RCC) under the patronage of Interior Minister Jawdat Al Sboul.

Several citizens representing government and private institutions and the Amman Municipality were presented awards by Mr. Sboul, in recognition of their efforts towards reducing road accidents or for close cooperation with the Traffic Department.

### Israel still has more concessions to make — former U.S. senator

His Majesty King Hussein Wednesday receives at the Royal Court former U.S. Senator George

ment is a new attitude in the

region and a source of encourage-

ment. As opposed to the past, he

maintained, today all parties are

interested in a settlement. He

added that the challenge remains

to reconcile the different terms

"If that analysis is right, this is

for peace.

By Stephanie Genkin Special to the Jordan Times

AMMAN — His Majesty King Hussein Wednesday received former U.S. Senator George McGovern at the Royal Court.

The Iordan News Agency, Petra, reported that King Hussein and Mr. McGovern discussed the peace process and means of pushing it forward in order to arrive at a just, lasting and comprebensive peace settlement and achieve stability in the region.

At a press conference later,

Senator McGovern said that although Israel believes it has made substantial concessions to the Palestinians by allowing the return of 30 deportees expelled after 1967, Israel still has more concessions to make at the negotiating table.

Mr. McGovern listed numerous concessions made by the Palestinians, suggesting that one Israeli gesture does not even-up the score.

The Palestinians, said Senator McGovern, have compromised on the formation of the Palestinian delegation and the terms of negotiations. They have also recognised the existence of Israel as a state, accepted UN Resolutions 242 and 338 and renounced the use of terrorism, he added,

"They (the Palestinians) have made one concession after another," said the senator who hopes to see more flexibility on the part of Israel as the peace

talks continue in Washington. Senator McGovern is on a three-week tour of the region as president of the Middle East Policy Council, a non-profit thinktank aimed at informing and educating the American public on a wide array of regional issues.

With the resumption of the peace talks, and U.S. President Clinton's declared commitment to a settlement, Mr. McGovern is optimistic that progress is within

"With the Middle East peace talks resuming, there is reason to believe - not today or tomorrow - concerted effort will lead to a settlement," he said. The senator pointed out that the desire for a peaceful settle- U.S. Assistant Secretary of State Middle East will decrease the for Near Eastern Affairs Edward extremists. Islam is a religion that the

U.S. government respects," adding that a distinction needs to be made between militant and progressive brands of Islam. "To build it up into some great, all-consuming threat would be a mistake," he added.

tion, as extremism does in any

According to Mr. McGovern.

religious extremism occurs when

think that their government isn'

doing anything to solve their

problems. "You see it (extrem-

ism) in Northern Ireland too," he

Attributing much of the re-

gion's extremism to the unre-

solved problem of Palestine.

people get to a point when they

other region in the world.

very important time we are passing through," he said. Although he condemned those But Senator McGovern's posiforces which seek to obstruct tive outlook was not at the exnegotiations and progress, he said pense of pragmatism. that in some societies "fun-Stressing the importance of damentalism may even be an

added.

concessions, he added that "no improvement." one will get 100% of what they During his comments on the peace process, the former senator stems from a climate of despera-

reiterated the Clinton administration's commitment to continue to play the part of the "honest broker" as well as assuming the role of "full partner" to further the negotiations. Although some have suggested

that full partner status may entail change in the U.S. participation, he explained that the terms are "a semantic difference, rather than a difference of fact.'

Refuting the claim by some that Islamic "fundamentalism" is new "boogeyman" replacing the U.S. fear of international Communism, Senator McGovern reiterated a recent statement by popular appeal of the Islamic

McGovern who is currently visiting Jordan (Petra

Just how the Clinton administration will handle its conflict with Iraq was not exactly clear from the former Senator's statements. He did support President Clinton's gestures to depersonalise the animosity between the two leaders, which he noted was largely responsible for the brutal eight-year Iran-Iraq war.

He expressed the hope that President Clinton will continue to distance himself from the personal vendetta approach, which he suggested characterised former Senator McGovern was careful President Bush's attitude to Iraqi to diagnose the root of Islamic President Saddam Hussein. extremism, explaining that if

"It will be easier with him at some point to reach an agreement with the Iragis than the previous administration," Senator McGovern said.

Uncertain when the U.N. would lift the embargo against Iraq, Senator McGovern said that Iraq must abide by all U.N. resolutions before it can bope to change its current state of isola-

"The U.N. might take steps to pull Iraq back into the family of nations," he said.

Senator McGovern asserts that a "However, Saddam Hussein settlement to the Palestinian doesn't make this easy," he plight, as well as social, economic, and political progress in the added.

### JTA office markets Belgian official to ask EC to \$.5 m in Sudan

-AMMAN (J.T.) — The Jordanian Trade Association (JTA), which opened a trade office in Khartoum, last November it has marketed \$ 500,000 worth if Jordanian products in Sudan in

washing machines, tissue paper,

carbonate, garments and pesti-

tocol, signed in 1991.

Centre — 6 p.m.

**VIDEO SHOW** 

Video show of the press con-

ference held by the Presiden-

tial Council of the Iraqi

National Congress (INC) at

the Washington Foreign

Press Centre on April 30.

The video show will take

place at the USIS auditorium

at the American Embassy at

11 a.m.

form joint information office full enforcement, says ICRC

By Elia Nasrallah Jordan Times Staff Reporter

The JTA recently reached an AMMAN — Belgium's Minister for External Trade, Robert Urbain. Wednesday concluded his official visit to Jordan by announcing his decision to propose to the European Community (EC) in Brussels the creation of a special information office to jointly serve the business interests of Belgian and Jordanian

traders and businessmen. The information office, which would follow the pattern of those opened by the EC for the benefit of Tunisia and Czechoslovakia, would serve as a data base offering information to businessmen on import/export and investment ral Centre.

prospects, Mr. Urbain said in a statement to the Jordan Times before leaving on a two-day sightseeing tour of the country.

businessmen are expected to be- stressing the need for officials in nefit immensely from the information office and increase the volume of their trade with Belgium and the EC countries.

President of the Amman Chamber of Industry Khaldoun Abu Hassan said in a statement to the Jordan Times that he was going to Brussels next week in order to follow-up on his talks with Mr. Urbain, as well as the Belgian official's talks with the government and the business sectors that ended in the signing of minutes Tuesday evening.

Mr. Urbain, who Wednesday headed for Petra and Agaba, and he was deeply impressed with Jordan's diligent efforts in pursuing its democratisation process. He expressed hope that the talks and the exchange of visits by businessmen from Belgium and Jordan would open more avenues

for trade links and economic

cooperation. Mr Urbain and Minister of Industry and Trade Abdullah Ensour signed the minutes of the He said that Jordanian talks held over the last two days. the private and public sectors of both countries to promote trade

links and increase Jordanian ex-

ports to EC countries. The minutes provide for closer cooperation between the two sides in agriculture, tourism, energy and mineral resources.

The two ministers, who conducted the talks at the head of a joint economic commission. announced that Jordan would take part in the annual tourism exhibition in Brussels where Jordan plans to open a permanent tourist office.

They also announced plans to amend their agreement on air transport, which would allow the national carrier, Royal Jordanian (RJ), to increase its flights to Brussels from two to four per week and permit the airline to pick up passengers from Brussels enroute to Canada.

# Humanitarian law requires

By Lima Nabil

The meeting, called to discuss "the implementation of humanitarian law," also focused atten-

16 delegates from Arab states and the Israeli-occupied Arab territories took part in the meetings

Zuheir Shalli, who represented the United Nations High Commissioner for Refugees in Tunis delivered a lecture on the question of deportation of citizens and refugees which focused mainly on

Dr. Tawfiq Bou Aish spoke on pants.

the ICRC activities in dealing with victims caught in armed conflicts and on ICRC relief work. The participants discussed and recommended the formation of

war criminals, adding that many governments were abusing the international humanitarian law. The Geneva Conventions, pro-

### WHAT'S GOING ON

#### **EXHIBITIONS**

🛱 Exhibition of photographs from Jordan by Arsian Ramadan at the Circassian Society, 7th Circle.

Close-up photograph exhibition entitled "Intimate Petra" by Paula Williams-Brown and original embossed, handpainted prints by Rima Farah at the Gallery, Inter.Continental Hotel.

\* Art exhibition entitled "The Legend of Petrs II" by artist Suha Shoman at the National Gallery for Fine Arts. Art exhibition by Jordanian

artist Ahmad Nawash at the

French Cultural Centre. \* Art exhibition by Syrian Artist Yousef Abdelke at Al Balka'a Gallery, Al Fuheis

\* Art exhibition entitled "Fragments: Weavings and Works on Paper" by Kevin A. Hinch and Margaret M. Hluch at the American Centre. Save the Children Designer

Showease: Exhibition of rugs, quilts, cushions, wallhangings, picture frames, lamp shades, leather handbags, canvas tote bags, natural olive oil soap, collector's dolls, food, embroidered fashionwear, baskets and seating; all manufactured by the Bani Hamida and the Jordan River Designs projects. The exhibition is at a new building next to the Business Bank, between Mukhaharat Bridge and the Prime Ministry (4th Circle),

Queen Noor Street. \* Exhibition of contemporary Japanese posters at the Royal Cultural Centre.

Exhibition of posters at the Goethe Institut.

BALLET Ballet by Al Ahliyya School for Girls at the Royal Cultu-

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### vis victims of civil strife. Special to the Jordan Times Five ICRC representatives and

AMMAN — The activities of the International Committee of the Red Cross (ICRC) in events and conflicts occuring in the Middle East, Bosnia-Herzegovina, Somalia and Afghanistan were among the main topics discussed by an ICRC-sponsored meeting

in Amman over the last two days. tion on Red Cross activities vis-a-

which opened in Amman Tues-

the Palestinian refugees and ex-

an international tribunal to try

viding for protection of civilians in armed conflicts, failed to include the imposition of penalties on combatants who disregard international laws, said the partici-



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Ali Jabri **Ammar Khammash** Al-Sharkiyoun Cubeisy Lamasat Lester Haven Marceile Naber

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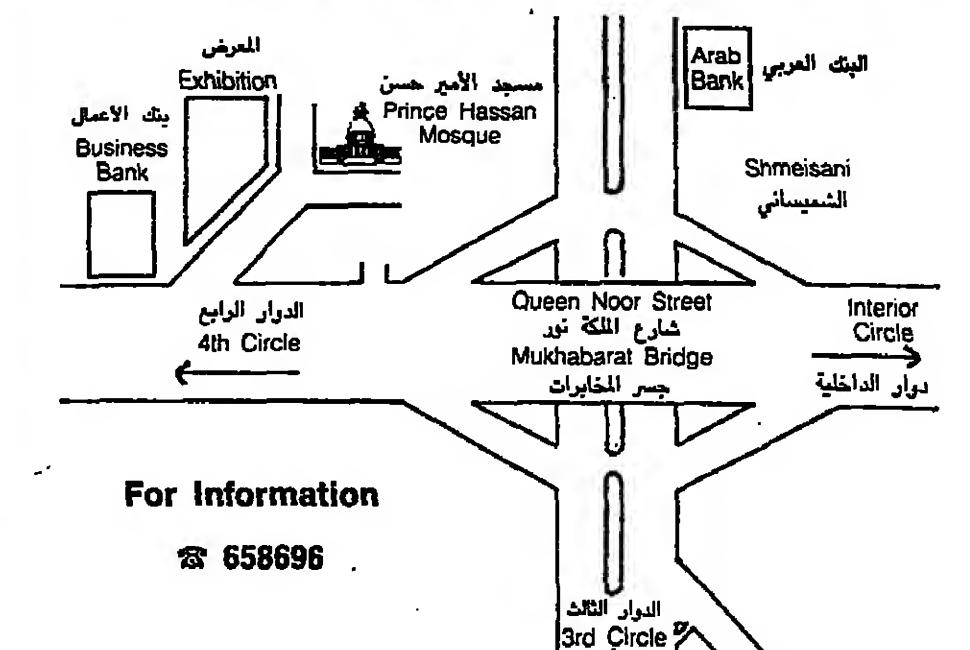
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miums as required by the SSC law, noted the spokesman. provide protection and security to workers during their retirement, or in cases of death, occupational

against unemployment, he said are not yet applied by the SSC law in Jordan, adding that its is hoped that in the coming years the law would be applied in full. dependents are receiving a

said, the SSC had paid lump sum ers, totalling JD 61.22 million, and it paid JD 6.475 million to cover the cost of medical treatment for injured workers. viduals running their own

announced here Wednesday that

only two months. Considering this efforts as a major achievement, Halim Abu Rahmeh, head of the JTA Amman office, told the Jordan Times that in the last two months Sudanese importers have either placed orders for or already taken delivery of Jordanian products that include paints, gas cookers,

plastic bags, syringes, computer paper rolls, car filters, calcium

agreement with the Arab Bank Ltd. to offer Jordanian exporters special credit facilities to finance trade with Sudan, outside the provisions of a Jordanian-Sudanese trade protocol, said Mr. Abu Rahméh.

The Bank of Jordan is currently responsible for settling payments and offering facilities to Jordanian exporters within the Jordanian-Sudanese trade pro-

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Editorial and advertising offices: Jordan Press Foundation,

University Road, P.O. Box 6710, Amman, Jordan.

Telephones: 667171/6, 670141-4 Telex: 21497 ALRAI JO Facsimile: 661242

The Jordan Times is published daily except Fridays. Subscription and advertising rates are available from the Jordan Times advertising department.

### A place for scholars and rights

THE MEETING of Muslim scholars under the auspices of the Royal Academy of Islamic Civilisation Research (Al al Beit Foundation) to discuss Muslim rights could not have occurred at a more opportune time. With only a few weeks left before the convening of the World Conference on Human Rights in Vienna, there is a pressing need for the Islamic World to come up with a coherent stand on human rights that could serve as a basis for a common Islamic stance in Austria.

With the North and South still deeply split on the agenda and objectives of the Vienna conference, our Muslim countries have a rare occasion to contribute to the success of the international human rights forum. Many efforts were made in the past to spell out the real position of the Islamic Nation on contemporary norms of human rights. There is little doubt that an enlightened interpretation of the Holy Book and a reasonable construction of the Hadith and Al Qiass would put the Islamic World at the forefront of the community of nations in their pursuit of more progressive human rights guidelines and standards. Before the Islamic peoples and countries can perform that mission, however, they need to get together and agree on where their faith stands.

We take it that the current meeting in Amman, under the chairmanship of His Royal Highness Crown Prince Hassan, aims to do just that, even though the extent of the representation in it appears to fall short of: the desired goal. It would have been more useful for the mandate of this meeting to have had more scholars and imams from the rest of the Islamic World present and participating. But a broader based gathering can be convened soon on the strength and achievements of the current mini-Islamic gathering, then the universality of the message of the current forum can be further advanced. The important thing is to get the deliberations on Islamic perception of human rights rolling as of

now, especially on the eve of the Vienna conference. On top of the list of issues that Islamic scholars need to address is equality between the sexes, pluralism and parliamentary forms of government. On socioeconomic levels, Islamic teachings are more clearcut. It is sufficient to recall in this vein how Islam fosters and promotes competition, and at the same time shuns monopolies, in order to realise how advanced Islamic standards in this field really are. Social security occupies a prominent place in Islamic jurisprudence and can be highlighted as evidence of the progressive teachings of Islam. Still such topics, as well as issues pertaining to civil and political rights, call for continuous, more concerted efforts to make the world better understand Islam's stance on human rights. We thus hope the Amman meeting of Muslim scholars will provide the right contribution to achieve that goal.

### **ARABIC PRESS COMMENTARIES**

AL RA'I Arabic daily Wednesday dwelt on the outcome of the parliamentary elections held recently in Yemen and said that any 'e world can only be a victory for democrac welcome development for the Jordanian people. The parliamentary elections in Yemen, said the paper, mark the beginning of the Arab Nation's serious efforts towards democracy and freedom enabling the Arab masses to take control of their own destiny. We are certain that democracy will come out victorious no matter how hard reactionary forces tried to impede its progress, and we are sure that the only way for the Arabs to dispose of the problems that have been plaguing their lives for so long can come through democratic rule, said the daily. It said that millions of Arabs have been suffering for decades as a result of the repression and terrorism exercised by their ruler, who have been depriving their people of freedom and free expression and a share in shaping their own future and destiny. Gone is the age when the Arab masses were driven like sheep to the slaughter house, and the time has come for the Arabs to live the age of democracy which can end repression, curruption and terrorism, stressed the paper. The paper said that democracy, which started in Jordan, has found its way to Yemen, and will extend to the other Arab states.

A COLUMNIST in Al Dustour daily bitterly criticised a decision. taken by the government of Kuwait to build a fortified trench extending 150 kilometres along the borders with Iraq. Though the Kuwaitis realise the fact that such a trench can by no means provide the aspired defence against any Iraqi attack in the age of; technology and rockets, the trench is to be built at the advice of the United States which had obviously persuaded the Kuwaiti rulers to set it up, said Saleh El Qallab. The writer expressed belief that American companies are to build this trench which will cost \$120 million. The project is clearly intended to benefit American companies and not to provide protection for the Kuwaiti regime in the face of an all-out conflict in the region, he' added. The writer said it was obvious that the former U.S. president, who launched aggression in Iraq, was behind this idea to ensure some gains and benefits for his country's construction firms. Hostilities among nations can never last, and the closure of borders among Arab states can never help the rulers of Kuwait to achieve their evil ambitions, said the writer. Barbed wires, mines, trenches and other barriers, he added, were futile and achieved nothing for the countries that had built them in the past, nor will they be useful to others in the future.

# The birth of Israel — a calamity for Palestinians

By Pascal B. Karmy

As Israel celebrates the 45th anniversary of its birth this month, few people in the West realise or try to understand how Israel was born. Put bluntly. Israel was born on the bodies and skeletons of Palestinians and on the rubble of Palestinian villages, towns and homes which were savagely destroyed by the Israelis. Suffice to mention a few examples: the massacres of Deir Yassin, Qibya, Kafr Qassem and Sabra and Shatilla, which were perpetrated before and after the creation of Israel.

A Holocaust Memorial Museum was opened in Washington D.C. a few weeks ago to commemorate the killing of the Jews in Europe during World War II, as if they were the only people who were brutally killed, tortured and persecuted during the same period. As human beings, we Palestinians sympathise with the Jews of the world for the suffering they endured during World War II. But it is indeed ironic and strange that some of those Jews who suffered at Nazi hands are brutalising the Palestinians the same way the Nazis did

After independence, Palesti-

nians must build a martyrs monument to commemorate their holocaust at the hands of Israel. After 1948 a heated debate took place between the Israeli ambassador to Canada and the well-known British historian, the late Arnold Toynbee. During the debate, the ambassador asked Toynbee how he could compare or equate the Jewish holocaust of World War II with the massacres of Deir Yassin and other places in Palestine. Toynbee replied without hesitation that there was a difference between them in quantity but not in quality.

The Palestinians have been victimised by the brutal Israeli occupation of Palestine in 1948 which uprooted them from their homeland and expelled them to become refugees in the neighbouring Arab countries. In 1948 when Israel became a reality, 780,000 Arab Palestinians were dispossessed and expelled. They number now over four million in the diaspora. Even the 150,000 Palestinians who managed to remain in Palestine after the 1948 war and became Israeli citizens were harassed, discriminated against and subjected to harsh military authority and rule. It was

only after 1966 that Israel abolished some of the military rule restrictions imposed upon the Palestinians of Israel.

At that time, that is to say before 1967, some Israeli and Zionist leaders tried to use them as "hewers of wood and carriers of water" as quoted in their Old

came under occupation in 1967, besides their harassment, torture and the destruction of their homes and expulsion of their leaders. Israel has tried to eradicate their Palestinian identity and culture, to dehumanise them and consider them a merely tolerable nuisance. . From among the

"In 1948 when Israel became a reality, 780,000 Arab Palestinians were dispossessed and expelled. They number now over four million in the diaspora. Even the 150,000 Palestinians who managed to remain in Palestine after the 1948 war and became Israeli citizens were harassed, discriminated against and subjected to harsh military authority and rule."

Testament of the Bible. When this failed, they called for their "transfer". a euphemism for expulsion. Although Israel's official policy is against such transfer, in their heart of hearts the Israelis. or the majority of them, wish this

transfer would take place. As for the Palestinians who

thousands of possible examples of identity and culture-related harassment. I think two from Professor Edward Said's book "After The Last Sky" are particularly illustrative. Fathi Gubein, an Arab, Palestinian artist from Gaza, was given a six-month prison sentence for using black,

green, red and white (the colours of the Palestinian flag) in one of his colours. An exhibition of Palestinian Arab Culture at Al Najah University in Nablus earned the school four months

Had it not been for Palestinian resistance and endurance, Israel would have obliterated Palestinians from existence as a people and from the history books. Presently, and despite the current peace negotiations, Israeli occupation authorities are subjecting the Palestinians to the most brutal methods to stem their resistance, but have utterly failed.

The international community should be reminded that at the Lausanne Conference, which sought in 1949 under the aegis of the United Nations to settle the Palestine problem, including that of the refugees, Israel refused to budge from its intransigent position; it refused to make any of the desired concessions on refugees and boundaries. President Truman, who was an ardent supporter of Israel, sent a note to Israel on May 29, 1949 through his ambassador, James G. McDo-

nald, which was critical of Israel's attitude at the conference. The note interpreted Israel's attitude as dangerous to peace and as indicating disregard of United Nations General Assembly resolutions of Nov. 29, 1947, regarding partition and boundaries. and of Dec. 11. 1948, concerning the return of the refugees. The note further reaffirmed insistence that territorial compensation should be made for territory taken in excess of the Nov. 29, 1947 resolution and that tangible refugee concessions should be made now as an essential preliminary to any prospect of general sertlement.

Will Israel heed the advice of President Truman, as outlined in the above-mentioned note, in conjunction with the subsequent Security Council Resolutions 242 and 338? The current bilateral and multilateral negotiations between Israel and the Palestinians will test the intentions of Israel on whether it is prepared to withdraw from occupied Arab territories and to give the option to the Palestinians to either return to their homeland or to be compensated as was resolved in U.N. Resolution 194 of Dec. 11, 1948.



### Israel, Palestinian-less, finds little work is getting done

By Clyde Haberman

OCCUPIED JERUSALEM — Sergei Krakovsky took it personally when Prime Minister Yitzhak Rabin talked the other day hard-labouring Zionist origins.

Scornfully, Mr. Rabin spoke of "a culture of idleness" that he said had developed among Israelis, a problem much discussed here since Israel sealed off its occupied territories nearly a

"Lacking enough work where they lived, they trooped across the pre-1967 borders to take backbreaking jobs in construction and agriculture that Israelis increasingly refused to go near. The Palestinians often received appreciably less than the Israeli minimum wage, now set at about \$2.50 an hour."

month ago. With few Palestinians now able to get to work in Israel, tens of thousands of farming and construction jobs have gone beg-

ging.
There are "freeloaders," Mr. Rabin said, among the 11 per cent of Israelis who are unemployed, and he said he knew how to deal with them. Indeed his government began pushing a bill through parliament that would require jobless people under the age of 35 to accept any position offered them at employment offices or else lose their state

benefits. At 23, Mr. Krakovsky falls into

this vulnerable category. A Moscow-trained economist, he emigrated to Israel two years ago but has yet to find the right job. about returning the country to its. As he sees it, forcing him to take any kind of work, just because it is there, makes no sense either for him or for his new country. And he certainly is no freeloader.

> "I feel I can do something good for Israel if I can work in my profession, not in something else," he said on a visit to an employment office in Jerusalem. "New immigrants are not lazy. We want to work. We have something to contribute - but in our

> Regardless of who is right on the jobs bill, the prolonged shutdown of the West Bank and Gaza Strip, keeping as many as 120,000 Palestinans from their jobs and spreading hardship throughout the occupied territories, has forced Israelis to come to grips with their work habits. As they began celebrating the 45th anniversary of their nation's creation, many were far from happy with what they had discovered.

> After the 1967 war, Israel grew reliant on - critics would say addicted to - Palestinian labourers from the newly acquired territories, whose own economic fate became intertwined with Israel's by a combination of happenstance and Israeli design.

Lacking enough work where they lived, they trooped across the pre-1967 borders to take back-breaking jobs in construction and agriculture that Israelis increasingly refused to go near. The Palestinians often received appreciably less than the Israeli minimum wage, now set at about \$2.50 an hour.

Across Israel, construction sites have been silent for weeks. Crops have spoiled, and flowers have died in greenhouses, revealing graphically the extent to which the land was tilled and the cities were built by Arab labour. "I can't live with it — as a Jew or as an Israeli or as a Zionist,"

Labour Minister Ora Namir said. Israel, she said in an interview, has made "a big mistake" by linking the economies of the terri-

tories and Israel proper, for it has produced different classes of workers and, she said, a situation in which Jewish business people often deny "just wages" to Palestinian labourers.

Not all Israelis are as troubled by their work patterns as she is. Many argue that Israel is no different from West European countries, which also have high unemployment rates yet must im-

"The output of a Jewish worker is approximately 20 per cent of the output of an Arab. The cost of the Jewish worker is 80 per cent higher. With Jewish workers, damages. Picking isn't picking, and isn't spraying spraying. They aren't used to working hard."

port labour because their own people will not accept jobs deemed to be short on pay, status and opportunity. It is especially pointless, they say, to force recent immigrants from the former Soviet Union like Mr. Krakovsky to take jobs that squander the higher education and technological skills that many brought with them.

"We put a lot of emphasis on going forward," said Rivka Bar Yosef, a sociologist at Hebrew University in Jerusalem. "Asking people to accept cheap labour goes against what we were fighting for from the founding of the state, and it is asking them to

regress, financially and socially." Nonetheless, Mrs. Namir said the government was committed to kicking the habit of cheap

Arab labours. She hopes to begin on a relatively modest scale by replacing 20,000 Palestinians with Israelis before year's end, using higher wages as a lure and enforcing labour laws that tended to be ignored when Arabs were in-

It is not an insurmountable

challenge, other officials said,

pointing out that Arabs from the West Bank and Gaza had accounted for only 6 per cent of the Israeli work force. But that overlooks the Palestinians' importance in key sectors: They made up 50 per cent of the force in construction and far more than that in agriculture, where it was not unheard of for them to be paid as little as \$8 or \$9 a day. So dominant were they that in their absence, Israeli employers have lost millions of dollars in just a few weeks. Quick-fix attempts to bring in Jewish replacements, including soldiers and volunteers from the United States, worked spottily at best. And in one news article after another, Israeli farmers and builders have complained that the Jewish workers they manage to find are not nearly as competent or hard-working as the Palestinian regulars.

"Jewish work is something stand by," Haim Kabir, an Israeli farmer in the Gaza Strip, told the magazine Ha-Olam Hazeh. But he added: "The output of a

Jewish worker is approximately 20 per cent of the output of an Arab. The cost of the Jewish worker is 80 per cent higher. With Jewish workers, I have damages. Picking isn't picking, and spraying isn't spraying. They aren't used to working hard."

Israeli building contractors are so worried about their prospects that they asked the government to allow in 20.000 Palestinian labourers immediately, or at least to permit the importantion of 10,000 Thais, Poles and other foreigners who would help train Israelis in construction. Acknowledging the problem, the government has opened the door a crack for some 13,000 Palestinians from the territories, most of them for farm work - New York Times,

### LETTERS

### Congratulations!

To the Editor:

I have travelled to Amman many times on vacation and I found the country to be among the best in the world in most issues ranging from hospitality, open-mindedness and respect for human dignity to true and unconditional love.

Jordan is perhaps one of the few developing countries in the world today where everything works and people are absolutely honest. The cities and rural areas are very tidy. And tourist centres like Aqaba, Mount Nebo and Jerash, to mention but a few, make Jordan a place to visit for vacation.

I would like to take this opportunity to congratulate His Majesty King Hussein on the 40th anniversary of his assuming constitutional power. The King is the most pragmatic leader ever seen in any developing nation.

> Dr. Samuel I. Ibemdi, P.O. Box 867. Natick, Ma 01768, U.S.A.

### The price of human rights

The headline of a Reuter story on Iraq that appeared in your issue of May 4 should have read "Iraq adds new twist to U.N. Resolution 660" (on sanctions against Iraq) instead of "Iraq restricts foreign travel to prop up dinar." Travel, one of the few basic human rights remaining for the Iraqi citizen, now costs 15,000 Iraqi dinars. I am not an economist, but I cannot help wondering what the impact of the gold/golden/gold-guilded, horse-drawn carriage; made especially for the birthday celebra-tion of the Iraqi president on April 28, had on the value of the

The moral of my letter, I think, could be: Human rights can be bought for the right fee.

> Samira Freaka, Amman.

### Frustrating news

To the Editor:

As one of the regular readers of your daily newspaper, I can not but bow in respect for the marvelous job your people are doing to ensure the issuance of a first rate English daily. However, the effort made by such dedicated staff is sometimes

thwarted by the poor quality of typing/cutting and in rare cases by the tiny fonts used in some articles.

To support my argument, I refer to the Monday (May 3, 1993) issue of the Jordan Times, and in particular to pages three and four where the lead story on page three and the editorial were sacrificed at the alter of wrong cutting. And this is not the first time such a mishap has taken place. It tends to become a regular feature. Therefore, may I ask you to kindly remedy the situation, particularly as the Jordan Times is the only English language daily in the country.

> J. Azzeh, Amman.

### Spare our planet

To the Editor:

The Jordanian Society for the Control of Environmental Pollution (JSCEP) and the Friedrich-Naumann Foundation of Germany are covering environmental issues and trying to bring them to the attention of the public in as many ways as possible. One such way is a photograph competition of local environmental problems.

The previous competition, the Environmental Posters Competition, showed creativity and depth of meaning. Realistic, vivid images portraying the explosive effect of lack of consideration to our mother nature were portrayed in silent pictures.

The photography competition's aim is to increase the Jordanian people's awareness of the environmental problems. Participants of all ages are invited to participate in capturing still life that reveals the injustice we bear against our mother earth.

I sincerely hope that this coming photography contest and all future activities will receive the support towards a cleaner and healthier tomorrow.

> Reem Bsaiso, Amman.

The Jordan Times welcomes letters and contributions from its readers on any subject they wish to tackle. Letters intended for publication, however, should contain the writer's full name and preferably address as well. Names can be withheld only upon request and under special circumstances. Letters are subject to editing. The newspaper is not responsible for the return of unused manuscripts.

### Swedes, Danes and Norwegians love to hate each other

By Lars Foyen

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1760.

are all tall and blonde, speak similar languages and live in a hig happy welfare society tucked away in snowbound northern Europe,

But any Swede, Norwegian or Dane will testify that the stereotype of one homogenous and happy Scandinavian family just isn't

For despité indisputable similarities, the Scandinavians jealously guard their distinct national characters resulting in uneasy regional love-hate relationships.

The differences surfaced earlier this year when Thor Pedersen, interior minister in Denmark's former Conservative-Liberal government, joked that he wished he could send the army to prevent the Swedes fram reopening a controversial nuclear reactor across the wa-

ter from Copenhagen. Swedish Prime Minister Carl Bildt responded with a serious protest. The Danish

media concluded gleefully that while Swedes can be proud of their Volvo curs. they lack a sense of humour.

Swedish Defence Minister Anders Bjorck rehabilitated dented honour by threatening to invade with "surstromming", a foul-smelling national fish dish, and a Danish newspaper sent reporters to place smelly cheese at the reactor.

Former Danish Prime Minister Poul Schlueter tried to smooth things over by

"In my experience the Swedes do have a sense of humour. But each country has its national soul and although the seuse of humour in both countries is on a very high level, they are not the

The row led to a debate in the Danish media alout the similarities and differences, by Denmark's Ritzau News A panel of experts has asked Denmark's Ritzau News

Agency to give its views. They concluded the Swedes were formal, efficient

and rather melancholy, with a tendency to see theniselves as role models for the world. Norwegians were seen as

ever-cheerful. naive, adventurous, autdoor people. Danes were characterised us excessively fun-loving individualists, who unlike the Swedes, hate rules and regulations.

Per Egil Mjaavatn, head of a Norwegian centre for paediatric research, said the difference could be seen in the attitude towards child : accidents, more frequent in Norway than in Sweden.

"When a Danish child falls and gets hurt, he is given comfort and love. In Sweden. a committee is established to explore how such accidents can be prevented in the future. In Norway, the child is told to get on his feet and stop crying.

History explains some of the tensions.

The Swedes and the Danes fought for Nordic hegemony for centuries, but it was Stockholm which emerged victorious by winning what is

now southern Sweden from Denmark, and besoming the effective rulers of Norway.

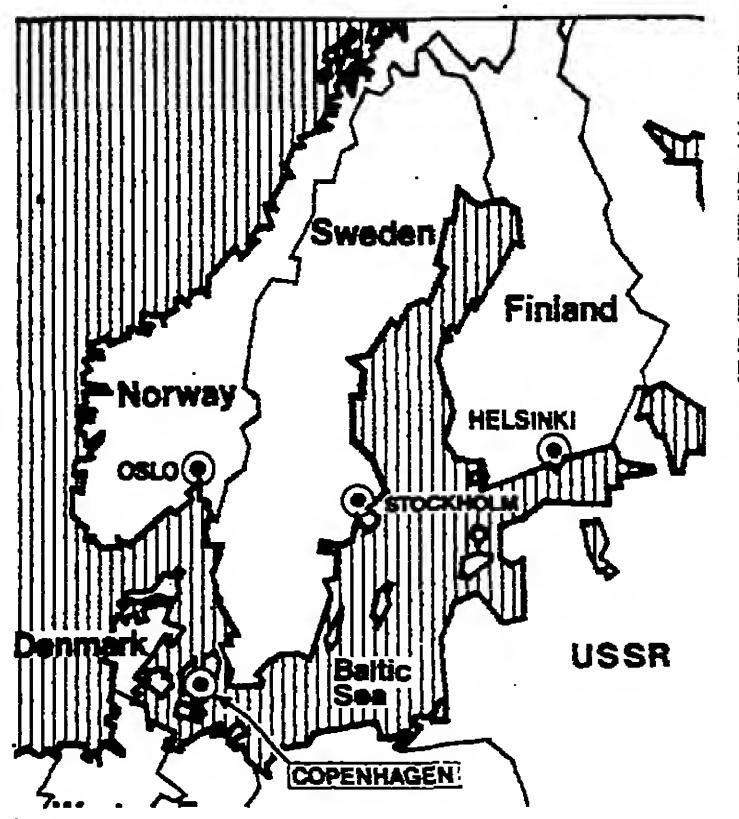
Norway did not achieve full independence until the turn of this century and there is nothing Norwegians lave more than beating the Swedes at sport. The Swedes in turn like to portray Norwegians as stupid in so-called "Norway jokes".

The similarities between the three countries dominate. All have Lutheran state churches with low attendance rates but the Protestant influence is revealed in a work ethic and social responsibility reflected in cradle-to-grave welfare states,

There is also a trend towards permissiveness in Sweden and Denmark — the standard-bearers of the sexual revolution.

Norwegians are prudish about pornography and homosexuality but share a relaxed view of pre-marital live-in arrangements.

Foreign visitors are perhaps most struck by the



contrast between Denmark's continental drinking habits and the temperance-inspired nolicies in Sweden and Nor-

The inflight magazine of Scandinavian Airlines (SAS). the airline of Sweden. Demmark and Norway, said the attitude of cabin crews illustrated the difference. On a morning tlight, a Danish calini crew will serve

a bitter liquent with the breaktast, a Swedish ciew will provide the drink only it a passenger asks for n. while a Norwegian crew nught try to talk the passenger our of drinking so early.

The Diary, in the continued absence of its regular writer Nermeen Murad, is, in a sense, turning more inwards. It is increasingly concentrating on problems faced and posed by the Jordan Times, for instance, instead of giving headaches to strange politicians and public figures in faraway places. More than at any time before, the Diary is focusing on the press and media — the motto being credibility starts at (or close to) home. Let us show you what we mean:

FIRST, BAN ON JOURNALIST: Jordan Times staff reporter P.V. Vivekanand, who doubles as chief sub-editor (the same as front-page editor), was invited by the Ministry of Information to attend the celebrations at Marka on Sunday marking the 40th anniversary of the His Majesty King Hussein's assumption of his constitutional powers. But, as things turned out, someone hungled somewhere and Vivekanand was ordered out of a bus carrying journalists to the celebrations and barred from attending ? the event on "security grounds." It remained a mystery by Wednesday evening why Vivekanand, an Indian national who has been working for the Jordan Times since 1980 and : has attended dozens of similar events and had interviews = with the King as well as His Royal Highness Crown Prince Hassan, was singled out for such a treatment. The newspaper has naturally protested to the Royal Palace and we are still waiting to hear the reasons behind the ban on our colleague. But that is only one side of the attain. The other side is the fact that despite the availability of hundreds of photographs of the celebrations, the only is photo that appeared on the front page of the Jordan Times. on the second day was that of the King and the Crown Prince along with Her Royal Highness Princess Survath Now, Vivekanand argues that the humiliation he suffered at the hands of the security forces at Marka had nothing to do with his decision to use only one picture. He says he was so much short of space in the paper that he had no choice but to "go for the best I had, and that was the one which appeared." A close look at the structure of the paper and the nature of the stuff he had to handle that particular day supports his argument. Never mind the option that was available to him to add two more pages to accommodate more of the beautiful photos that came out of the celebrations. That option was not viable, since it would have delayed printing of the newspaper for another successive night. Only the night before, distribution of the Jordan Times was greatly hindered due to the special supplement that we produced on the occasion of the King's anniversary, evoking in the process loud protests from our ... readers and the management. One thing remains to besaid. It was truly a pity that the ban on Vivekanand was enforced by one branch of the same apparatus organising the celebrations, which, needless to say, were great and impressive and truly reflective of the Kingdom's achievements and progress under the leadership of King Hussein. It is a sorry state of affairs when everyone tries very hard to make a success of something, only to have someone else, somewhere down the line, screw up and cast a shadow on an occasion which, for all practical and technical purposes. was truly a national occasion of joy and jubilance.

**☆☆☆** 

SECOND, PRESSURE FROM THE INSIDE: While we'. don't yet know whether the ban on Vivekanand had anything to do with "freedom of expression," the idea of the freedom to express onself was indeed a key theme in a letter that we received from Mr. Mahmoud M. Al. Rasheed, complaining about an advertisement by a restaurant discotheque offering free beer as part of a promotion effort. In that letter, the writer said the following: It is a well known fact that advertising represents . a major source of revenue for any newspaper. The freedom of expression under the law guarantees the right to advertise is another well known fact. But to advertise that a specific place in Amman is extending an open invitation to the general public to come and drink all the beer they can. for free and for a long period of six hours every Monday night, is an ad that deserves more than a moment to stop and think on behalf of all of us. Seductive ads like this one have serious consequences for the entire society and should ... be stopped for the following reasons: (1) It will encourage... more young men and women to drink more alcoholic beverages, especially those who cannot afford to drink. under the normal circumstances, where drinking should cost them money. (2) Drinking late at night will have other .. social costs and financial costs to society, such as broken homes, automobile accidents, etc. and certainly more alcoholics. Such an extra waste is something we do not need, or do we? (3) Even in the "civilised" Western countries, ads like this one are prohibited. And recently, even half price sales of alcohol during the so called "happy hour" have been stopped, due to the rising number of traffic accidents and deaths. Based on all that and on my strong belief that the Jordan Times is a socially responsible. newspaper which does not allow itself to be blinded by mere financial gains from ads like this, I feel strongly. encouraged to write you this note, which I hope you will be able to publish. Thank you. Needless to say that the powerful message that Mr. Al Rasheed included in his letter has reached home. The Jordan Times does not make much money from advertisements anyway. And we can do. away with a few extra beers.

JUST A FILLER: While we are on the subject of alcoho: and advertising, we have to mention the story of the Jordan Cigarette and Tobacco Company, which used the occasior of Sunday's celebrations at Marka to gain some publicity for itself, something it has been denied in the media by law. The company's tableaux vehicle was indeed remarkable, i. only because of the lavish advertisements for its various brands of cigarettes. A rather small price to pay, we think particularly that millions of Jordanians were watching the celebrations on live television.

#### \*\*

BACK TO BUSINESS OF NEWSPRINT: The Jordan Times fare. badly again with its readers last week, but this time it was becaus of shortage in newsprint. Uncertainty over the availability o newsprint in the wake of recent U.S. Navy interception of a vesse. carrying newsprint to Aqaba had led all Jordanian newspapes to sound the alarm belis. But as would be expected from a smanewspaper like ours, we had to carry the dirty end of the stick Leftover newsprint from the Al Ra'i press was used to make the. Jordan Times. As a result the newspaper, for nearly 10 days appeared with uneven cuts depriving readers of reading mater. that they otherwise would have enjoyed or found useful. Th good news is that a ship carrying newsprint has just arrived a Agaba, and we hope that the problem of paper and printing i solved once and for all,

### In Japan, sharing a home but nothing else

By Yuri Kageyama The Associated Press

TOKYO — Two electric rice cookers sit side-by-side in the kitchen, symbols of how far apart Takashi Uehara and his wife Ritsuko have grown in 17 years of marriage.

They live more as grudging roommates than husband and wife: They do their cooking 25 cleaning and laundry separately. They have not had sex in more than two years.

'Some people have told us our relationship is pathetic," Mr. Uehara said. "They can't understand why we're still together."

Even though they exchange barely more than perfunctory greetings on most days, Mr. U.hara said he did not think he could bear living

Instead of a divorce, the

Ueharas chose a living arrangement common in Japan, where loveless marriages often end in stalemate rather than separation.

As Japanese women become better-educated and are exposed to Western ideas of equality, they marry later, have fewer children and chal-Enge traditional marital roles as a second of the

Mr. Uehara said, for example, that the living arrangement he and his wife had was "a result of our choice to try to confront our equality."

Because family and social structures lag behind the trends, more and more couples opt for "in-house" separations that keep up the appearance of marriage long ufter the emotional bonds have dissolved.

Such "Katei-nai rikon" or, "in-family divorces" —

may be a major faction in keeping Japan's divorce rate at the consistent, low figure of about 1.3 per 1:000 couples, or 160,000 divorces. The U.S. ratio in 1990 was 4.7 per 1,000, or 1.2 million

No official figures are available for "in-family divorces,": but they are common.

divorces.

In some cases, the husband uses a job in a distant city as a pretext for unofficial separation. Other couples, like the Ueharas, continue living together.

Such practices reflect the discrimination Japanese women face in a society where old customs die slowly and equal employment laws are not enforced.

In Japan and many other Asian countries, husbands

and wives have tended to live quite separate lives, unlike men and women in the couple-oriented United States. Many Japanese companies

still expect male employees to put their careers above family life. Japanese men often de-

scribe an ideal marriage as one in which the husband and wife treat each other like air: Essential- for survival, but taken for granted. Because of this, many Japanese women find themselves living with virtual strangers.

"Married women are quite dissatisfied," said Satomi Nakajima, 54, a member of a city council near Tokyo. "They want their husbands to share their interests and the domestic chores."

Some women secretly welcome the opportunity to live apart when employers trunsfer husbands to distant cities or abroad, leaving the families behind so the children's schooling will not be dis-

rupted. The Labour Ministry estimates this frequent practice has separated more than 20(1,000) couples.

Married Japanese men have traditionally sought romance and sexual satisfaction outside marriage, keeping mistresses if they could afford

After generations of accepting that, many women now have affairs of their own. said Chizuko Ueno, a sociologist and feminist. They stay married in order to henefit from the husband's earning power.

Divorce remains a social stigma in Japan, for families as well as the couple. Unless both parties consent, divorce proceedings are protracted and difficult. Women have a hard time getting alimony and child-support payments. A woman's financial de-

pendence on her husband is the most persuasive argument for continuing an unhappy marriage.

"Muny women can't get divorced simply because they can't support their families. said Mizüho Fukushima, a lawver.

Ritsuko Uehara, a potter who works at home, had threatened to seek a divorce but agreed to stuy with her husband to save on rent and other living costs.

"I couldn't understand what it was that she wanted," Mr. Uehara said. "She kept telling me I only thought about myself and that I tulked down to her,"

### Awakening the taste-buds, an original educational initiative

By Aurore Thierry PARIS — Plates and cups stand on the tables. About twenty children, half paying attention and half laughing. sit on chairs. This afternoon, it is "Lili's lesson."

Little Paul, Marie the redhead and gossipy Catherine. Arthur, José and their pals would not miss Liliane's lesson for anything in the world, for "Lili", as she is known, is in charge of lessons that are quite different from all the others. She is one of the presenters of the "awakening the taste-buds campaign". which has been held in schools since 1990, on Culture Minister Jack Lang's in-

It is not a gimmick. This campaign has been organised

by the very serious National Council of Culinary Arts, with the approval of the Ministry of Education. The idea is to offer pupils aged 9 to 11, whose teachers agree, a series of ten one-and-a-halfhour sessions in which the children are taught to recognise different tastes, to compose balanced meals and to develop a critical attitude towards food.

Why have such "tasteawakening classes"? Was it simply an amusing initiative which could but germinate in the heads of the incorrigible

gastronomes that the French are known to be? The answer is far more serious. "The children's taste-buds had to be awakened before they fell fast asleep in the comforting mush of ice-cream, the sweet tickling of sodas and the squishy tastelessness of hamburgers", Jacques Puisais, chairman of the French Institute of Taste and promoter of

"If we do not want children to become 'handicapped in taste', they have to be given every opportunity to choose their gustative pleasures by having them appreciate the whole rainbow of flavours and sensations," this scientist and internationally reputed

the operation, insists.

wine expert is quick to add. Smelling, looking, touching and tasting food does not simply educate children's palates. It also appeals to their intuition, enhances their sensitivity, stimulates their' imagination, sharpens their critical sense, and incites them to reflect and to compare, with the help of ingredients.

Hence the use of the method devised by Jacques Puisais and put into practice by the presenters from the French Institute of Taste who go from school to school and even train primary school teachers who ask for it.

The first session reminds

the children of the role of the five senses. The second one shows the four main tastes: Sweet, salty, sour and bitter. The third is devoted to planning a meal which will be prepared with the help of the presenter and makes it possible to show the relationships between flavours. The fourth deals with the world of smells (which enables the children to discover that salt has no smell...unlike chocolate). The fifth is based on vision, the sixth on touch (soft, hard, smooth, springy, stringy, etc.), the seventh to "aggressions" (burning, spicy) and sounds. The eighth takes the children on a voyage of discovery of regional French cooking and foodstuffs. The ninth is a revision of the previous lessons and the: tenth and last is an outing to a .. restaurant seasoned with little recognition exercises. The practical and educa-

Awakening the taste buds is an art in itself

tional repercussions of this

They also juggle with natural sciences and physiology. with the way the nervous system works, vision, smell and hearing, and learn that primary tastes are felt on the tongue with sweet things on the tip of the tongue, salty and sour ones at the sides and bitter ones at the back.

The results are conclusive. Pupils who have followed this series of lessons are able to express themselves more accurately than the others. They can judge smells better and are conscious consumers. To the great surprise of their parents, they enjoy foods that they hated before and become interested in the way meals are prepared which they no longer wolf down with their eyes glued to the

pupils benefited from these "taste-awakening workshops". In the 1990-1992 school year, more than 10,000 school-children educated their taste-buds at the school of flavours, which is also a school of sharing, of conviviality, and of the discovery and respect of differences. In short, a kind of tolerance — L'Actualite En France.

Already in 1990, 6,000

crafty awakening is that children swallow the notions of history and geography painlessly (the climates, the relief and their relations with agriculture products). They enrich their vocubulary (all the shades of red, from vermilion to carnation pink, including, cherry, ruby, carmine or tomato colour). They greedily get through literature (ah, Mr. Proust's madeleine cakes and the description of the former Paris wholesale market of Les Halles in Emile Zola's Le Ventre De Paris).

### The Italian Embassy in Jordan the Italian Institute for External Commerce

invite all Jordanian specialised companies to attend the

"Technological Symposium on Medical Equipment" which will be held on May 15th and 16th, 1993 at the Inter. Continental Hotel, Amman

starting 10:00 a.m. The Italian companies coming fom Italy will present themselves and their products.

For further information, please call the Second Secretary of the Italian Embassy in Amman, Dr. Raffaele de Benedictis (Ph. 638185, Fax 659730, P.O.Box 9800) or Dr. Hani H. Shaheen (MBF Representative, Ph. and Fax 683028, P.O.Box 926775, Amman)

### Ready-made fashion

By Jean-Claude Elias

A Buying a powerful personal computer (PC) is not enough. One must have programmes, specific to each task that one I might need to do, in order to actually make any good use of Nthe PC. Even children know that nowadays. Unless, of x course, the reason for getting the computer is purely technical and the user intends to study electronics or programming languages.

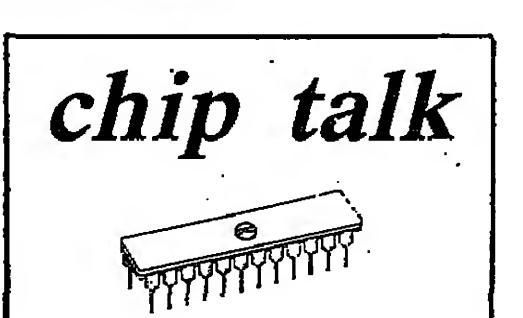
Whether you intend to type letters or reports, make calculations, play computer games, do your accounts or run computer aided design, you need programmes (software). For personal use and small to medium sized organisations, the most obvious and feasible solution is in the available ready-made software, sometimes called packages.

The advantages of the packages are many. They are Immediately available and there is therefore no need to - wait for very long development and programming. Ready-, made software, when it comes from a reputable software house, also benefits from the sound and extensive experience of its developers. The analysis of the subject to be programmed is done on a very large scale, covering tens or hundreds of users, instead of just one. Consequently there is very little chance that important points or features be noverlooked. Moreover, the quality, the user-friendliness, the flexibility and the power of ready-made programmes, from known companies, is usually high above the work of an isolated person be it a layman or a specialist.

The cost of ready-made software, being spread over a Large number of users is much less than a tailor-made work, Lidesigned for just one client. Leading software developers Splike Microsoft, Lotus. Aldus and Borland, to name only a Refew, regularly release updates — additions and improverignents — to Lieir software, available to their registered tircustomers (those who buy original copies) for a small offraction of the initial price. Private programmers cannot thafford to do that.

Thirteen years after the introduction of the PC, there is now hardly any conceivable subject that could be programse med and that has not been done yet. Some simple, but Auseful, software have even fallen into the category called "shareware" and are distributed free-of-charge, for the

Aprice of the empty diskettes and mailing charges. If the advantages of the packages are incomparably



superior to those of the custom-made programmes, then how come some PC users still do programming?

There are still rare cases when the user has very specific needs that are not covered by existing packages. It could also be that the available ready-made software satisfies the needs of the users only partially. Most people will still prefer ready-made software if it fulfils their needs up to 90 per cent for instance. There are other cases where the user wants full control of its software and its future development, for security reasons. He doesn't want any other party to have exactly the same programmes and be able to access or use his data.

In the case of personal computing, some people would learn and start programming just for the sake of the art of programming itself. Understanding programming is a fascinating work and it is not surprising that PC users, more particularly the young, are attracted to this technique. Modern programming languages like FoxBase. Clipper, Visual Basic and C are more powerful, easier to use, much faster to implement and feature more facilities than the older Cobol and Standard Basic for instance.

Educators have discovered that programming tremendously develops the reasoning, the logical thinking, the memory and the organisational and rational thinking of those who practice it. Talented analysts and programmers are, and will still be, much in demand by software giants like Microsoft. In the United Kingdom, Germany, France, Singapore, Taiwan and more particularly in the United States, they are among the most highly paid professionals.

### JTV CHANNEL 2 WEEKLY PREVIEW

"hursday, May 6

1s30 Coach si wedding celebration party w held at Christine's father's

p.10 Quantum Leap

:00 News In English

th:20 Movie Of The Week

aemphis

barring: Richard Brooks

ithe film revolves around the american south in 1957 when Heial segregation was at its right. Two white men and a Tite woman kidnap a young teack boy.

priday, May 7

Igo Alf

might Back

oelly discovers that Sam is a ake and he tries to stop him.

10 E.N.G. alicious Intent

ti:00 News In English

\_:20 Wagner

By Lauran Neergaard

tVLANTA — A chimpan-

de talks with humans using

bnbols. Squirrels outfox a

"n-wielding homeowner

ed of hearing them in his

nic. Elephants pause as if in

**Burning** when they stumble

con pachyderm bones in the

fryes, many experts say.

imals do think. The ques-

In is: What goes on in their

k'Is it instinct or do they

ank like us, in steps? That's

te whole trouble, you see,

i don't know where instinct

'ds," said David Pears, an

ford philosopher. "If you

a red light, you stop. You

h The Associated Press

8:30 Special Programme

10:00 News In English

Saturday, May 8

10:20 Feature Film — Fatal Friendship

Starring: Kevin Dobson; Gerald McRaney, Kate Maigrew and Patti Yasutake

Hank and Michael have been life-long friends. Their families vacation together and their children of similar ages are close friends. Michael begins to be aware of secrets about Hank when he sees Hank speaking fluent Chinese to a group of businessmen. When Hank lies to Michael about being out of town on business, Michael becomes slightly suspicious. However, nothing prepares him for what he comes to discover about the deadly business his best friend has become involved in. When the cities Hank actually visits report "hitstyle" murders, Michael's suspicions grow along with

Hank's awareness of his

friend's mistrust. The intri-

gue finally reaches a deadly

said most animals had little

cognitive ability.

self-awareness, much less

But recent experiments

with animals such as Kanzi, a

chimp that communicates

through symbols on a compu-

ter have convinced many sci-

But beyond that, is their

thinking limited to imitating

others? Or do they work out

problems? What do they

think about? Can they lie?

Don't expect a consensus

After all, said Harvard

from the animal intelligence

experts who gathered in

neurobiologist Terrence

Deacon, doctors are only

now learning how the human

brain works. Because we can-

not communicate with anim-

als effectively, learning

what's in their minds will be

tive style — it's not just that

prove whether animals lie,

said Georgia Tech's Jack

we're smarter," he said.

"There's a different cogni-

Researchers may never

even more difficult.

Atlanta recently.

entists animals can think.

Sunday, May 9

8:30 Special Programme

9:10 The Good Guys

Old School Ties

10:00 News In English

10:20 French Series - Vol-

This episode focuses on the last days of Voltaire.

Monday, May 10

8:30 Special Programme

9:10 Documentary — Dino-

Tale Of A Bone

Today dinosaur hunters still marvel at the size of the

10:00 News In English

10:20 Street Justice

Self Defense

Scientists agree animals think,

but wonder about process

Malloy asks her friends to protect Liza from her hus-

Martin, who fell short in an

experiment in which one

monkey would tell a rival the

coast was clear when a stuf-

fed python was placed near

the monkey was lying or

knew the snake wasn't real.

routine reactions or imitation

for advanced thought, Mr.

Deacon warned.

Savage-Rumbaugh.

baugh said.

It couldn't be determined if

Scientists may also mistake

But chimpanzees at Geor-

gia State University's Lan-

guage Research Centre com-

municate using a computer

that takes away that guess-

work, said researcher Sue

Kanzi types on a keyboard

with symbols. The order of

the symbols resemble sent-

ences. And he types original

sentences — eliminating cri-

ticism that he's just copying

people, Ms. Savage-Rum-

"He types 'ball-group

room,' something I have nev-

er said to him," she said.

"Why else would he say that

unless he wants a ball he only one shot."

Tuesday, May 11

8:30 Special Programme

9:10 Forever Green

Jack and Harriett are offered a partnership in a lumber company with old friends Mike and Mary. But Jack and Harriett decide against it.

10:00 News In English

10:20 Feature Film - Mission Of The Shark

Starring: Stacy Keach

The story of the Indianapolis, the navy ship that carried the components of the A-bomb to Guam during World War II, and was sunk on its way

Wednesday, May 12

8:30 Special Programme

9:15 UEFA Cup Final

From Dortmund. Borussia Dortmund vs Torino

10:00 News In English

10:20 Cont. Of The Football Cup Final.

11:00 The Gravy Train

knows is in the group room

instead of the ball in front of

In the wild may be the best

place to prove animals think

on their own rather than just

under human influence, con-

der something when they

pause and make mournful

sounds over the remains of

fellow pachyderms, he said.

But his favourite example

is the squirrels who were

eating, their way through his

attic. Every day at dawn they

left through a hole in the

100f. One day he was waiting

with a gun and shot the first

one. The rest ran back inside.

I'd just shoot one each morn-

ing and they'd all be dead,"

he recalled. "The next morn-

ing the whole population left

of darkness would save

them? Who knows, but they

got the right answer after

"Did they think the cover

one hour before sunrise.

"I said this was too easy —

Elephants obviously pon-

tends Pears.

# The land of knowledge

By. E. Yahgi

Fadi was a typical little boy who often wondered: "What happens to the sun when it goes down? Where is the end of the rainbow? Why do flowers have moisture on them in the morning? Why do birds sing? Why is one side of the moon always dark?" And, "is there really a man who lives there?"

Before he went to school, he was a very curious child as well as an active one and he either always asked anybody who would listen a thousand questions or else jumped off high places, climbed trees or fought imaginary enemies with his wooden sword. But one day, everything in his life changed. Fadi had to begin his first day at school.

The difference between school and home appeared like a trip to another country and poor Fadi experienced cultural shock. He had to sit still and he had to keep quiet, two very impossible tasks for any small boy. He couldn't ask questions and when he did, his teacher usually told him to. "shut up!"

When he didn't know how to solve a problem or write correctly, he was ordered: "Put out your hand!" and presented with sharp and painful blows with a thick rod which wounded not only his body but his pride too. School became a place to be hated and the keeper of the key of knowledge, the instructor, was the warden of Fadi's prison cell. There was no love of learning that the teacher tried to impart to his students and it wasn't long before the young boy cried not to go to school.

"Please, mommy, don't make me go to school!" the child would beg. "I hate it so. Can't I stay home with you? I'll be

good!" She looked amused at his outbreak but only replied: "Of course not child. You must go so that you can one day be

someone important." "I don't want to be important, I just want to be happy!" His protests got him nowhere and he endured the torture of routine memorisation of dull and boring subjects, the crushing of his curiosity and a fear of being hit or scolded if he made mistakes. And somewhere along the way a sad phenomena began to take place. Fadi stopped thinking for himself and only tried to concentrate on the academic tasks before him. More than one time his teacher retorted: "Only very stupid boys keep asking questions. I have explained the material once and that's enough. If you didn't understand the first time, that's your tough luck!" By and by, the once curious Fadi grew up into an

unoriginal, dull, complicated young man. How many times

had he been hit for his mistakes in school? How many times had he been insulted in front of the whole class for being slow to learn? On how many occasions had he been made to feel that he was an idiot and not a person with feelings and pride? At last he got a job in a factory and performed his work with machine-like performance, never looking beyond his immediate task at hand or thinking of his future. And when faced with a dilemma, Fadi didn't know what to do. He could merely see straight ahead of himself and knew no way for formulating alternatives.

But who is responsible for the death of Fadi's . curiosity? The answer is, his society. Weak students should not be intimidated by their instructors but encouraged by positive methods in order to awaken a desire for learning which is inherent in most small and normal children. Fudi did not lack intelligence, he lacked opportunity. A love for knowledge can only be instilled by teachers and professors who they themselves are not only keen to impart their knowledge but love the subject they teach.

Constant demand for rote recitations inhibits the imagination and does not provide a stimulus for orginality. free thinking or individualism. When any child is abused by the educational power of authority, then his natural desire for learning is forever destroyed. All teachers whatever level they instruct, must be models of behaviour to their students and should act in good conscience and faith as well as bear the responsibility of the teaching of academic subjects and how students should interact with each other and respect the rights of all individuals. Unfortunately, problems are not abated at the university level but increased in one form or another.

There is a magical land of knowledge out there. We must offer the means of transportation to it to our youth for they are the future of our country. Any advanced nation is built upon a superior system of education. We are so adept at imitating Western food, clothing and consumer commodities but we have so failed to imitate the really important values that are essential to the existence of a better Jordan. one that dwells not only in the past of ancient glories but also in the present and future of great potentials. It is our duty to provide our children with the best education possible and instill in them a love for learning so that young curious children like Fadi will not grow up into monotonous, boring robots without their own minds to think for themselves. As His Majesty King Hussein has so eloquently stated, Jordan's greatest natural resource lies in its people. It is now up to us to make the most of ourselves.

### ON THE LIGHTER SIDE

By Mohammad A. Shuqair

BONERS

many manager to the control of the c — The future of "I give" is "you take."

- No is the adverb of negotiation.

— An interjection is a sudden explosion of mind.

— Gender is the destruction of sex.

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TANTALISING FACTS

— A swarm of fifty thousand bees weighs about 10

pounds. - More than 150 different flavours of ice-cream are now manufactured.

— A camel can drink twenty-five gallons in half an hour. - Whales cannot breathe under water. They have lungs

instead of gills. - A cup filled to the brim with coffee will not overflow if several teaspoonfuls of sugar are added slowly.

— The longest fingernails ever recorded measured 233/4

\* \* \* \* \* \*

#### LET'S CHAT IN ARABIC

— I'd like to go shopping. — Can I see that? — I prefer this one. — How much is it?

Ayez arooh ashtri hajat. Mumkin ashoof haada/haadi? Ana offaddel haada.

malhama

Kam yesswa/tesswa? — That's very expensive. Hadda ghali jiddan/haadi ghalia jiddan. — Do you have anything cheaper?

Indak ayy haja arkhass? — You owe me five dinars.

Bidee minnek khamis dananeer. - Where is the nearest bakery? Wen agrab makhbaz? ☆ bank bank/masraf **★** bookshop maktaba \* butchery

**☆** pharmacy saydaliya **★** hospital mustashfa **★** confectioner hala wani \* tailor khayyat # greengrocer khodarii # jeweller jawahirji ☆ laundry maghsala/mashacha

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TIME FOR FUN HUSBAND in a hurry: "Have you seen my golfing socks anywhere?"

WIFE: "Golfing socks? What are they?" HUSBAND: "Why, surely you know? Coarse, with eighteen holes in them!"

\*\*\*

Two women were discussing a recent wedding which one had attended.

"Who gave the bride away" asked the other women. "Her little brother," replied the first. "He stood up at the back of the church and cried," Hurrah! Fanny, you've got him at last."

Pretty nurse to Doctor: "Every time I take this patient's pulse, it seems to beat faster. What shall I do?

Doctor: "Blindfold him!"

\*\*\*

TEST YOUR KNOWLEDGE

1. What is a young salmon called? 2. What is a rookery?

3. What is a kipper?

4. What is the cuckoo's cry?

5. What lesson did a king learn from a spider?

6. What is (a) an ewe (b) a ram?

7. Is "bosom" the same as "besom"?

8. What is a Davy lamp?

\* \* \* \* \*

### YOUR DREAMS INTERPRETED

EMBEZZLE: A dream which involves embezzlement by yourself or others suggests that you have some knotty problems and/or secret fear of such a complex nature that you would be wise to seek professional help as soon as possible.

KILLING: If you dream of killing someone, whether intentionally or by accident, it signifies a period of severe emotional stress during which you must make a heroic effort to control your temper. To dream of being a witness to a killing portends a change which will not be entirely to your liking. A dream of seeing others kill insects or animals prophesies help from friendly sources, but to dream of killing them yourself predicts that you will overcome your obstacles through your own efforts. ASSAULT: You will be given some information which

will be of great value to you if you were assaulted in your dream; if others were assaulted, you may have to defend an attack on your character.

CHEAT: A dream of contrary. If you dreamt of being cheated, you can expect a stroke of luck: however, if you were the cheater, you can expect to be cheated.

#### \*\*\* **PUZZLES**

(A) The 300-metre high Eiffel Tower in Paris is made of 8,000,000 kilogrammes of steel. I have decided to order a model of this tower, one weighing a kilog-How high will it be? Will it be bigger or smaller than a

\* \* \* \* \*

(B) The words required to answer the clues below all have FISH as a termination. It should not take readers long to solve them all, EXAMPLE:

The stupid FISH becomes OAFISH Now, do the same: The mischievous

The egoist's The small The hungry The dissipated

FISH FISH **FISH** FISH

**FISH** 

drinking glass?

a't say to yourself, "OK, al means stop." t'We have to define the tel of thinking. Just befise a species thinks difcently from us doesn't an it's less cognitive." For centuries, scientists towed the lead of philother Rene Descartes, who

### Bob Hope — still 'a kid' at 90

By Bob Thomas The Associated Press

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LOS ANGELES - Bob Hope strolls down the long hall of his Toluca Lake mansion with a hint of the dancer's gait he used on thousands of stages dating back to Vaudeville.

He shows some signs of his nearly 90 years now, but he remains the slick wisecracker who has conquered every entertainment medium.

He enters his "playroom," sunny, elegantly furnished quarters with a few mementos, including a Norman Rockwell portrait of the comedian, his eyes mischievous, lips pursed as if ready for a timely quip. Hope's face today seems

little changed. The skin is smooth and tanned from daily golf, the voice is strong and clear, the profile suggestive of the slopes at Aspen.

Hope turns 90 on May 29, and he'll celebrate the way he likes best - with a television special. This one will be a whopper, three hours on

NBC on May 14 with a multitude of stars and ex-Presidents Richard Nixon, Gerald Ford, Jimmy Carter, Ronald Reagan and George Bush, as well as Bill and Hillary Rodham Clinton. Hope has entertained every White House occupant from Franklin D. Roosevelt on.

dent he didn't like?

"I sure didn't. I liked them all. And if I didn't like them, I made believe I liked them. Because they're in a pretty good spot, you know."

Hope recalls meeting Mr. Clinton in Little Rock a few years ago. "He was governor then, and he took me to his house and introduced me to Hillary. That night when I was doing the show, he got up and gave a speech. So he was rehearsing even then." Hope's generally good health could be attributed to Did he ever meet a presiexercise: Nightly walks, golf every day at the nearby Tolu-

> grandfather lived to be 100. One health problem has been Hope's eyes. "I've got a hemorrhage in the right eye now, and I used to have one in the left eye," he says. "I'm a walking hemosrhage."

ca Lake Course ("Golf keeps

Genetics helps — his English

you young - if you win").

"He takes his ailments beautifully," reports Dolores Reade Hope, his wife for 59 years. "He is a model of acceptance. The toughest thing for him to accept is the eye problem. He doesn't seem to understand it. Otherwise he's like a prizefighter (which he briefly was). He rolls with the punches."

The years have also eroded his hearing. Interviewers are well advised to shout.

"Dr. House says Bob is his only failure," says Dolores, referring to Dr. Howard House of the famed House Ear Clinic in Los Angeles. "Bob has a brand-new, \$1,200 hearing device in his drawer but he refuses to wear

She observes that her husband "seems to be automatically cutting down on his schedule, taking on less commitments." Yet he still undergoes travels that would be unthinkable for most 90year-olds.

Hope's history is part of the Americaan legend: His birth as Leslie Townes Hope in Eltham, England, on May 29, 1903. The family's emigration to Cleveland, Ohio, when Bob was 4. Winning a Charlie Chaplin lookalike contest at 10. His prolessional debut in a Fatty Arbuckle Revue.

Hope got into Vaudeville in a dancing act with a partner, George Byrne. They added a few comedy bits, and soon Hope realised he earned more applause with his jokes than his singing. He launched his single act and proved so successful that he was booked for a 1927 Broadway show, Sidewalks Of New York. The show folded. Back to Vaude-

Hope returned to Broadway for Ballyhoo Of 1932 and followed with the hit Roberta. In the 1936 Ziegfeld Follies, he sang, I Can't Get Started to Eve Arden. Red. Hot And Blue, with Jimmy Durante and Ethel Merman, produced another hit song, Cole Porter's It's De-Lovely.

The Broadway years ended when Paramount brought him to Hollywood for The Big Broadcast Of 1938, which starred W.C. Fields. The movie provided his theme song, Thanks For The Memory, sung with Shirley Ross. Hope had appeared on radio since 1932, but he had

never scored a hit until The Pepsodent Show in 1938, "I was No. 1 in radio for several years, and that helped the pictures," he observes. "Hope's movie career

soared after Paramount teamed him in 1940 with Bing

Crosby and Dorothy Lamour in Road To Singapore.

He explained that Crosby organised a show every Friday night during the season at the Del Mar Racetrack, which he and Pat O'Brien founded in the mid-1930s.

"Bing and I had worked together in New York at the Old Capitol Theatre," Hope recalls. "We did four shows a day, and we wanted to change every day, so we adlibbed new things. It was a helluva act. We did this show at Del Mar, and a producer went back to Paramount the next day and said. 'we gotta put these guys together. They work great.' He didn't know we had rehearsed it for weeks and weeks.

"We ended up doing seven 'road' pictures."

In March of 1941, Hope took his radio show to March Field, California. The response from the servicemen was so overwhelming that he continued broadcasting almost exclusively from military bases until June 1948. His first long trip was to Alaska in 1942. The next year his troupe covered England, Africa, Sicily and Iceland. In 1944, he toured the South Pacific from Eniwetok to New Guinea. In 1945 he followed the victorious troops through France and Ger-

His travels continued over the years, to Korea, Berlin. Beirut, Vietnam and the Gulf, and every other trouble spot where Americans were stationed. Only during the Vietnam War did his reputation suffer. He supported the American troops he had entertained, arousing vitriolic

**Bob Hope in earlier days** 

attacks from anti-war activ-

The criticism stung and confounded Hope, who had never encountered negative publicity. "I've seen too many wars to say that war is beautiful," he says. "I've been in burn wards, and I've smelled burned flesh. I've walked through hospital wards where I had to grab the bed to keep my balance.

"I uppreciate the Americans who have laid down

their lives for our country. I., got hooked on that thing, and if that stops me from getting awards, I'll have to live with

The inevitable guestion to a man at 90: Will he ever stop performing?

"I'm a kid," he jokes, "No, I won't quit as long as I teel good. I enjoy working and doing something. Playing to an audience gives you something to work on, something to do. I like it."

#### Painting, music thrive as political shackles loosened in Vietnam urbanscape by But Num Phin odus after the 1975 Commun-

By Denis D. Gray The Associated Press

The comedian is still an avid golfer

HO CHI MINH CITY, Vielnam - For 12 years Nguyen Than pedaled a trishaw to feed his family and painted in secret — on cheesecloth and flour sacks because he couldn't afford canvas. Communist authorities branded

him an outcast. Today. Than paints what he likes, owns a large villa and last year carned about \$100,000 from depictions of anguish and loss that have marked his life.

The 45-year-old Than and other Vietnamese painters. musicians and other artists

are thriving after decades of war and suppression by authoritarian regimes, More are making their way into the "พิจาใน รี น้ำใ ฐินโโยต์ยรานที่สังกับ

This comes in the wake of the ruling Communist Purty's decision in late 1986 to embark on economic reforms and some general liberalisa-

Artistic freedom remains limited: Novelists or playwrights would still land in serious trouble if, for example, they advocated the ouster of communism in their works.

But in arts like music and painting, where political

opinions are not directly stated, a new vigor is evident. Traditionally strong in these arts, the Victnamese are outshining even some of the more prosperous, politically open Asian nations.

Competition is stiff to enter the country's four fine arts schools, two music conservatories and four symphony orchestras. Art galleries are mushrooming.

Viet Hui, one of Hanoi's top painters, says that because Vietnam is opening up. more painters can live off their work by selling to the increasing number of foreign businessmen, tourists and diplomats.

Hai is one of 15 Vietnamese painters represented in Hong Kong by Plum Blossom, an art dealership which staged a major exhibit of their works in the crown colony in 1991 and smaller ones since. Paintings sold for several hundred dollars two years ago now command

"We've in many created a new industry in Vietnam, said Plum Blossom's Stephen McGuinness. "They were painting before, but there wasn't much of an audience."

several thousand.

"Doi Moi," as Vietnam calls its reform effort, has meant more tours and scholarships in the West and a

broader range of musical exchanges, said Nguyen Trong Bang, director of Hanoi's National conservatory of music.

Vietnamese are now teaching music in Singapore, and pianist Dang Thi Son. the first Asian winner of the Chopin Competition in Warsaw. Poland, is permitted tolive in Canada.

The negative side to the reforms has been the removal of most state subsidies to the conservatories. Students must buy their own instruments, with the price of a standard violin some \$5(X). roughly twice the average unnual per capita income.

"If our symphony orchestra had good instruments, oh, it could play so much better." said Bang. While Vietnam's painters

and musicians probably were not as constrained as those in some other Communist societies, the pressure to conform to Socialist ideals was sometimes intense. "Some painted what the

state told them to, others only from their own inspiration. They were genuine artists and are today the respected ones," said Tran Luu Hau, another leading Hanoi nuinter. In southern Vietnam, some

joined the "boat people" ex-

ist victory. Those who stayed were sent to "reeducation Even though he was juded

by the anti-Communist South Vietnamese government for his anti-war views. Tran still had a falling out with the victors who ordered him to stop painting. To support his wife and six children he became a trishaw driver.

"I've had a dark life," he said when asked to explain the tortured paintings hanging in Ho Chi Minh City's Art Gallery Particulier.

Moments later, a British stockbroker from Hong Kong came in to buy a Hanoi for \$1,900. "There's something omque

about Victnamese painting, a blend of East and West von ! don't find elsewhere. And it's still aftordable," he com-กายภไยน์.

For Phil, that sale would have been a great windfall. ... Regarded as the father of modern Vietnamese painting, he died tive years ago in-Hanoi. Hai, one of his students, said he never gave in to the authorities, painting only from his heart.

He recalled Phai giving away many of his paintings... or exchanging them for a kilogramme of coffee.

### Tuvans find new harmony in revival of traditional singing

By David Ljunggren Reuter

KYZYL, Russia — Singing two notes at once should be impossible. In practice, the effect is breathtaking. Kaigar-Ool Khoralyg takes

a deep breath, opens his mouth and produces a low, rasping drone. The veins in his neck

bulge. He pauses for breath and continues. By manipulating his larynx, lips and tongue he adds a high whistling har-

Khoralyg is a leading exponent of Hoomei (pronounced

Hermay), or throat-singing, practised for centuries by shepherds in Tuva, a mountainous region of Russia on the Mongolian border.

"Hoomei is about making contact with nature. The shepherd is alone and expresses his feelings towards nature, his sheep, his homeland," said Khoralyg, the 32year-old son of shepherd pa-

The drone and harmony. echoing around the room, are the same as those sung centuries ago by nomadic Tuvans as they drove their sheep

across the plains and through forests.

> "Hoomei is purely personal. Nature has such an overwhelming effect on these people that they have to sing," said Valentina Suzukei, a Tuvan folklorist and music expert who has studied Hoomei.

"It is a form of meditation, lifting yourself above the normal plane."

For many, Hoomei can only be explained in the context of Shamanism, a once widespread belief in the supernatural and spirit worlds.

The idea that virtually every object had its own spirit enhanced the Tuvans' respect for nature.

Some elderly Tuvans still walk with their hands behind their backs so as not to hurt the spirits around them by swinging their arms. Traditional Tuvan boots have turned-up toes to avoid harming the earth.

"The key is being close to nature the whole time, to be near the smell of the plains, the fresh air, the water," Suzukei said.

bushes," Mr. Suzukei said. "You are always sur-

rounded by animal sounds: Deer, owls, bears, nightingales, sheep, horses, camels. Hoomei is the synthesis of these animal sounds by Tuvans and transformed into

For the nature-loving Tuvans, the arrival of settlers from other parts of Russia in the 19th century was a shock.

"Tuvans collected berries one by one, to ensure they would grow next year, while the Russians tore them off by the handful, destroying the

"One old man shot a group of Russians who were cutting

down nut trees and then killed himself because he could not stand to see nature destroyed."

Hoomei flourished almost untouched in Tuva, for centuries part of China and then Mongolia, until Soviet times when it was discouraged as an unwanted remnant of the feudal past.

In 1957, in a brief cultural

thaw after the death of dictator Josef Stalin, a Tuvan Hoomei group won first prize at a folk festival in Moscow. but not before suspicious Organisers had examined the

singers' throuts for hidden instruments.

Tuva, like many border regions in the former Soviet Union, was closed for decades until the advent of perestroika.

"No one suspected there was such a unique art here. Then there was a revival of interest in folklore. Europe thought Hoomei was suddenly increasingly in popularity, but it was one of the oldest

forms of art," Suzukei said. Khoralyg, who began singing when he was 12 after hearing his grandfather prac-

tising, frequently travels to the West, giving performances to packed halls in Europe and the United ...

Like many Hoomei singers he finds it hard to explain . how he produces the two

"There is great pressure involved — if you get it wrong, you can burst blood vessels in the lungs," said the stocky Khoralyg.

"Over the years, you can get more and more noise. But the sound must come from the soul, not the throat."

### New Wagner production displeases Viennese

By Jonathan Lynn Reuter

VIENNA — A new production of Richard Wagner's The Ring, which tries to bring out the humour in the saga, has won only jeers from Vienna's conservative opera audience.

Most singers and the city's beloved Vienna Philharmonic Orchestra, which provides the instrumental music for the Vicana State Opera, went down well with the music-mad public.

But the production team has been roundly booed on all the first nights so far, and some critics have already declared the whole enterprise a failure, even before the premicre of the last opera in the cycle, The Twilight Of The Gods.

It would not be the first

The last attempt to mount a new production of The Ring in Vienna was abandoned in 1982 after only the first two operas - Rhinegold And The Valkyrie - had been shown.

Vienna, which prides itself on having one of the world's top opera houses, has thus been without a fresh production of one of the most important parts of the opera repertoire since Herbert Von Karajan directed the cycle in 1957 and 1958.

The new production, under the musical direction of German conductor Christoph Von Dohnanyi, was bound to be a major event in a city where even the tabloids devote many column inches to

opera, and radio and television broadcast reviews on prime time.

Dohnanyi's approach to the music is cold and analytical, moving away from the traditional emotional, stirring renderings which helped make Wagner Hitler's favourite composer.

The idea is to let the audience look at the work critically for themselves, designer Herbert Kappimueller told Reuters. "This is not the well-

heavy, everyone just rolls over and gets silly."

known heavy Wagner," he said. "If you play Wagner

But Wagner traditionalists had their day at the premiere of the new Siegfried on March 14 when Dohnanyi was sick. A young Italian conductor,

Antonio Pappano, was brought in at the last minute from the Theatre De La Monnaie in Brussels.

Whether it was Pappano's richer reading of the score, or, as some insiders say, because the Vienna Philharmonic simply played the way they wanted to. Pappano was a huge success and was instantly declared the new dari-

The musical highpoint had already been reached in the previous opera, the Valkyrie, when Placido Domingo sang Siegmund, father of the cycle's hero Siegfried, for whom Wagner penned some

ing of the Vienna public.

of his loveliest music. It was the star tenor's first attempt at Wagner, and Domingo, with his background in the Italian repertoire, brought out the lyricism of the tragic role to perfection. The other main singers

were also applauded. Siegfried Jerusalem, a tall, blond and vigorous hero figure, looked every inch the part of Siegried as well as singing it with magnificent

energy. But Hildegard Behrens, singing the role of the heroine Bruennhilde, incurred the wrath of Vienna's regular opera-goers who cheer their favourites and boo others with the fanaticism of football supporters.

Although her voice in Siegfried was so clear and powerful that it sounded, as it soared over the orchestra, as if it were being amplified, some people still jeered.

Most people agree the new production has been a musical success, reserving their condemnation for Kappimuelier and producer Adolf Dresen.

The designs dispense with Germanic warriors, using costumes which are timeless, contemporary or early 20th

century. Only in the Twilight Of The Gods, which will have its premiere on May 17, will Kappimueller use historical costumes from the middle ages, as it is the first opera where real people rather than mythological figures such as gods, giants and gnomes

appear. Some critics berated the production for straying from Wagner's own precise instructions. For instance

Dresen and Kuppimueller have Bruennhilde sleeping on a slab of ice at the end of Valkyrie rather than the more traditional rock. "Wugner wrote his stuge

theatre practice of those days," said Kapplmueller. "If you take Wagner literally, you would just be creating a theatre museum, And

instructions in line with the

nowadays, in the arts, we have a quite different way of seeing things." That didn't stop the Viennese press from denouncing the deliberately light-heurted

Rhinegold as a Punch-and-Judy show. But Kappimueller and Dresen say they are not completely wrong, as Wagner was indeed influenced by the popular theatre and pantomime of his day. In fact the production does freshen up Wagner.

The powerful acting and passionate singing of Jerusalem and Behrens bring out the eroticism of the last act of Siegfried, while Heinz Zednik, playing the malignant . gnome Mime who has raised Siegfried from infancy, skips and jumps about the stage with high humour.

Jerusalem, unrecognisable in another role in Rhinegold, where he plays the cynical fire-god Loge, also raises a smile as he dances in time to ... the music.

The fact that as Loge, with : his black jeans and jacket, round glasses and funny little hat, he resembles the real-life designer is purely coincidental, Kappimueller says.

the least all have Aki Ti Juli Ta kun |

### How Europeans provide universal health care

AMSTERDAM (AP) — Marijke Van Der Blas spent five months in a hospital having her last child, with hi-tech tests, fancy treatment, and finally surgery. She has no idea what it cost.

A psychotherapist of moderate income, she paid the same as if she were the president of Philips or a tulip vendor: Almost nothing.

"We don't worry about health costs in Holland," she said, "Insurance pays, whether it's public or private. can't imagine what would have happened without it."

All Western European states have national heatth plans, and the Dutch system is among the best. People with incomes pay a part of the cost, but almost anyone can spend a lifetime dying at public expense.

Health care takes up nine per cent of Holland's gross

national product, five per cent less than in the United States, and the Dutch throw in long-term benefits for the aged. But there's a catch.

The Dutch plan, like others in Europe, works on the principle that each citizen is his brother's keeper, even if the brother is a deadbeat or an illegal immigrant from halfway around the world.

Treatment is determined by medical need and place in line, not ability to pay. A homeless drug addict may get urgent open heart surgery while a banker waits six months for a hernia opera-

tion. "I don't think this would work in America," said Jan Van De Kasteele, a Health Ministry specialist. "You can't introduce a system that has no basis in the normal attitude of the people."

The concept, which the

Dutch call solidarity goes back to the middle ages, when artisans in guilds paid into a pot for any member who fell on hard times.

Today, health is woven into a security blanket that cushions Europeans from unemployment, disability or other vicissitudes of fate and assures them a relatively comfortable retirement.

Overail, these benefits cost each worker one-fifth to onethird of every paycheck. Employers generally contribute as much, or more, in payrolltaxes. On average, workers pay about seven per cent for the health part.

In Holland, doctors, officials and underwriters agree on rates. Courts seldom make lavish malpractice awards. Hospitals focus more on medical procedure than front-office paperwork.

As a result, the Dutch per capita annual health cost is under \$1,500. In France. where doctors are free to charge more and act indepen-

dently, it is not much higher. Not everyone likes it that way. Conservative parties in most countries, including Holland, want to inject more individual choice into health plans. But few dispute the idea of health for all.

Each country has a different approach.

German workers feed "sickness, funds" with an average of 13 per cent of each paycheck. Employers pay half that percentage. Doctors' fees and other health costs are determined by how much money is available.

Marc Duriez, an economist who helps direct the French system, praised Germany's strict controls and Holland's coverage.

In France, the problem is not quality, but budgeting. Employees pay "le secu,

social security, 6.8 per cent of gross wages. Employers add 12.8 per cent. For that, the state covers all costs for major diseases and 70 per cent for minor ones.

During 1992, the health programme was nearly \$400 million in the red, even with budget limits on public hos-

"The system works too well," said Dr. Bertrand Lebeau, who heads the respiratory department at St. Antoine Hospital Paris. "It is so generous that people often abuse it."

French hospitals rarely turn away patients, even if they are foreigners not covered by the plan. Anyone who manages to get a few paychecks, with minimum

deductions, stays on the

books. Private doctors can charge as much as they can get, and order whatever tests they want, as long as patients pay the unreimbursed difference. But public care is farreaching.

Beatrice Copreau, 33, a part-time stenographer, is among those sold on Le Secu. Over three years, she spent six months in a hospital with a rare blood infection traced to her heart.

Her last operation, doctors said, was more complicated than a heart transplant. She had no savings, but did not need any. The state paid it

Across Europe, stabilised population growth and longer life spans put heavy pressure on health coverage. Fewer young workers must support

elders who no longer contri-

bute to the pot. As deficits increase, politicians must tell voters the choice is between paying more for coverage and rationing health care. Already, nonemergency cases overwhelm some sys-

The Dutch try hard not to skimp. Amsterdam's Academic Medical Centre is the largest teaching hospital in Europe, with 1,050 beds and 4,000 pieces of art.

But, in the Netherlands. patients might wait half a year for operations that are not urgent. Waiting lists are lengthening for admission to old-age homes and mental hospitals.

Budgets are sometimes too tight to pay for new specialised equipment in smaller

Reforms under debate may ... shift the traditional Dutch ... focus, as more workers bridle at carrying other people's -

"It is easy for anyone to " take advantage," said Dori King, a psychologist who supervises health claims at a'large company she prefers.

not to name. An employee who is sick, or who can effectively fake it. can be entitled to years at full

Mr. King laughs about one case, a stock clerk who worked half-time at full pay because a back injury prevented bim for handling heavy loads.

"He misunderstood hisrights and thought he would" lose his benefits after a year. she said. "In the 51st week, he started weight-lifting. healthier than ever. It was a\_ miracle cure."

### Scientists sweat out success in fight against malaria

By Nick Louth

Reuter WAGENINGEN. Netherlands — It's the smell of human sweat that lures the malaria-carrying mosquito to its victim, according to an international team of scien-

Their discovery opens up a real chance of developing a simple chemically-baited trap to attract and kill the insects.

The scientists have isolated a blend of chemicals from human perspiration that acts as a powerful attractant to Anopheles Gambiae, the ferocious African mosquito which is the main carrier of the devastating cerebral malaria parasite.

"Hopefully we will be able in a few years to come up with a system which can be used indoors or outdoors in rural Africa to trap mosquitoes and break the malaria transmission cycle," said-Bart Knols, a researcher at the University of Wageningen.

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62 Be brave

56 Notwithstanding

Malaria is an ancient tropical scourge, killing more than a million people a year - several times more than AIDS. One hundred million others de develop the disease, responsible for more than a quarter of all deaths of children under five in Africa.

Man has fought for 50 years to wipe out its insect carriers. The parasite is becoming increasingly resistant to the drugs used to treat it and only recently has progress been made towards finding an effective vaccine.

Global warming has opened the possibility that malaria may spread to new areas, such as southern Europe.

Dr. Knols said the chemical mixture discovered is being kept secret until scientific publication later this year.

"It is not really a secret but we are making progress, and we-are at the stage of publishing it... later this year," he told Reuters.

65 Once around a

74 Strides back and

75 Unfurnished

84 Above, pref

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66 Desires

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**85** Femme latale

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45 Sgt., e.g. 46 Record

50 Winter

47 God of lave

53 Legal point

28 Rebellious

35 Dollar bill

39 Summer

36 Slow down

**GREUCHELS** 

44 Hypnotic state

31 Deeply ingrained

33 Make malicious

42 Oklahoma town

precipitation

54 Breathe rapidly

55 Genetic letters

60 Metal worker

75 Flat-boltomed

76 From a distance

swordplay 73 Dmmed

63 Stops snoozing

67 Pitchman's talk

91 Moved suddenly

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BO Refuse to answer

86 Praying figure, in

track

67 Insulucion

69 Reheats

70 Block

76 Freids

78 Pariot

"We are thinking in terms of compound made from human sweats, that is as far as l can go," he said.

A similar approach has already paid huge dividends in fighting the tsetse fly, an African cattle pest which also carries sleeping sickness, a disease which can be fatal to

"In the last 20 years of research they have come up with a very good trap which can be used in large scale field control operations for tsetse flies," Dr. Knols said, "Many thousands of

square kilometres are now

being freed of tsetse flies," he

The tsetse trap is a simple cloth soaked in insecticide and stretched over a frame. Underneath it is a small bottle full of chemicals irresistable to the flies. It is being successfully used in Kenya.

Zambia. Dr. Knols said an effective

WEEKEND CROSSWORD

93 if not 94 Speaker's

platform 95 River in

England 96 Desert wind

105 "Bekeve - not!"

collar 108 Where Rangoon

109 Racing distance

110 Sudden sharp

112 Troublesome car

pain 111 Tipsy one

115 Listens to

82 Like some

typewriter paper 85 Farm tower

87 Former slaves

89 Bush or

90 Fatcons

91 Uphoistered

94 Obsolete

95 Egyptan god

96 Drinks Slowly

98 Single, pre!.

100 Formal combat

101 MacLaine role

103 Russian saint

104 Linear measures

56 Hang over 59 Poem division

65 Have a meal

68 Curve

69 Turn bed

71 Wrenched

72 Went over

51 - even keel

52 Electric

58 Sorry!

59 Fire

56 - majesty

57 Responsibility

63 Tree homes

70 Danger color

64 Scout unit

60 — Kmg Cole 61 Biblical patriarch

66 Formerty called

102 Expansive

97 Romance lang

92 Onassis, tambarly

113 Brink

115 Ardor

117 Tng

106 Hot under the

99 Frown on

Tanzania, Zimbabwe and

mosquito attractant could already have been produced if research had followed the

same path. "The research on the mosquitoes was abandoned in the early 1970s when people were putting more and more reliance on the use of insecticides," he said.

"I'm sure if we had continued in the early 1970s up to this stage we would have found some (mosquito) attractants. But we are still 20 years behind in comparison with the tsetse people."

The biggest problem is the diversity of malarial mosauitoes.

Each of the hundreds of species of mosquitoes which make up the malariaspreading Anopheles family operates in a slightly different way and may use different attractants. It has been known for

many years that body heat, humidity and exhaled carbon dioxide attract mosquitoes to

Last Week's Cryptograms

Children cheer as forty-two inches of snow closes schools for the day.

2. Laughter is life's eagey art to drown the outery of a wounded heart.

4. Twin indy cyclists chased way bachelor into lonely byway.

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3. Naturally, people are upset that our country's thin assets don't offset the

CRYPTOGRAMS

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2. LAWLMN FELONY LALMNP RIAUROR

3. FEVERD BERDAJ QFLA HAPJERD F VIRD

4. WILLOWY CAMP WOLLIWY COSML MI LAM

RERD, FRO HARM BMJFEDYM YILA.

DIHR, BFRD MYA BIRDB BYA YFO QILA MI

LBBXMN UC EXCT FLIMSY BXM PXKONUXC

OIN AMINPD ABBC RSEHB CGBHBIRH EK

DEF LOD CGBHBIRPD

-By Eugene T. Maleska

-By Ed Haddleson

-By Rite Salvato

-By Frank N. Stein

SOLUTIONS OF LAST WEEK'S PUZZLE

human and animal victims. Dr. Knols was looking for something specific to Anopheles Gambiae which gets more than 70 per cent of

its blood from humans. 'He hopes to have further refined the blend by the time

the research is published. "What we are mainly interested in is something

which is very, very human

specific," Dr. Knols said. Research groups are operating at London's Imperial College, the Institute of Parasitology in Rome, the Tanzanian National Institute of Medical Research and Wageningen's Department of Entomology. Financial backing

is provided by the European

Community and the U.S.

group Johnson And Johnson.

Dr. Knols said research was conducted in a wind tunnel, releasing a stream of each test chemical and using infra red sensitive video equipment to see how the mosquitoes reacted.

Using the blend in the tunnel, mosquitões were two and a half to three times more likely to follow that scent than a control substance.

The next stage will be to \$ conduct field trials. These will be difficult but Dr. Knols > is certain he is on the right

"It is a well known fact that \$\int\$ if you put two people in a 🛣 bedroom one gets bitten more than the other. That is \tag{2} not something to do with heat 🛬 or humidity, that must be ? odours," he said.

# Scientists fighting breast cancer see

By Lauran Neergaard The Associated Press

ATLANTA — Scientists are trying to determine whether green tea; oil from orange peel or even a broccoli pill can help women ward off breast cancer.

Food is a new frontier in breast cancer research, and about 300 scientists assembled by the National Cance. Institute compared data on how large a role diet plays.

"We're swimming in a sea

of carcinogens, but nature also gives us a sea of preventive agents," said Dr. Clinton Grubbs of the University of Alabama. Breast cancer is the leading cancer among American

women, killing about 46,000 each year. Heredity is the leading risk factor, and doctors are honing in on a possible breast cancer gene. But they consider food

chock-full of possible deterrents. They're racing to identify and isolate the best nutrients, hoping to add them to the foods Americans like to

We added fluoride to water, iodine to salt," Dr. Grubbs said. "We'll never be

able to get Americans to eat just the good foods...so may be we can add them to our bread, our milk, something the public ingests every day.'

The National Cancer Institute's Dr. Elizabeth Snyderwine amplified this idea: "Our ultimate goal is to find ways of eating and living rather than eating and dying.

"Maybe a salad and a steak can offset each other." Topping the research list

are green tea, orange oil, garlic and onions — staples of diets in areas with low breast cancer rates, including Japan and the Mediterranean. Each contain complex che-

micals — called phytochemicals — that affect the body's metabolism, said Dr. Thomas Kensler of Johns Hopkins University. The body breaks down

food to use it. This metabolism also produces free radicals, agents that attack the structure of cells and leave them susceptible to cancer.

But some enzymes fight free radicals, and phytochemicals boost those enzymes. Dr. Kensler said. His early research shows a phytochemical in the oil from orange

peel has the most dramatic

### green tea, broccoli as possible weapons

Broccoli also jump-starts enzymes, Dr. Kensler found. But as vegetables age and are cooked, they lose that canproperly washed, pesticide residue offsets the benefits.

"Maybe one day we'll put broccoli in a pill," he said. Vitamin A also boosts natural cancer defences but has a huge drawback -- large doses are toxic. Dr. Grubbs is studying derivatives of Vitamin A called Retinoids; ear-

ly results indicate they're nontoxic cancer fighters. "Do not go buy Vitamin A supplements and ingest them," Dr. Grubbs warned. "Until we find ways to boost Retinoids, just eat lots of

green leafy vegetables." The scientists disagreed about dietary fat.

For a decade, doctors have warned women that fat may cause breast cancer, although no one could explain why.

Now some doctors say avoid fat if you fear heart

disease, but do not worry about it causing breastcancer.

Dr. Geoffrey Howe of Canada's National Cancer Incer-fighting edge. Also, if not stitute and Dr. Walter Willett of Harvard studied about 6,000 breast cancer patients and concluded that if fat plays any role, it's a very

weak one. But Dr. Sherwood Gorbach of Tufts Universitythinks fat raises the body's natural levels of Estrogen which is linked to breast cancer. His studies show low-fat, 34 high-fiber diets lower:-Estrogen.

And some plants -- parti-:cularly soybeans - drop-Estrogen levels even more. he said. Japanese women, for: example, have very lowbreast cancer rates. They consume soy in bulk while Americans eat little.

"Does that mean consumption of soy can prevent cancer? I don't know," Dr. Gorbach said. "It's a very tantalising possibility."

#### SOLUTIONS

### TEST YOUR KNOWLEDGE

At different ages, a salmon-fry, a part, a smolt, and a grilse.

2. A group of trees upon which rooks make their nests. 3. A fish split open, salted and smoked; also a male salmon . caught late in the season. Consumption of fatty fish as KIPPERS can reduce the risk of death after a heart attack. 4. "Cuck-koo."

Perseverance. The king was Robert the Bruce.

6. (A) A female sheep (B) A male sheep

7. A woman's bosom is her breasts. If you are in the bosom of your family or of a community, you are among people who love and protect you. A bosom friend is a very close friend. A besom (pronounced: 'bi:zem') - a stiff sweeping broom made of twigs.

"The idea that cigarettes | 8. A lamp chiefly of wire-gauze, invented by Sir Humphry Davy, and used by miners.

(A) If the model is 8,000,000 times lighter than the real Eiffel Tower and both are made of the same metal, then the volume of the model should be 8,000,000 times less than that of the real tower. We already know that the volumes of similar figures are to one another as the cubes of their altitudes. Hence, the model must be 200 times smaller than the original because

The altitude of the real tower is 300 metres. Therefore, the height of the model should be 300: 200=1½ metres.

(B) WORD TERMINATION:

2. Selfish.

3. Dwarfish. 4. Wolfish.

### 'Smokers burn more calories'

SAN FRANCISCO (R) — Smokers burn more calories than non-smokers, a study released recently said, but gave no explanation for the phenomenon.

Researchers found that eight men tested used five per cent more calories when smoking than when they stopped.

The University of California at San Francisco (UCSF) study involved eight heavy smokers, all healthy, middleaged men of average weight, whose metabolic changes were carefully monitored during a week when they continued smoking and another week when they ab-

stained. However, the study quashed the theory that cigarettes have a metabolic effect on fat cells which leads smokers to gain weight when they quit.

Some scientists believe cigarettes create a metabolic effect that leaves smokers with "hungry" fat cells when they quit, driving their bodies

to produce and store more But the UCSF researchers

found there was no metabolic magic that causes people to gain weight when they quit

stein, associate professor of medicine at UCSF, said in a statement. Prof. Hellerstein led the study, which was released at the annual meeting of the

have this magical effect on fat

metabolism is not supported

by our data," Marc Heller-

American Federation for Clinical Research in Washington. The researchers also found an explanation of how smoking contributes to so-called

disease.

"bad" cholesterol, putting people at greater risk of heart They found that while the

men smoked, 62 per cent more fatty acids were released into their bloodstream than when they were not smoking.

\*\*\* PUZZLES & BRAIN-TEASERS

200×200×200=8,000,000

The model will thus be about the height of man. \*\*\*

1. Elfish.

5. Raffish.

(Continued from page 1)

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begovic told reporters. He said Bosnian Serb forces would have to lift their siege of various towns, withdraw their heavy weapons and allow civilians freedom of movement befi the new talks would be possible. As Mr. Izetbegovic spoke, deputies of the self-styled Bosnian

Serb parliament met at Paie, in the hills above Sarajevo, to debate whether to accept or reject the Vance-Owen plan to divide the republic into 10 semiautonomous ethnic cantons.

A U.N. Protection Force (UN-PROFOR) spokesman in Sarajevo said that a team of five military observers dispatched to the eastern besieged town of Zepa were stopped by a local

U.N. General Philippe Moril-

Serb commander.

Serbs and Muslims on Tuesday to send military observers to Zepa, where there were reports of heavy fighting, and to other east-em Bosnian Muslim enclaves.

man said: "We have confirmation that a local commander was not informed of their (the observers') pennission to travel to Zepa and had been stopped and cautioned that the information was already hours old.

Bosnian Serb leader Radovan Karadzic initialled the peace document in Athens Sunday, but it still needs ratification from his

assembly Wednesday to approve the peace plan or prepare for Western attacks.

plan," Mr. Karadzic told parliament. "Otherwise, the damage will be enormous."

Serbian President Slobodan Milosevic also urged the assembly to pass the accord.

Both Mr. Karadzic and Mr. Milosevic had previously opposed the peace plan, but have reversed their stance as Western allies increased threats of military intervention.

"All nations in history have had to make compromises in

order to survive," Greek Premier Constantine Mitsotakis told the assembly. "Don't give a chance to those powers eagerly awaiting military intervention against

"Don't commit suicide," Mr. Mitsotakis added. "Vote for

But the assembly of Bosnian Serbs, many of them belligerents hardened by a year of fighting

that has left 134,000 people dead or missing, just last month unanimously voted to reject the peace

It is not certain when the 82member assembly meeting for two days in the Heavenly Valley region of Mount Jahorina is to make the final decision. Mount Kahorina was the site of the 1984 Sarajevo Winter Olympics.

"The vote will be very close and unpredictable," said Momcilo Krajisnik, head of the assembly, before members began their initial closed-door session

Wednesday morning. Serbia and Serbian-dominated Yugoslavia are suffering under strict new U.N. sanctions meant to choke them into ending their support of the Bosnian Serb re-

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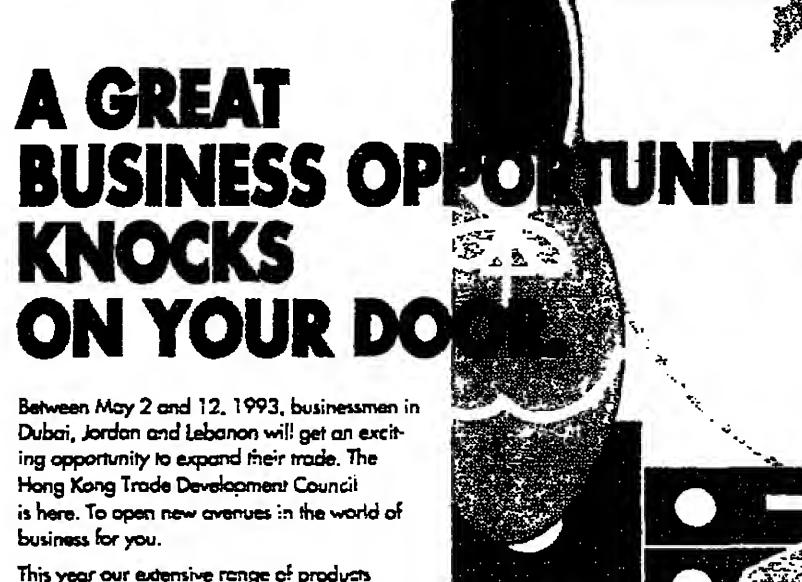
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He could not say where they

hardline parliament,

Mr. Karadzic appealed to the

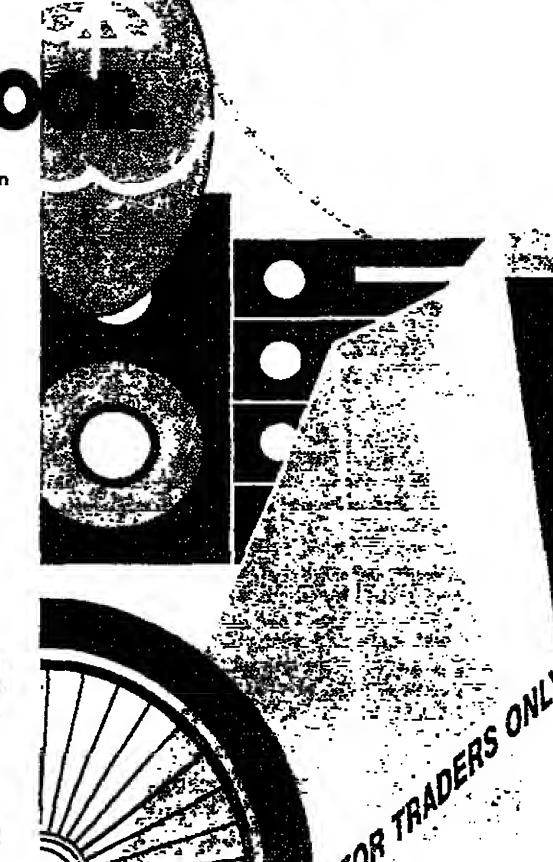




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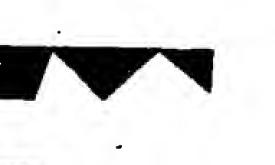
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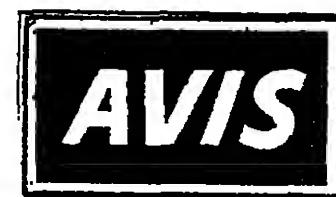
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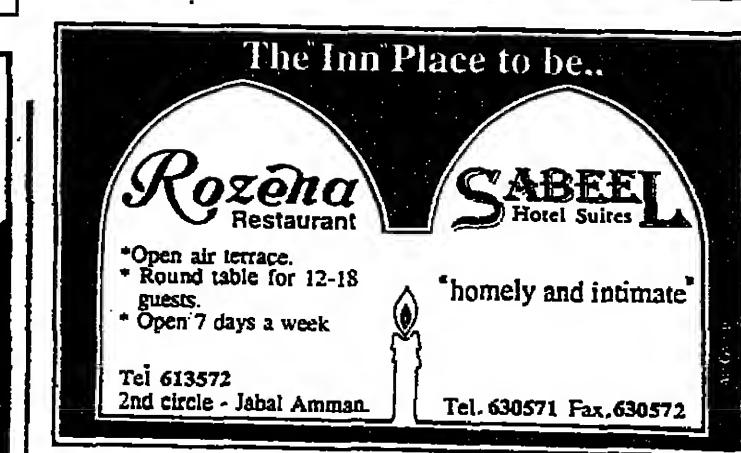
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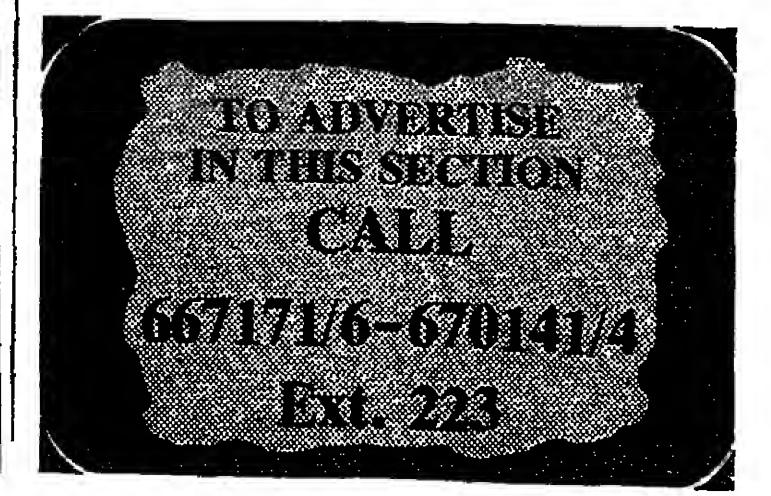
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### Al Maidan's basketball tourney begins Friday

Ahli, Orthodoxi face-off before May 20 final

By Aleen Bannayan Special to the Jordan Times

AMMAN — Seven top Arab basketball teams Friday begin competition at the Sports Palace in Amman in the basketball championship organised by Al Maidan sports weekly in celebration of the 40th anniversary of His Majesty King Hussein's assumption of constitutional powers.

The tournament which opens at 4.30 p.m. will enjoy wide television coverage of the matches between the teams representing four countries.

Jordanian basketball fans will not only get the chance to watch well-known players like Thamer Mustafa, Naseer Ahmad, Qusai Hatem and many others, but they will finally see the Kingdom's star-studded all-time rivals, Al Ahli and Al Orthodoxi, playing after a break of over three months.

The two teams last met in the First Division Championship. However they have not yet played the title-deciding match as the competition was disrupted by a technical controversy which the Jordan Basketball Federation failed to resolve. Now a new date has been set for the final match —

Al Maidan's tournament has attracted Lebanon's Al Riyadi and Al Hikma, Iraq's Air Force team and Al Naft Club, a unified team representing clubs in Jerusalem, in addition to Jordan's Al Ahli and Al Orthodoxi. Al Wathba of Syria pulled out of the tournament Tuesday.

All competing teams have impressive records to boast of and the Iraqi teams probably have the most experienced players who have previously played in Jordan representing Al Karkh and Al Rasheed clubs.

The two Jordanian teams include most of the country's best players: Murad and Hilal Barakat, Naser Bushnag, Sameer Murqus, Jihad Saliba, Marwan Ma'toug, Walid Badran and Muntaser Abultayyeb.

### Injured quartet named for England squad

LONDON (AFP) - England manager Graham Taylor named his four injury-hit players in a 25-man squad for five closeseason internationals Wednesday and then kept his fingers crossed that they would be available. Midfielders Paul Gascoigne

and David Batty, striker Ian Wright and left-back Tony Dorigo have all been chosen, despite being sidelined.

Gascoigne is currently recovering from an operation on a fractured cheekbone, Wright is just back in training after a broken toe, Dorigo has had an ankle injury and Batty has had knee trouble.

But Taylor expects all four to be fit for the World Cup quali-Tiers in Poland May 29 and Nor-- way June 2, plus the three U.S. Cup matches across the Atlantic against the 1994 World Cup



Monaco forward Jurgen Klinsmann (left) strikes the ball despite Paris Saint Germain defender Gomes Ricardo's tackle during their French Cup match. PSG advanced to the quarterfinals after winning 1-9 (AFP photo)

hosts, Brazil and Germany In contrast, goalkeeper David Seaman and winger John Barnes will both miss the three games in the USA.

Marseille rest seven first team players: European Cup finalists Marseille have rested seven first team players and left coach Raymond Goethals at home before their French Cup match with Caen, Wednesday.

Croatian striker Alen Boksic and Ghanaian forward Abedi

Pele have remained in Marseille along with the five players who were with the French World Cup squad last week — midfielders Franck Sauzee and Didier Deschamps, defenders Jocelyn Angloma and Basile Boli and goalkeeper Fabien Barthez.

Marseille, chasing a record fifth consecutive title, aim to become the first French club to win a European trophy when they meet AC Milan in the European Cup final in Munich May 26.

### beats Oman in soccer friendly

MUSCAT (J.T.) — Jordan beat Oman 1-0 in a friendly match played Wednesday at the Sultan Qaboos Sports Complex. The match's only goal was scored by Mohammad Al Ashbab 70 minutes into the game. The two teams will meet again Thursday. The matches are part of the two countries' preparations for the World Cup qualifying tournament for the Asian group. The group includes Jordan, Pakistan, China, Yemen and Iraq. Jordan will host the first stage matches of the tournament which will kick off on May 22, in Irbid.

### Chang latest victim of Goellner

HAMBURG (AFP) - Michael Chang Tuesday became the latest big-name victim of 22-year-old German Marc Goellner when he was beaten 5-7, 6-4, 6-3 in the 2nd round of the German Open in Hamburg.

Goellner, who first made his mark by defeating Stefan Edberg and Ivan Lendl to win the Nice Open last month, withstood a determined challenge from the 5th seeded American, who was playing his first tournament on clay this year. Ninth seed Wayne Ferreirra, not at his best after travelling from the Davis Cup tie against the Ivory Coast, fell 6-3, 6-4 to Jonas Svensson, and 12th seed Carlos Costa joined the South African on the sidelines. The Spaniard was beaten 6-3, 4-6, 7-6 (7-5) by Andrei Chesnokov.

Marcos Ondruska, seeded 14, had to win a final set tie-break to beat Belgian Burt Wuyts. Goellner's huge serve had Chang in trouble from the start, and for a long period the American could do little more than

return it into play. "I had quite a few opportunities to win the match," Chang confessed afterwards. "But didn't convert them."

"My return was a little too short and that was a major problem, but I shall go away and work on a few things to get ready for Rome next week and the French Open."

#### **NBA** playoff results

NEW YORK (R) — Results & first-round National Basketball Association playoff games played Tuesday:

Eastern Conference Chicago 98 8 Atlanta 88 (Chicago wins best-of-five series

Indiana 116 -- New York 93 (New York leads series 2-1) Western Conference

Utah 90 — Seatle 80 (Utah leads series 2-1) Phoenix 107 — L.A. Lakers 102 (Los Angeles leads series 2-1)

# Mobiler .

French Francois Delecour on his way to capturing the 37th Tour of Corsica rally at the wheel of his Ford Escort Cosworth (AFP photo)

### Delecour wins Tour of Corsica

AJACCIO, Corsica (AP) — France's Francois Delecour won the tour of Corsica auto rally Tuesday beating defending champion Didier Auriol by barely a minute.

Delecour, driving a Ford Cosworth, was ahead of compatriot Auriol, in a Toyota Celica, by 1 minute, 2 seconds. The rally had a total distance of 1,131 kilometres and 24 specials over the three days. Delecour was in command of the race from the first day when he took seven of the eight timed special sections.

In third place was another Frenchman, François Chatriot, in a Toyota, 2:42 behind Delecour. Fourth was Carlos Sainz of Spain, last year's world champion, 3:48

behind Delecour. Sainz was in a Lancia Delta. Delecour now takes the lead over Juha Kankkunen of Finland in the World Championship driver's standings with 55 points. Kankkunen is second with 43. Kankkunen did not enter the tour of



U.S. OVERCOMES CUBA 7-6: U.S. and Cuban players in action during the 8th Water Polo World Cup match in Athens. In other matches Italy beat Germany 11-5, Hungary beat Russia 10-8 and Australia beat Greece 8-6 (AFP photo)

### HOROSCOPE

FORECAST FOR THURSDAY MAY 6, 1993 By Thomas S. Pierson, Astrologer, Carroll Righter Foundation

GENERAL TENDENCIES: Consult with your family about their hopes and wishes for the future and join with them in happy accord by relaxing or entertaining at your residence. Make it a happy time for all including drop ins.

ARIES: March 21 to April 19) Think about what you can best do to go along with a modern-minded friend who has a unique idea so you can gain an important wish, tonight do actual work required.

TAURUS: (April 20 to May 20) Seek out the most progressive bigwig whom you can contact and get from him suggestions for the future where your abilities can be best

GEMINE: (May 21 to June 21)
Think about a trip or jaunt you could take that could enhance your present well being and make the arrangements for delaying would lose you the opportunity. MOON CHILDREN: (June 22 to

July 21) Consider what your best traits are for increasing the image in which you are held by the general public, enhance these and add to your prestige.

LEO: (July 22 August 21) Put aside those very conservative ideas that mean so much to you and become more of the modern scene today and your success increases proportionately.

VIRGO: (August 22 to September 22) Start the day right by putting

into motion new husiness formulas and methods that can add to your present efficiency and operative

LIBRA: (September 23 to October 22) Join forces now with those who have confidence in and are very positive in their approach at gain-

ing your mutual aims and they become yours. SCORPIO: (October 23 to November 21) Look into the various ways you decided yesterday you could better your current activities and try them out for size and you make rapid headway to accomplishment. SAGITTARIUS: (November 22 to December 21) Whatever entertainment, recreations of amusements

appeal to you but you have not yet enjoyed should be a part of your agenda for today, tonight. CAPRICORN: (December 22 to January 20) A day to expect all sorts and types of conditions to arise at your home and you need to make sure that you handle them in

a sparking manner AQUARIUS: (January 21 to February 19) Be on the lookout for ways to be more productive by accepting advanced and unusual ways to put your usual routines and activities

PISCES: (February 20 to March 20) Whatever you had planned of a materialistic nature from a more up to date stance can be put in effect by you with a good chance of



"It's like a Stephen King plot — no matter how often we pay them, they keep coming back!!!"

#### HOROSCOPE

FORECAST FOR FRIDAY MAY 7, 1993

GENERAL TENDENCIES: Let influential men, whether they understand you or have different ideas from yours, know what you feel they can do to increase your wellbeing. Make a point to use care in dealing with females.

ARIES: March 21 to April 19) You see clearly the various means by which you can extend your personal interests and activities which get into the material aspects involved.

TAURUS: (April 20 to May 20) You need to get off alone so you can clear your mind and think about what your secret goals actually are, then get out and do what is required to make them a

reality. GEMINI: (May 21 to June 21) Think about your various intimate desires and what you can do to make your dreams come true, then you can quietly organise time for such activities.

MOON CHILDREN: (June 22 to July 21) Consider well your vocational activities and what you need to do to throw new light, vitality on them, then get friends to also assist

LEO: (July 22 August 21) Look into the means by which you can have greater growth towards your finest objectives in the future and later do the outside tasks required to gain them.

VIRGO: (August 22 to September 22) Take into account today va-

By Thomas S. Pierson, Astrologer, Carroll Righter Foundation rious new formulas by which to increase business progress, make decisions, then get one of different

> views to give you ideas also. LIBRA: (September 23 to Octobe 22) A brilliant person shows what you can do to be more productive in a mutual undertaking, then you can get into your specific duties to

> be done. SCORPIO: (October 23 to November 21) Think about how you will be able to perform activities of a routine nature with a greater flair, after which you can get outsiders views of your abilities.

> SAGITTARIUS: (November 22 to December 21) You long for some new delights and can find some today if you are alert to them, after which get into the means by which you can show talent.

> CAPRICORN: (December 22 to January 20) Whatever family members are of importance can be handled in a unique fashion now after which take family with you to

> some outside amusements. AQUARIUS: (January 21 to February 19) Go out in the world and do the things important to you that you have been nutting off or not had the time to do and tonight enjoy home, family comforts.

> PISCES: (February 20 to March 20) You can take a good look at your property and possessions and see what they require and then study all available sources to find ways to do so.

**ACROSS** 

deposit 5 Carroli

1 Bondsman's

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15 Held sway

18 Goodbye

22 Nation

say —" 25 Indonesian

29 Outlandish

37 UN member

Greenspan

43 Guantanamo's

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44 Disposition

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60 Mine output'

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dog 64 Materes

65 Spooky

68 Place

66 Architect

Saarinen · ·

67 Conservative

89 Small cookie

Singer Joan

3 Muser leader

of You"

56 Ammo

38 Economist

41 Observes

island

36 Clapton

#### THAT SCRAMBLED WORD GAME by Henri Arnold Unscramble these four Jumbles,one letter to each square, to form four ordinary words. GUFED THE TAXABLE PARTY BATAGE TO COMPANY PROPERTY. SIVAT CUDLAN RATHER BIG FOR BALLET THESE DAYS CEETIN

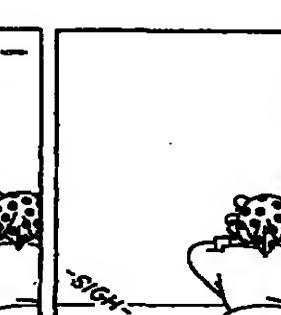
Now arrange the circled letters to form the surprise answer, as suggested by the above cartoon. Print answer here:

(Answers tomorrow Jumbles: TASTY PRIME ENOUGH ABUSED Answer: What you might get from a SENATOR-

### Peanuts









### Andy Capp



### : Mutt'n'Jeff



#### **GOREN BRIDGE**

WITH OMAR SHARIF & TANNAH HIRSCH 141992 Tribune Media Services, Inc.

MORE PREEMPTS

North-South vulnerable. South NORTH 4 A 6 5 VAQ97 A965 **+**86 WEST **\*974** 4KQJ10832 763

7 J 2

**♦** Void 9 KJ 10 8 5 9K874 +AJ74 The bidding: South West North East 3 4 4 9 4 4 Pass 6 V Pass 5 7

+ K Q 10 9 5 3+ 2 SOUTH

Pass Pass

Opening lead: King of •
By elevating the bidding to an uncomfortably high level immediately, preemptive bids force opponenta to make decisions when they do not have sufficient information for educated action. A certain amount of probing in the fog might be the result, frequently leading to poor contracts. But the very distribution that made the preempt at-

Left to their own endeavors, it is unlikely that North-South would

tractive can work in the opponents'

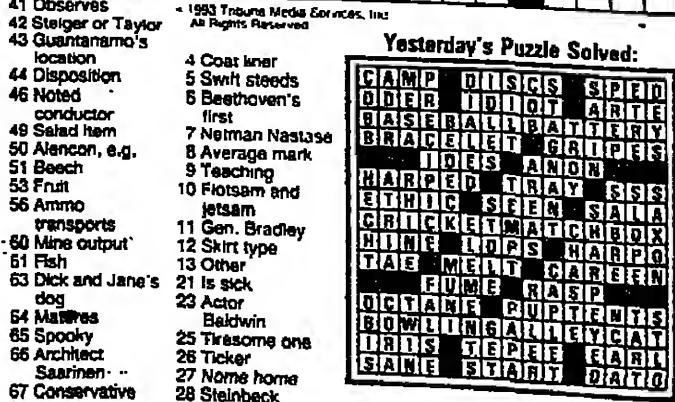
have reached slam. And if they did, it is quite possible declarer would have gone wrong and conceded down one. When South bid freely East's four spades, North raised confidently to slam despite the doubleton club. Without club control, South could not have an opening bid, let alone the values to contract for 11 tricks.

West led the king of clubs and declarer was not in love with the prospects of scraping together 12 tricks-it looked like there was an unavoidable loser in each minor suit. However, the fact that each defender held a long suit offered some hope. Declarer won the opening lead in

the closed hand, crossed to the nine of hearts and ruffed a spade. The ten of hearts, overtaken with the queen, provided the entry for another spade ruff. A diamond to the ace was followed by the ace of spades, on which declarer discarded a club, and declarer had a nearly complete count of the hand. West probably started with a 3-2-2-6 distribution. It was a simple matter for declarer to cash the king of diamonds and exit with a diamond. On East's forced spade return, declarer ruffed and discarded the table's remaining club. Dummy then took the last

three tricks.

### THE Daily Crossword by Isaac Miller D Capitol cover 14 Soprano Głuck 16 Jannings (first Oscar winner) 17 Ancient kingdom 20 Salisbury's land 24 "In Spain they 26 Alphabet run 34 Conceited one 39 Copland opus 42 Steiger or Taylor



28 Steinbeck family 30 Fortification 31 Line 32 Consumers 33 Relexes 2"-Do Is Dream 35 Cuts off

41 Emphasizes Godfather: 45 Blackjack cards 47 Elegant 48 Roma's land

53 Vessel 54 Jason's craft 55 --- do-well 59 Halt 62 Soak nax

56 Apple remnant 57 Store sign 58 Asta's mistress

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Interbank bid rates for amounts exceeding U.S. Dollars 1,000,800 or equivalent.

Central Bank of Jordan Exthange Rate Bulletin

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U.S. Dollar in International Markets

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**Financial** 

**Markets** 

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U.S. Dollar

Sterling Pound

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Japanese Yen\*

Dutch Guilder

Swedish Krona

Pollag Lira

\* Per 100

Currency

Belgian Franc

Other Carrencies

Bahraini Dinar

Lebanese Lira

Saudi Riyal

Oatari Riyal

Omani Riyal

UAE Dirbam

Greek Drachma\*

Cypriot Pound

Kuwaiti Dinar

Egyptian Pound

European Currency Unit

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\*\* European Opening @ 5:00 m.m. GMT

**Eurocurrency Interest Rates** 

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LONDON EXCHANGE RATES

LONDON (R) — Following are the buying and selling rates for leading world currencies and gold against the dollar at midsession on the London Foreign Exchange and bullion markets Wednes-Canadian dollar

1.2742/47 U.S. \$1.00 costs 1.5720/30 1.7655/65 1.4115/25 32.30/34 5.2925/75 1456/1459

110.12/17 7.2960/3060 6.6480/580 6.0350/450 \$1,5700/10

Danish crowns One sterling \$352.80/353.30 One ounce of gold

### Libya to channel its European investments to Asia

KUALA LUMPUR (R) -Libya, fearing trade reprisals from the European Community (EC) over the 1988 Pan Am bombing, plans to redirect its try. European investments into Asia, its Foreign Minister Omar Musta-

fa a Montasser said Wednesday. Western governments said last month they might ask for new United Nations sanctions against Libya to force it to hand over two Libyans suspected of blowing up the U.S. plane.

"We will be pulling out our substantial investments in Europe and redirecting them to Asia ... we do not want to put all our eggs in basket," Mr. Montasser told a news conference.

Mr. Montasser, on a four-day visit to Malaysia, said Libya did not want to be hurt by any collective decision by the EC. We want to diversify our European investments into this part of the world."

Libya would pull out almost all its European investments except for those in real estate, he said "We cannot dispose of our real estate holdings because of the current poor market."

Mr. Montasser said Libya would be sending a team of senior officials to Asia later this month to look into areas for potential investment.

He said Libya had "very negligible" investment in Asia because it had for long focussed on Europe. He said the prevailing circumstances made it imperative for Libya to diversify its investments to "safer regions.

Libya had been locked in a crisis with the West over the Pan Am bombing since the United States and Britain indicted two Libyans in November 1991. Sanctions were imposed in March 1992 for Libya's refusal to hand over the men for trial in the West. Western nations, led by the United States, are seeking the imposition of new sanctions, in-

cluding a possible oil embargo

which could cripple Libya. An oil embargo would deprive Tripoli of its key foreign exchange earner, analysts said. Libya produces 1.25 million barrels per day of oil, as allowed under OPEC output quotas, which earns the country about \$10 billion annually.

Mr. Montasser said Libya would be seeking to investment largely in Asia's oil and gas sector, adding that Tripoli would be looking at the region as both a market place and refining centre of the low-sulphur Libyan crude. "The transportation costs in-

volved in bringing our crude here

could be high .. but we feel there

are opportunities for Libyan crude," he said. Mr. Montasser said Libya's decision to invest in Asia was also linked to the freezing of Tripoli's \$4 billion assets by the United

States in 1986. "The United States used to be the number one market for Libva's crude. We now have to look elsewhere ... away from Europe to find new markets," he

### France sells Egypt debt in key test of reforms

CAIRO (R) - A French bargain sell-off of Egyptian debt is the first real test on international financial markets of investor confidence in Cairo's two-year-old economic reform programme.

Bankers in Cairo Monday said the French export credit guarantee agency COFACE and Egypt's central bank had agreed to put \$100 million of old Egyptian debt to potential investors in the coun-

Under the terms of the deal, which COFACE hopes will be the first of many, investors can buy the debt in Paris and resell it to the central bank in Cairo at a guaranteed profit — but only as long as they commit the money to buy stakes in Egyptian companies or set up projects in the country. "For France it is the start of ambitious programme," said a French banker. "They will auction off all their Egyptian debt in

enough demand and are looking to do the same with Latin American debt." COFACE hopes to sell off over \$2 billion of debt it contracted by guaranteeing French exports to Egypt in the 1980s. When Cairo

quarterly batches if there is

was chronically short of hard currency. The bankers said the deal. launched last month, attracted many bids from Egyptian and Arab investors. COFACE is still processing the bids and the exact degree of profit investors can

expect was not immediately clear. For Egypt, the deal is an ambitions bid to win market confidence and investment in its halfcompleted reforms sponsored by the International Monetary Fund

Cairo is sheltered from its \$40 billion foreign debt by the IMF agreement but must win investment now to generate economic growth high enough to enable it to face debt obligations without being crippled when the IMF cushion is removed in two years'

Even if Egypt successfully completes the reforms and wins a full 50 per cent reduction on \$26 billion of debt promised by Western Paris Club countries, it will once more have to meet normal

### Israeli exports soar

TEL AVIV (AFP) — Israel exported \$838 million worth of cut diamonds in the first quarter of 1993, some 24 per cent more than during the first three months of last year, the Diamond Institute reported.

Sales to the United States jumped 46 per cent to \$439 million while Hong Kong accounted for \$164 million, an increase of 18 per cent.

Exports were also up to Japan, but only by five per cent to \$136

Israel exported \$2.6 billion worth of diamonds last year making it one of the leading world centres for cut diamonds.

interest payments and face market conditions.

So far, two years of high interest rates coupled with an Egyptian pound holding rock solid against the U.N. dollar have attracted billions of dollars of private Egyptian holdings overseas back home into high-yielding bank deposits or safe treasury

But long-term investement in production, badly needed for the real economic growth that can address Egypt's pressing social needs, has lagged behind, harnpered by remaining bureaucratic hurdles and Muslim militant violence which has created a business climate of "wait-and-see."

Britain and Belgium have sold off old Egyptian debt to banks which then traded it in complex deals on specialised financial markets. But bankers said the French deal was much more significant because it involved small investors directly and was a pioneer project which could lead to further sell-offs.

Meanwhile, Cairo expects the Egyptian pound to hold steady against the U.S. dollar over the next six months despite gradually falling pound interest rates.

Deputy Governor Mohammad Al Barbari in an inverview with Reuters denied reports that the central bank had sold \$500 million of reserves to support the pound in March and said Egypt would not defend the currency

against normal fluctuations. "There is normal supply and demand. I cannot support an artificial rate that uses up all my reserves, No. But if there is an organised speculation, yes," he said. "We have not up to now sold any dollars, we are buying

dollars all the time." Mr. Barbari said he expected interest rates, currently just below 16 per cent on bank deposits,

to drop by about two per cent over the next six months as the government lowers rates on its benchmark 91-day treasury bills. But he expected the pound to hold steady because it would still maintain an interest rate premium over the low-yielding dollar. Official figures show inflation

in Egypt is steady at about 11 per The pound was trading at 3.342/351 at midday Tuesday, down about 0.5 per cent on two

months ago. Buoyed by interest rates which soared to 20 per cent, it has stayed almost rock solid against the dollar since it was floated in 1991, drawing billions of dollars of overseas holdings into the Egotian pound.

Mr. Barbari said the government currently had exposure of over 20 billion pounds (\$6 billion) in treasury bills but would slowly cut this over the next few years as the need to absorb liquidity subsided and Egypt cut its budget deficit borrowing needs.

He defended the central bank against criticism from Egyptian business circles that excessively high interest rates were stifling investment, leaving Egypt's free market reforms primed but still on the starting block.

"Interest rates are not the decisive factor for investment. They're one factor but general business confidence is much more important," he said.

He said the central bank hoped next month to lift credit crilings on lending by public banks to state firms, imposed to end decades of loss-making loans made under pressure to a hugely inefficient public sector.

Similar ceilings on lending by the four state banks, which account for over half the sector in Egypt, to the private sector were lifted in October last year.

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- Stage Two on Tuesday 4th of May at 5:00 - 6:30 pm.

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Italian Language Courses as follows:-

# Shihan fails computing test,

By Samir Shafiq Special to the Jordan Times

AMMAN — While Shihan, a popular Jordanian tabloid weekly, was busy piecing together a story about fraudulent transactions at the Industrial Development Bank (IDB) a few weeks ago, the bank was putting the final touches on its 1992 financial statement showing the best performance since 1965, when the

IDB was set up. According to the Shihan story, the central bank caught the IDB trading in foreign currencies and demanded that the industrial bank stop such activities. The story goes that the IDB did not comply and continued to deal in foreign currencies, prompting the

central bank to issue a warning. Shihan reported that the IDB had incurred a JD 309,000 loss from foreign exchange trading and that many employees were resigning to escape an inquiry panel.

IDB General Manager Taher Kanaan told a press conference Tuesday evening that there were no resignations whatsoever and that the inquiry panel was only get up to investigate how confidential bank documents were leaked to the press.

had some value had the thief stolen the right documents, which show the full and true story," Dr. Kanaan said jokingly.

To maximise income, Dr. Kaadditional funds and sought to

local market to consolidate its interest-earning power and generate more funds as re-

Dr. Kanaan stressed that the new approach was in line with the principles, rights and privileges which the law granted the industrial bank and that the IDB did

not exceed its lawful limits in any The IDB chief said the bank stopped borrowing foreign currencies from the local market at the first central bank request

Dr. Kanaan said the ID entry to show a loss provision for the sterling pound which declined

"The Shiban story would have

He explained that the IDB gets most of its funding in foreign currencies and, traditionally, has converted the sums into Jordanian dinars soon after receiving

borrow foreign currency from the 1991.

although it was legitimate for the IDB to tap any source of funs and to invest it in any currency at any location the industrial bank deemed necessary to ensure its utmost benefits.

309,000 loss, which Shihan blew out of context, was an accounting in value.

"It is true that the pound value went down, but our meane from the high interest rate was more than the loss provision," Dr. Kanaan emphasised, noting that the 1DB was in the market as an investor and not as a trader in foreign currencies.

The IDB general manager described the Shihan story as "totally imaginative and inconsiderate" and said the tabloid's management was "irresponsible" because, he said, he had written to them and fully explained the situation but they opted to completely ignore his clarification to the readers.

The bank recorded a net profit of JD 2.53 million at the end of 1992, compared to JD 1.18 million in 1991. The 114.6% rise in naan elaborated, the bank net profit was a result of extendadopted a strategy to keep the ing 202 loans, amounting to JD moneys in foreign currencies until 28.5 million, last year, compared they were actually needed in di- to an average of 105 loans, nars. As such, the IDB generated amounting to an average of JD 14 million between the years 1988-

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**AMMAN - JORDAN** 

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By: Suheir Fahd, Mohammad Al Qabbani, Amer Al Khafash

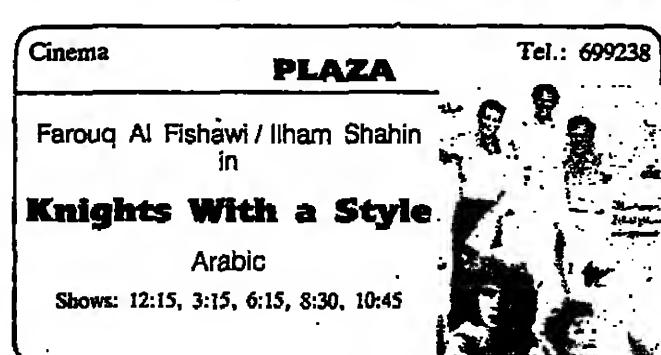
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### Reform deputies see support for early Russian elections

MOSCOW (Agencies) — Reformist members of the Congress of People's Deputies said Wednesday they were gathering support for moves to force the dissolution of the Russian parliament and hold early elections.

Lev Ponomaryov, one of the group, said last month's referendum victory by President Boris Yeltsin had made some deputies who had abandoned his camp think about rejoining it.

"Of course they are thinking about their future," he said. Mr. Ponomaryov and other pro-Yeltsin deputies were speaking at a news conference at which they accused parliament Chairman Rusian Khasbulatov of protecting organisers of violent clashes with police in Moscow on

May Day. Mr. Khasbulatov, Mr. Yeltsin's main rival, appeared on television Tuesday and blamed Moscow's reformist city authorities for the clashes.

Father Gleb Yakunin, a pro-Yeltsin radical, said around 200 deputies would support dissolution of the Congress, elected in 1990. If 150 more gave their support, this would be enough to deprive it of a quorum and force

early elections. Mr. Yeltsin is seeking early elections and the adoption of a new constitution. But under the existing constitution he cannot dissolve either Congress or the smaller standing parliament, the

Supreme Soviet. "The president won a clear victory in the referendum. All deputies understand that he now has a clear strategic advantage. A lot are hesitating and would like to cross back to the president's

PHNOM PENH (AFP) — It will

take more than the Khmer

Rouge's constant attacks against

U.N. peacekeepers and Cambo-

dian provincial capitals to derail

the country's elections less than

three weeks away, U.N. officials

But the killing of a Japanese

U.N. policeman, a rampage

through the town of Siem Reap

and the shelling of U.N.

this week go further than ever

before in showing that the U.N.

plan for peace in Cambodia has

failed and that elections held in

an unstable environment will

"At this stage we're still pre-

paring the election," U.N.

spokesman Eric Falt said after

Khmer Rouge guerrillas attacked

the U.N. Chinese engineering

battalion base in central Kom-

pong Thom overnight, damaging

two buildings but causing no

"The date has not changed,"

China was the Khmer Rouge's

he' said. "Nothing much has

main political and military ally in

the 14-year civil war against the

Phnom Penh government, and

could well have supplied the

shells which were fired at its

the Khmer Rouge since the fac-

tion refused to participate in the

election, calling it a rubber-stamp

up by the state administration.

But it has distanced itself from

cusualties.

changed."

have questionable legitimacy.

peacekeepers from China already

bere said Wednesday.

side," Mr. Yakunin said. Mr. Ponomaryov said he was giving up his seat in the Supreme Soviet though he would remain a Congress deputy. He accused Mr. Khasbulatov of trying to purge reformers from parliamentary committees.

Lawyer Boris Zolotukhin told the news conference he and his colleagues were concerned that none of the organisers of Saturday's march had been arrested or charged. "The investigation seems to be very feeble," he said.

The demonstration led to clashes with police in which about 600 people were injured. The three men were killed during an abortive 1991 Soviet coup

Communist and nationalist groups which organised the march have been rallying around parliament since Saturday, seeking support among the deputies who are expected to meet Thursday afternoon to discuss the May Day events.

Speakers at the news conference said Mr. Khasbulatov had done nothing to stop the demonstrators displaying openly anti-Semitic banners outside the parliament building.

Official results of the April 25 referendum were released Wednesday and confirmed that voters endorsed President Boris Yeltsin for his leadership and for his reforms, ITAR-TASS re-

The publication of the final results came after Mr. Yeltsin said he would take steps to turn his referendum victory into actions to cow his conservative foes

of the Vietnamese occupation of

Cambodia, and stepped up vio-

lent attacks that apparently are

Up until recently, the \$2 billion

20,000-member U.N. Transition-

al Authority in Cambodia (UN-

TAC) had made a neutral politic-

al environment the "sine qua-

non" for holding the May 23-28

be satisfied in legitimising any

government elected in the best

environment possible under the

Opposition political parties say

intimidation by the present

Phnom Penh government con-

tinues unabated, and villagers

have been warned by the Khmer

Rouge to stay away from the polls

or they risk being caught up in the

country have been placed on a

level-one alert, with some dis-

tricts moving up to level two after

a Khmer Rouge ambush on a

U.N. convoy which left the

Japanese policeman dead Tues-

portedly arriving in Phnom Penh

from distant provinces in order to

At least 10 per cent of all U.N.

electoral officials have quit, and a

number have been withdrawn

from their districts. Their retreat

means UNTAC will have to call

in soldiers to run the polling

discuss their security.

**WORLD NEWS IN BRIEF** 

NEW DELHI (AFP) — A flash-flood triggered by non-stop rains

swept away 40 villages in Assam and submerged a key highway

linking the northeastern state to rest of India, the Press Trust of

India (PTI) said Wednesday. Some 50,000 people were marooned

in Assam's Karamganj district after their homes were swept away

in the flood waters, triggered by three days of non-stop rains in

the southwest of the state. Two rain-swollen rivers burst their

Danks in six places drowning the 40 villages, the news agency said,

adding that the situation was expected to worsen as the water

level in the Assam Valley was rising. The army has been asked to

evacuate the thousands of stranded people to 14 relief camps set

TBILISI, Georgia (R) — Georgia restored power to all its regions

with the help of extra electricity supplies from Azerbaijan and

Turkey Wednesday after a blackout that affected nearly half the

former Soviet republic, officials said. Vaja Metreveli, vice-

director of the electricity firm Gruzenergiya, told Reuters

Television in the capital Tbilisi that' a team had been sent to

investigate the loss of supplies from a big power station in western

Azeris, Turks supply Georgian power

Flood wipes out 40 Indian villages

Japanese policemen were re-

Peacekeepers throughout the

circumstances.

aimed at disrupting the poll.

Cambodian elections move full speed

ahead despite string of U.N. attacks

A majority of 58.7 per cent of Russian voters answered "yes" to the question: "Do you have confidence in President Boris Yeltsin?", according to the official figures released by the Central Electoral Commission.

On the second question — "Do you support socio-economic reforms implemented by President Boris Yeltsin?", 53 per cent of voters answered "yes".

The third and fourth questions on the ballot on early presidential and parliamentary elections got the backing of 31.7 per cent of registered voters and 43.1 per

Turnout was 69.2 million of Russia's 105.5 million registered

Meanwhile, Defence Minister Pavel Grachev reiterated Wednesday that the army would remain neutral in the political conflict between the president and conservative-dominated par-

Speaking before a group of Soviet army veterans, Mr. Grachev said it would be "inadmissible" to drag the Russian army into "settling political

"The political struggle must be carried out within the constitutional and legal framework without having to rely on security forces, especially the army," he

Mr. Grachev has been a loyal supporter of Mr. Yeltsin in the latter's struggle with his hardline

In a separate development, a Russian special forces officer crushed by a truck during Satur-

booths or cancel the election

UNTAC force commander

Lieutenant General John Sander-

son said the United Nations was

discussing the ramifications of

continued Khmer Rouge attacks

on U.N. personnel, but reiterated

that there are no plans to call off

going to stop the elections in

some areas they control," San-

"We're still working on the

assumption that the vast majority

of the Cambodian population can

get to a polling station," he said.

their position clear in clandestine

radio broadcasts, in which they

constantly charge that UNTAC is

siding with the so-called "Viet-

namese agressors" and that the

Cambodian people are "resolute-

nominal Khmer Rouge leader

Khieu Samphan read in English

called the elections "ridiculous

The Khmer Rouge say Viet-

namese troops still occupy Cam-

bodia, and that UNTAC is help-

ing to keep them in power

through an election that will give

them international recognition.

Peking "strongly condemned"

Wednesday the attack on the

Chinese U.N. contingent in Cam-

On Wednesday, a statement by

ly opposed" to the elections.

The Khmer Rouge have made

"This means at this point they

the election.

derson told AFP.

and dangerous."

China

criticises

Patten's

Wednesday.

colony.

U.S. talks

HONG KONG (R) - China has

accused Hong Kong Governor

Chris Patten of creating obstacles

to Sino-British talks on the terri-

tory's future by meeting U.S.

President Bill Clinton, a Peking

controlled newspaper reported

on Hong Kong affairs anybody

who goes overseas to play the

international card will not help

the meeting to be successful but

will even create obstacles to the

talks," Ta Kung Pao quoted

Zhang Junsheng, vice director of

Xinhua News Agency's Hong

Mr. Clinton endorsed Mr. Pat-

ten's plans for democratic reform

when they held talks at the White

House Monday at the first official

meeting between a U.S. leader

and a governor of the British

said Hong Kong issues were a

matter for Britain and China

alone up to the colony's July 1,

China has long accused Mr.

Patten of internationalising his

dispute with Peking over the elec-

toral reforms by seeking foreign

no right to interfere. This is our

consistent stand," said Mr.

Zhang, repeating a long-held

"Any third party would have

support for his package.

1997 return to the mainland.

Speaking Tuesday, Mr. Zhang

Kong branch, as saying.

"During the Sino-British talks

Now UNTAC has said it would (the Khmer Rouge) are definitely

altogether in certain areas.

day's clashes between police and Communist demonstrators in Moscow died in hospital Wednesday, Commonwealth Television

The 25-year-old officer of the Omon special police force, Vladimir Tolokneyev, died after failing to regain consciousness. His head was crushed when a truck backed into him, pushing him against another vehicle.

"The main Medical Administration of Moscow announces that at 1425 (1025 GMT), in Moscow Hospital Number One, the 25-year-old Omon officer injured during May Day incidents died," an announcer said, reading an official statement.

The Omon soldier, father of an 11-month-old baby girl, was the first person to die as a result of the fighting and the first to be killed in a political clash in Moscow since three young men were shot by troops during a failed 1991 coup.

President Yeltsin pledged Tuesday to punish the organisers of the bloody May Day riot and said he would attempt to prevent further violence.

"We know the May Day events in the capital caused anguish across the land," Mr. Yeltsin said in a statement carried on Russian and Commonwealth Television. "The inspirers, inciters and executors of the provocation will be identified and punished under Russian law."

Hardliners have threatened further violence in an effort to undermine the political boost Mr. Yeltsin received upon winning the referendum on his leadership and his policies.

### 4 police killed in S. Africa ambush

SOWETO, South Africa (AP) — Four black police officers were killed and five wounded Wednesday when their truck was ambushed by gunmen in Soweto, the black township outside Johannesburg.

A man claiming to be from a radical black group telephoned the South African Press Association later Wednesday and claimed responsibility for the ambush, one of several violent incidents in the Johannesburg re-

Students protesting mandatory exam fees began protesting in many areas Tuesday, which apparently sparked several confrontations Wednesday.

The truck, taking more than 20 black police officers to their posts in Soweto, stopped at a traffic light and was surrounded by gunmen who opened fire with AK-47 assault rifles, police Maj. Herman Oosthuysen said. Three policemen and a police woman were killed.

"We found at least 30 AK-47 cartridges at the scene," said Oosthuysen. "There was a lot of shooting."

Police immediately launched a ground and air search in Soweto, a sprawling city with some three million black residents.

A caller claiming to represent the Azanian People's Liberation Army (APLA) and identifying himself as Comrade Kaboko said five APLA members carried out the attack. He warned of more ambushes "until the land is res-

of the Pan African Congress, a black nationalist group that considers police a prime target in its armed struggle against President F.W. De Klerk's white govern-

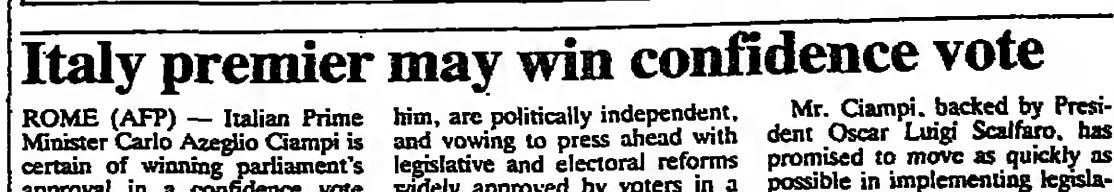
tored to us."

state bordering Burma with no previous history of the religious strife that has plagued other parts of India.

Manipur police spokesman R. Sanayam Singh, in another telephone interview, said 117 bodies had been recovered after the

Another 67 people had been reported missing, but may be among 2,500 people made homeless and sheltering in seven makeshift refugee camps and centres, he added.

were sent into Manipur late Tuesday and deployed in the violencetom areas overnight. "We have deployed troops in



ROME (AFP) — Italian Prime Minister Carlo Azeglio Ciampi is certain of winning parliament's approval in a confidence vote after completing the formation of his new politically-independent

SANTIAGO FLOODS: This aerial view

shows houses flooded up to roof level in a suburb

south of Santingo Tuesday one day after torrential

rains triggered flooding and mudslides killing at

government The posts of environment minister, finance minister, universities minister and minister for relations with parliament were left open last Thursday when three former Communists and a Green Party member resigned in protest of a parliament vote sparing former Premier Bettino Craxi

from facing corruption charges. The resignations, within hours of the new 24-member government being sworn in, were widely seen as a severe blow to the new administration of Mr. Ciampi. the former Central Bank governor who took over from Giuliano Andreotti to head Italy's 52nd post-war government. But Mr. Ciampi moved quickly

in naming replacements who, fike

legislative and electoral reforms widely approved by voters in a referendum last month. In a statement issued Tuesday

he named Socialist Valdo Spini, previous European affairs minister, as new environment minister to replace Francesco Rutelli, who resigned after becoming the Italian Greens' first minister.

The new finance minister was named as Franco Gallo, a professor of financial law, to replace Vincenzo Visco, of the Democratic Party of the Left (PDS), or former Communists.

The post of universities minister went to Umberto Colombo, replacing Luigi Berlinguer, also of the PDS, while Livio Paladin was appointed new European affairs to replace Spini.

The appointments were seen as reinforcing the independence of the new government from its five-party backers.

tive reforms that call for replacing Italy's proportional voting system that has allowed parties to fill parliamentary seats according to their share of the tally. His attitude is expected to win him parliamentary approval charing a confidence vote Thursday or Fri-

least 15 people and injuring over 80. Local

officials report that 1,200 people have been taken

to shelters after their homes were destroyed (AFP

day despite announcements by several parties that they will abstain from voting. The PDS has told its 107 deputies to abstain or vote against

Mr. Ciampi but several members of the party said they expect the majority of PDS deputies to abstain from the vote. The Republican Party's 27 deputies are expected to equally

vote in favour or abstain. Umberto Bossi, the head of the federalist Lombard League, said his party's 55 deputies would abstain from the vote.

### Army quells carnage in Indian state

GUWAHATI (R) — Indian troops sent into the remote state of Manipur Wednesday appear to have haited unprecedented Hindu-Muslim violence in which more than 100 people died, police and officials said.

But they said the situation remained very tense after two days of carnage and a round-the-clock curfew, lifted for two hours to allow people to buy food, was

reimposed immediately. "We're tak" Tension is Alfred Lic Manipur, a ...

chances. inef of theastern

Most of the victims were Muslims, hacked or burned to death.

Rioters also torched nearly 90 vehicles. Private and public bus and transport operators kept their vehicles off Manipur's two main highways, one of them the Burma Road of World War II

Major General Apurba Sengupta said some 2,000 soldiers

all sensitive areas in Manipur and hope to bring the situation under control with the day," Gen. Sengupta told Reuters.

### Three of violence loom on eve of Premadasa funeral

COLOMBO (R) — Thousands of Sri Lankan Tamils have fied Colombo since the assassination of President Ranasinghe Premadasa which police blamed on Tamil rebels, witnesses said Wednes-

"Groups of Tamils are arriving here fearing a backlash by the majority Sinhalese," one resident said by telephone from the northem town of Vavuniva.

He said at least 3,000 Tamils had left Colombo and arrived in Vavuniya, where there is a large Tamil population.

Residents said most of the Tamils fleeing the capital were from Gunasinghapura, Kehelwatte and Pettah, districts close to Mr. Premadasa's residence. An army battalion had moved

The APLA is the military wing into the area around the residence to tighten security, military sources said.

The Tamils had been arriving in large numbers in the past few days, mostly by train, residents said. Vavuniya is the last armycontrolled town in the north. Beyond that the Liberation Tigers of Tamil Eelam, fighting for separate state for minority Tamils, control much of the land. Police said they had detained

30 Tamils overnight in swoops on a tourist hotel and other parts of Wellawatte, a Colombo suburb where there is a large concentration of Tamil residents. They were taken in for ques-

tioning in connection with the assassination, which police blame on the Tigers. The Tigers have denied links

with the suicide bomber who killed Premadasa and 23 others in a May Day parade Saturday. A Colombo police officer said they had information that some Sinhalese groups, from an area near Mr. Premadasa's private residence, were planning to attack Tamil property after Mr. Pre-

madasa's funeral Thursday. "If this happens, it could spread to riots similar to what happened in July 1983," he said.

More than 500 Tamils died in communal riots in July 1983 after 13 Sinhalese soldiers were killed by rebels.

Acting President Dingiri Banda Wijetunga has assured Tamil politicians that their community would be fully protected. "We will not allow that (riots) to happen. Security will be inten-

sified," he said. Security officials have also promised tight security for foreign representatives attending Mr. Premadasa's funeral.

The queen of Bhutan, Ashi Dorji Wangmo Wangchuk, was the first foreign guest to arrive in Colombo Wednesday. Among other dignitaries expected are U.S. Commerce secretary Ron Brown and former Japanese Prime Minister Toshiki Kaifu.

Bangladesh Prime Minister Begum Khaleda Zia, Pakistani Acting Prime Minister Balkh Sher Mazri and Indian Vice President K.R. Narayanan are also attending the state funeral.

### Final blows dealt in Allen, Farrow custody trial

Allen's lawyer accused her of manipulating her children in a hate-filled struggle against Allen, as the bitter child-custody trial drew to a close Tuesday.

Farrow's lawyer fired her final shots in the headline-grabbing battle by asking that Allen, 57, not be allowed to visit 7-year-old Dylan, whose childhood he "virtually destroyed". Allen and Farrow have been

battling for seven weeks for custody of Dylan, their adopted daughter; adopted son 1. loses, 15; biological son Satchel, 5. A ruling is expected from Justice Elliot Court in about a month: Allen's lawyer said Farrow, 48,

used her children as "pawns" while wielding "her unmitigated hatred of their father." Allen and Farrow never lived together but had been longtime : lovers and film-industry col-

The nasty legal tug of war kicked off when Farrow accused Allen of sexually molesting Dylan. Allen denied the charge

NEW YORK (AFP) — Actress and an independent team of sex-Mia Farrow cried as Woody molestation experts said Allen did not molest the girl. That was shortly after Farrow

found naked photographs of her adopted daughter, Soon-Yi Previn, 22, in Allen's flat in January, 1992. Allen subsequently admitted that he and Previn were lov-Allen's lawyer, Elkan Abramo-

witz, asked the judge to grant Allen half-time custody of the children, or unsupervised visitation rights. He said the sex-abuse charge

was concocted out of jealousy over the relationship between 'Allen and Previn. He quoted Wilk of the New York Supreme Farrow as telling Allen: "You took my daughter and I'm going to take yours."

Farrow's lawyer, Eleanor Alter, asked the judge to deny Allen visits with Dylan, at least at present. She asked that Satchel continue visiting Allen twice a week under supervision and said Moses is "old enough, intelligent enough and strong enough to make decisions for himself."

Although a team of Connecti-

cut sex-abuse experts had cleared

filmmaker Woody Allen Allen, Ms. Alter cited their report that Allen had an "overly intense, inappropriate relationship with Dylan, with sexual overtones".

The naked photographs he had of Previn showed "a contempt for Soon-Yi and a contempt for



Actress Mia Farrow (right) leaves the courthouse Twesday at the close of the seven-week custody battle between her and former lover

women that is hard to accept," she said. Mr. Abramowitz said Farrow's

anger about Soon-Yi's relationship with her former lover She called Allen "amoral," a was understandable, but stressed "man who knows no boundthat "this was not a happy paradise that Mr. Allen invaded." He said Allen and Previn's

#### Hepburn remembered for her work for children

NEW YORK (AP) - Oscar: winning actress Audrey Hephum was remembered for her "beautiful spirit" and her work as a tireless advocate for the world's needy children. The memorial service for Ms. Hepburn, who died in January of cancer at age 63, was held by the New York Metropolitan Committee for UN-ICEF. Since 1985, she had worked for UNICEF as a goodwill ambassador. A poster-sized preture of a smiling Hepburn with the arms of an Ethiopian child wrapped around her neck was placed next to the altar of the Fifth Avenue church where the noontime service was held. "She knew from her own childhood that children can overcome ...difficulties ... if they get the help they so desperately need," said Hugh Downs, chairman of the U.S. Committee For UNICEF. As a child, Ms. Hepburn bad received help from the United Nation's Children Fund after surviving the last winter of World War II in Holland on a diet of mostly turnips. As a goodwill ambassador for the agency, she brought hope, help and attention to children in Ethiopia, Somalia and the Sudan.

#### **Cardboard** box homes for the homeless

ROTTERDAM, Netherlands (AP) — In what it calls a symbolie gesture, a housing cooperative is donating cardboard boxes to the city's 3,000 homeless people to make sure they have a roof over their heads. The Our Home Housing Association, a nonprofit association that builds government-subsidised housing projects, described the move as an "extremely limited alternative" aimed also at drawing attention to homelessness. "These people at the bottom of the societal ladder are slowly becoming a forgotten group," said association Director Gerard Theunis. "Nobody notices them anymore." The association will pick up the \$8 cost of each weatherresistant, mini-shelter. Police spokesman Ger De Jong called the project "socially correct" and said police will not bother the box dwellers as long as they do not become a public nuisance.

#### Hungry lion found in basement of home

DETROIT (AFP) — Roaring coming from the basement of a vacant house was shrugged off by neighbours as the sounds of dogs. but police officers called to investigate found a young, hungry lion. The officers found the lion and a staffer from a nearby wildlife shelter tranquilised the eightmonth-old, malnourished 68-kilo (150-pound) lion to the shelter. The male lion is expected to be placed in a zoo. Authorities were investigating whether the home's previous tenants left the animal or whether it appeared after the house had been vacated.

#### **Who killed Princess** Michael's cats?

LONDON (AP) - Never mind about Charles and Diana. Forget Fergie. The big royal story in Britain, as measured by the tabloid press, is who killed the cat? Princess Michael, glamorous wife of a cousin of the queen, is said to be distraught over the death of not one but two pampered pets. A marauding squirrel is the key suspect in the first death. A fox has been offered as the slightly more plausible culprit in the second case. This seemingly frivolous story has captured the attention of the British media, including some serious newspapers, for nearly two weeks. It contains elements of everything the British public likes best: Animals, the royal family, and a good whodunit.

#### \$1.2 million stolen in Japan carjacking

TOKYO (AP) - Only a week after \$1.6 million was stolen from a bank truck, three men attacked a station wagon in central Japan and escaped with a bag containing \$1.2 million, police said. The Aichi Prefectural Police Department said the three men, driving in two cars, chased the station wagon, driven by two employees of a company that sells Pachinko game prizes, and forced it to stop. One of the assailants smashed the windshield of the station wagon with an iron pipe and forced the two victims out, police said, adding that no one was injured in the attack. The robbers drove away in the station wagon and one of their cars, carrying the money. The station wagon and relationship was "voluntary, the two other cars were later found in separate locations.

. . .

#### Georgia Tuesday night. The incident at the Inguri plant, which supplies about 40 per cent of Georgia's electricity, plunged Tbilisi and other regions into darkness. Inguri is in the western Mingrelia region, a hotbed of support for ousted President Zviad Gamsakhurdia whose backers are fighting a low-level guerrilla war against the authorities. N. Korea, China sign border pact .TOKYO (AFP) --- North Korea said Wednesday it had signed an

accord with China on cooperation in river shipping on their common border, amid speculation abroad about possible strains in their ties. The Korean Central News Agency (KCNA), monitored here, said "an agreement of the 32nd meeting of the (North) Korea-China border river shipping cooperation committee" was signed in the North Korean border city of Sinuijiu Tuesday. The official news agency did not give details about the agreement. Both Pyongyang and Peking have denied foreign press reports last week that their bilateral relations were deteriorating and that North Korean border guards shot and killed some Chinese across the border. The Yalu River, known in North Korea as the Amrok River, and the Tumer River, flow on the North Korea-China border.

The second se